

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

Only the owner knows
how rugged the car
really is.

Its lightness and grace are
deceptive until you put it
to the test of hardest work
and roughest going.

MOTOR SALES CO.

Old Johnson & Hill Bldg. Grand Rapids, Wis.

Cash For Your Cream

Ship your Cream to us. We will
pay spot cash and top prices.

Consign to your next shipment. We guarantee
prompt return of cans.

DULUTH CREAMERY & PRODUCE CO.,
Duluth, Minnesota.

AN INVITATION

To Men, To Young Men, To All Men
TO COME TO
Cohen Bros. Dept. Store
Tomorrow, Friday, Aug. 24th, 1917

To see the magnificent line of fashionable Suitings, Overcoatings
and Raincoat fabrics at very reasonable prices shown by a representative of

KOHN BROS., CHICAGO, (Tailors That Satisfy)

This gentleman will be here all day tomorrow, Friday, August
24th, 1917, and will show you the largest, best and cheapest line of
samples of Men's and Young Men's clothing ever shown in this city.
He will take your measure and make your suit or overcoat to order
and guarantee a perfect fit or you don't have to take the suit or over-
coat.

If interested come tomorrow and select your Fall and Winter
clothing.

Cohen Bros. Dept. Store

The Store That Saves You Money

SPECIAL SALE

Waists and Middies

One special lot of waists, values up to
Special at \$1.32

Waists and Middies, entire stock, not in above lot,
at 20 Per Cent off

All Dress and Wash Skirts at 20 Per Cent Off
School Dresses and Dress Goods! We advise
buying now. It's wise economy.

Hair Ribbons Special at 25 and 15c

W. C. Weisel

RUC CROSS ACTIVITIES

The first shipment of hospital supplies is being sent this week from the Grand Rapids chapter of the American Red Cross to the headquarters in Chicago.

From there the box is repacked and shipped to point authorized by the Central Division. The box sent out contains 6726 articles, made entirely by the local chapter and consists of 140 dozen 9x9 compresses, 224 dozen 4x4 compresses, 128 dozen sponges, 40 dozen 2x2 sponges, 23 dozen 1-yard rolls, 42 dozen 3-yard rolls, one-half dozen laparotomy pads, one-half dozen 12x12 laparotomy pads.

Branches are established in Vesper and in Pittsville and in both places the women are working in wonderful spirit. Nekoua and Port Edward will be ready for active work by September 1.

The committee under the direction of Mrs. W. Ellis has articles cut and ready to be made by women who can work at home. These are machine made garments and comprise operating goggles, operating cap and helmet, operating gowns, men's bed shirts, bed socks and convalescent robes. These are made of muslin and Canton flannel and the committee is in need of workers who will take these garments to finish.

In addition a committee consisting of Mrs. Geo. Williams and Mrs. J. D. Arpla will give instructions in knitting. We must make up to the needs of our fighting men during the winter.

We are asked for 1,000,000 sweaters, and for wristlets, socks and handkerchiefs. Yarn is furnished from the knitting of the simplest. Instructions will be given. Anyone can do it who can knit and it is necessary that we sacrifice time and energy.

More workers are needed in the work rooms in the Elks building. The room is pleasant and the work is inspiring. Come and do your share.

AUTO DRIVERS IN COURT

Fred Ragan was arrested on Wednesday charged with driving his automobile faster than the law allows. He pleaded not guilty to the charge and the case was adjourned for one week. There was also a charge against him for operating his machine without a license.

W. P. Nollner was also arrested for driving about the city in a reckless manner and was found not guilty.

Lieut. Cable Krause of Marshfield spent a couple of days in this city last week visiting with friends. Mr. Krause is one of the graduates from the Officers Reserve camp and expects to leave for Battle Creek in the near future.

THE HOUSEWIVES' DEMONSTRATION WEEK

The public demonstration work in canning and drying of vegetables which will take place next week, August 27-31, inclusive, is only a further extension of the work that has been carried on both publicly and privately all thru the summer. The Council of Defense has been anxious that special effort be brought to bear throughout this county upon the necessity of preserving any surplus of vegetables for winter use, so they naturally turn to the housewives for ways and means.

Mrs. S. C. Corey, who has been conducting the canning demonstrations at the Marshfield Fair this week has kindly complied with the request of the committee on Food Conservation, to offer her services in demonstrating the "cold pack" method in this city also. Mrs. Corey claims no distinction whatever as a cook but is patriotic enough to want to help those who do not already understand this method of preserving food, as well as those who may have no experience with it. She plans to offer suggestions not only from her own experience for the past three years, but from certain government bulletins recently issued.

Why not have these demonstrations held "together affairs" and also you may know as much about canning as the demonstrators do, come at any rate and help how you can. This is Grand Avenue of opportunity. You may have something you want. It's up to the housewives of this city to do their "bit" and this is Grand Avenue of opportunity. DON'T MISS THE DEMONSTRATION in your locality!

CARNIVALS IN DISREPUTE

Just a few of our citizens were inclined to frown upon the fact that the city council at a recent meeting refused to grant a license to a carnival company that wanted to show in this city. It is interesting to note that the members of the council were a lot of superannuated kill-joys who never wanted anything to happen in town that was calculated to wake the old law. However, they are not the only ones who have discovered that the carnival is not what it was once thought to be.

Many cities all over the country have found to the fact that the carnival is of no value to the community, and the state council of defense is advising the barring of carnivals. While there is no war on healthy amusement, it is pretty hard to imagine anything of this kind traveling with the average carnival. Their entertainments are neither educational nor morally elevating, and at a time when economy is being preached by all, it is better to let the lot of bums and fourth class actors that generally follow this profession go to work at some useful employment rather than to prey upon the public.

TO HELP THE NEGRO

Rev. J. W. McDaniell, field agent for the Enterprise Institute of Chicago, a trades school for the education of the negro, is in the city this week soliciting aid for his institution. The Enterprise Institute is doing for the negro what other places of the kind are doing for white boys all over the country, but like many other educational institutions of the kind, it is necessary to have outside help in order to keep it in operation.

FORESTER PICNIC

The Catholic Order of Foresters and their wives and friends will hold a picnic at the Elks club house on Friday on Thursday, on which occasion there will be chicken and other features of an attractive character. Oliver Truett and Norma Smith have been appointed to cook for the occasion which insures a delectable spread.

AT THE MARSHFIELD FAIR

About 75 tickets were sold over the Soo Line this morning to people going to the Marshfield fair, besides which a number drove up in cars. Had it not been for the threatening aspect of the weather it is entirely probable that a much larger number would have gone up.

HAS A NEW MANAGER

The Relland Packing Company has a new manager in the person of C. R. Thelma, who comes here from Houston, Texas. Mr. Thelma is reported to be a man of wide experience in the business, having been with several successful concerns in different parts of the country.

Mrs. B. M. Vaughan, who recently underwent an operation at Vesper hospital, was so far recovered that she was removed to her home Wednesday.

William and Emmett Corcoran of Duluth, Minnesota, and sister, Mrs. Ambrose Sweeney of Indianapolis, Indiana, are visiting at the home of their father, Wm. Corcoran.

Mrs. Louis Lele was pleasantly surprised on Wednesday afternoon by a number of her friends and neighbors, the occasion being her birthday. A very pleasant afternoon was spent by all present. Light refreshments were served.

HELEN M. GILKEY

TEACHER OF PIANO

Phone 90

Residence 210, South 4th Street

SCHWEBKE WRITES

FROM PARIS ISLAND

"Steve" Schwabke, who is well known in this city, and who for some time past has been a member of the marines and located on Paris Island writes the following under date of August 12th:

Drumb & Sutor,
Grand Rapids, Wis.
Gentlemen:

Thinking it would interest you to know what the life of a marine is, or rather a marine recruit, will give you a brief history of our stay on the island so far.

Walter Stamm and myself left St. Paul Saturday 20th with 60 other boys from Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas, in two special Pullmans via Soo Line for Chicago, where we were transferred onto the Monon route and sent to Louisville, Kentucky; from there via the L. & N. to Atlanta and Augusta, Georgia. Here we left our Pullman home and traveled via an easy-going S. C. R. to Port Island, where we took ship for the island.

Our first week was spent at the quarantine camp, where we had our final examination and the first steps of becoming a marine. Our next step was to go to the maneuver grounds, a seven-mile hike, carrying all our belongings, bedding included. It was the longest seven miles we ever saw. It was not asking to be excused, it was scorching our feet right thru our shoes.

At this camp we lived in tents—three of us to a tent. There were about 500 tents in all. We were put at 5 m. drill from 5:30 to 7:30; then at 7:30 to 9:30 to 11:30. Afternoon were spent washing clothes and cleaning up in general.

Chow again at 6 p. m. after which we drilled until 7:30, then go for a plunge in the Atlantic. After spending ten days at the maneuver grounds, we marched to the new barracks, at which place we now are and find more home-like than the other camps. We have good water here, also good food, and best of all, shower baths, and in a short time will have electric lights and Y. M. C. A.

One thing about our camp here, we are not troubled with women or visitors, as we never get to see anyone but marines. Get our mail every evening, and there sure is a happy bunch of fellows who are about "mail," especially some of our Minnesota friends when someone is thoughtful enough to send them some snuff.

Well I must fall in for now, now so will close with regards to all Grand Rapids friends.

Sincerely,
Steve Schwabke,
5th Co. U. S. Marines,
Paris Island, S. C.

WRECK ON NORTHWESTERN

A bad freight wreck took place on the Northwestern near Bancroft Thursday afternoon at 6 o'clock. The wreck was caused by a car out of 11 cars of the through freight to leave the track. Some tipped over and went down the embankment, which fortunately is not high at that place. The track was torn up for many rods. The cars which went down the embankment were damaged, but can be repaired. The engine and caboose remained on the track.

The Pond du Lac wrecker, which was quickly brought up, was not large enough for the work, so it was necessary to call one from Milwaukee. The crews worked all night, and until noon Friday to get the track cleaned and passable.

Hundreds of people were out to witness the novel sight. It was especially interesting to see the wreck being towed up a carload of coal, weighing 50 tons, back on the track without losing any of the coal.

SEARIS-DUCKERT

Miss Beulah Searis and Lieut. Henry Duckert were married last Friday morning at St. Peter and Paul church, Rev. Wm. Reding officiating. They were accompanied by Miss Fern Searis, sister of the bride, and George Gough of Chicago. The young people left the home for morning for Green Bay and other points where they will spend their honeymoon.

The bride is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Searis of this city, a young lady who was born and raised here, and who for a number of years past has been engaged in teaching in our public schools. The groom is a lawyer in profession, having been employed in the office of D. D. Conway for some years past, but was recently appointed a second lieutenant at the Officers Reserve camp at Fort Sheridan. Both of the young people are well and favorably known here and the Tribune unites with their many friends in extending the heartiest of congratulations.

BOARD OF REVIEW

The Board of Review of the city of Grand Rapids is now in session at the city hall. Complaint has been filed against the city taxes. Jos. Wheeler, City Clerk.

RELIGIOUS CONVENTIONS

BAR HIM FROM ARMS

Stevens Point Journal: Emil Bonjamia Rossier, son of E. H. Rossier, proprietor of the Springfield mill, is the only person in Portage county who pleads his religious convictions as a bar to military service.

Among those excused by the conscription law from bearing arms is "a person who was a member of a well-recognized religious sect or organization, organized and existing May 15, 1917, whose then existing creed or principles forbade its members to participate in war in any form and whose religious convictions, a reasonable man of common sense, would in accordance with the creed or principles of said well-organized religious sect or organization."

Rossier, who is 21 years of age, passed his physical examination at West Point, being found in perfect condition. In applying for exemption he pointed out that he is a member of the Seventh Day Adventist church, which the Quakers insist that the members shall not bear arms. Under the law this is an absolute exemption, and neither local nor district board has authority to force him to fight if he is found to be legally a member of this religious denomination.

He is not, however, excused from service in behalf of the United States in war, and does not ask to be excused. His mother made the following statement to the Journal: "Our son cannot conscientiously bear arms, but he is allowed, and he is entirely willing, to give his time to the service of his country. He is ready to go whenever the government wants him."

ARE AGAINST THE WEED

Some of our exchanges are putting up a protest against the "tobacco clubs" that are being formed throughout the country, the object of which is to send tobacco to the boys who are in the army and win some be at the front giving their lives for their country. They argue that tobacco is a bad thing in any form when used by the human race, and that its use should not be encouraged among the soldiers, as they will need all the vitality they have in doing the fighting and other strenuous stunts that are set out for them.

All of this may be true to a certain extent, for we firmly believe that the use of tobacco was never a benefit to anybody, either young or old, and we are in favor of trying to leave the "filthy weed" alone and never contract the tobacco habit.

However, it is probable that a large number of those belonging to the tobacco clubs are already contracted, and they would be better off without it, at the same time their system craves it and in order to be contented they will need some of the weed. If they were at home enjoying the same benefits of this weed, they could have the tobacco and welcome, and nobody need pay any particular attention to them. It seems to us that when they are at the front fighting for their country, protecting these same fellows who want to deprive them of their home comforts, that they should be accorded the same privilege as the guy who had possibly contracted matrimony a few months before the war broke out, or the fellow who was a switchman at Albert Lea, and was not drafted on that account.

Tobacco may be a bad thing, but we do not believe in denying it to the fellow who has said enough to should a musket and march to the front in defense of his country.

URGENT NEEDS IN NAVY YARDS

Brooklyn, N. Y.
4 Shipwrights.....\$3.04 \$4.69
Charleston, S. C.
1 Anglemith..... 3.28 4.00
6 Boatbuilders..... 3.04 4.00
5 Chippers and talkers..... 3.00 4.00
1 Galvanizer..... 3.04 4.00
4 Shipfitters..... 2.96 4.24
8 Shipwrights..... 2.60 4.00
Norfolk, Virginia.
10 Shipbuilders..... 2.12 4.24
18 Shipbuilders..... 2.64 4.09
37 Shipfitters..... 2.96 4.48
18 Shipbuilders (blacksmiths)..... 3.04 4.21
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
7 Boiler-makers..... 3.28 4.24
22 Copper-smiths..... 1.28 1.24
12 Drifters..... 2.48 3.04
6 Holders-on..... 2.00 2.87
26 Painters helpers..... 2.00 2.87
2 Rivet heaters..... 2.00 1.68
5 Scaffolders..... 3.04 4.00
4 Sheet metal workers..... 2.00 2.48
5 Shipbuilders..... 3.28 4.24
7 Shipbuilders (blacksmiths)..... 2.28 4.24
39 Shipwrights helpers..... 2.00 4.48
Portsmouth, N. H.
3 Anglemiths..... 3.28 4.24
7 Boatbuilders..... 3.12 4.00
W 3 Boiler-makers (blacksmiths)..... 3.20 4.00
6 Shipfitters..... 3.28 4.32
Pages Molders..... 3.04 4.00
100 General helpers..... 2.00 2.87
Washington, D. C.
2 Canvas workers..... 2.88 3.50
2 Washers, all round..... 3.50 4.00

MUST FURNISH DRINKING CUPS

Attorney General Owen is fully determined that the railroads of the state shall comply with the law requiring the furnishing of free drinking cups on trains. When the matter was brought to the attention of the officials that free cups were not being furnished, the reply was made that Wisconsin was the only state in the union that required free drinking cups, that all other states permitted the use of a penny in the slot to obtain a cup and that in Wisconsin the sign that the cups may be obtained from the brakeman is a substantial compliance with the law. Attorney General Owen holds to the contrary, and intends to prosecute unless the new law is complied with.

Scandinavian Moravian Church

Sunday school at 9:30 with English preaching service at 10:30 a. m. next Sunday. On the Sunday following, September 2nd, the service will be in the Scandinavian language, and at the close of the Scandinavian service on Sept. 2nd there will be a church council to elect a delegate for the District Synod.

Rudolph Church
Sunday school at 1:30 p. m. followed by a special children's day service. The children will render a program of song, recitations and dialogues. All are cordially invited.

There will be divine service in the Birn club house at 7:30 p. m. on Sunday, August 26.

Rev. Theodore Rehnke, Pastor.

Miss Agnes Holm departed today for a visit with her sister at Detroit, Michigan.

TEACHERS ENGAGED

FOR COMING YEAR

The following list of teachers for the coming year has been supplied to the Tribune by Prof. C. W. Schwede:

Howe School
Inez Reibel, Principal, 7A and 7B.
Loretta Benson, Assistant, 7A and 7B.
Eliza Monkenberry, 6A and 6B.
Mabelle A. Rowland, 6B and 6A.
Stella Emmmons, 5B.
Glenn Mueller, 4A and 4B.
Gola Emmmons, Assistant, 4A and 4B.
Daisy H. Dell, 3A and 3B.
Elizabeth Gault, 2A.
Esher Gill, 2B.
Ruth Kicher, 1A and 1B.

Irving School
Laura Reeves, Principal, 4B and 3B.
Grace Morgan, 2A and 2B.
Jeanette Houseman, 1A and 1B.

Lowell School
Ida Hayward, Principal, 7A and 7B.
Moll Ostrum, Assistant.
Maude Griffith, 6A and 6B.
Gladys Phelps, 5A and 5B.
Hanna Hamilton, 5B.
Irma Ingram, 3A and 3B.
Frances Hector, 2B and 1B.

Emerson School
Ruth Emmmons, Principal, 4A and 4B.
Mildred Papenfuss, 3A and 3B.
Lulu Campbell, 2A and 2B.
Belle Wetman, 1A and 1B.

Harriet B. Dyer, Principal, 4B, 3B, 1B and 2B.
Lillian Hopman, 2A and 2B.
Mae Morrissey, 1A and 1B.

Kindergartens
Belle Quinn, Director, east side.
Florence Lynn, Assistant, east side.
Constance V. Harter, Director, west side.
Ruth Horton, Assistant, west side.

High School and Eighth Grades
H. F. Kell, principal; assistant, academic departments, B. W. Wells, Myrtle G. Killo, W. A. Baldauf, Emma Rogers, Emma Hayward, Rachel Macomber, Ellen Deberry, Cornelia Karow, Martha Murray, Wilfred Galt, Wm. C. Cranston, Alice S. Adams, E. Nady Rost, Emma E. Hall, Norma Woodhouse.

Special subjects: Cyril J. Galt, Eugene A. Stuchanow, Emma Huston, Purlo F. Lantz, Grace M. Schwartzkopf, Marion Jackson, Harold G. Olson.

Continuation School
F. L. Hayward, Mrs. Eva V. Jeffers, Principal.
C. W. Schwede, superintendent of schools.
Mabel E. Lynn, assistant in typewriting.
Helen Johnson, clerk.

KIRKLAND-ENGLISH
Miss Anna Kirkland of this city, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Kirkland, and Harry English of Albert Lea, Minnesota, were married on Saturday last at Albert Lea. Rev. Edward Sorensen officiating.

The bride, who was born and reared in this city, has for some time past been employed as bookkeeper in the Woolworth store at Cedar Falls, Iowa, while the groom is employed as switchman at Albert Lea, and was not drafted on that account.

Tobacco may be a bad thing, but we do not believe in denying it to the fellow who has said enough to should a musket and march to the front in defense of his country.

However, it is probable that a large number of those belonging to the tobacco clubs are already contracted, and they would be better off without it, at the same time their system craves it and in order to be contented they will need some of the weed. If they were at home enjoying the same benefits of this weed, they could have the tobacco and welcome, and nobody need pay any particular attention to them. It seems to us that when they are at the front fighting for their country, protecting these same fellows who want to deprive them of their home comforts, that they should be accorded the same privilege as the guy who had possibly contracted matrimony a few months before the war broke out, or the fellow who was a switchman at Albert Lea, and was not drafted on that account.

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1. *Phragmites* spp. (Poaceae) (100%)

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, August 23, 1917

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers

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tember 1.The committee under the direction
of Mrs. E. W. Ellis have articles out
and ready to be made by women who
can work at home. These are: mus-
lin made garments and comprise
operating leggings, operating cap
and helmet, operating gowns, men's bed
shirts, bed socks and convalescent
robes. There are also 42 dozen muslin
and cotton flannel and the committee is
in need of workers who will take
these out garments to finish.In addition the committee consisting
of Mrs. Geo. Williams and Mrs. J. E.
Arpin will give instructions in knit-
ting. We must wake up to the needs
of our fighting men during the win-
ter.We are asked for 1,000,000 sweet-
eners, and for wristlets, socks and lin-
ens. Yarn is furnished free, the in-
structions will be given. Anyone can do
it who can knit and it is necessary
that we sacrifice time and energy for
these ends. More workers are needed
in the work rooms in the Elks build-
ing. The room is pleasant and the
work is inspiring. Come and do your
share.

AUTO DRIVERS IN COURT

Fred Ragan was arrested on Wed-
nesday charged with driving his auto-
mobile faster than the law allows.
He pleaded not guilty to the charge and
the case was adjourned for one week.
There was also a charge against him
for operating his machine without a
license.W. F. Nolte was also arrested for
driving about in a reckless man-
ner and was found not guilty.Lieut. Cabbie Krause of Marshfield
spent a couple of days in this city
the past week visiting with friends.
Mr. Krause is one of the graduates
from the Officers Reserve camp and
expects to leave for Battle Creek in
the near future.

THE HOUSEWIVES' DEMONSTRATION WEEK

The public demonstration work in
canning and drying of vegetables
which will be the service next week,
August 27-31, inclusive, is only a
further extension of the work that
has been carried on both publicly and
privately all thru the summer. The
Council of Defense has been anxious
that special effort be brought to bear
thru this county upon the neces-
sity of preserving any surplus of veg-
etables for winter use, so they natu-
rally turn to the housewives for ways
and means.Mrs. S. G. Corey, who has been
conducting the canning demonstra-
tions at the Marshfield Fair this week
has kindly complied with the request
of the committee on Food Conserva-
tion to offer her service in demon-
strating the "cold pack" method in
this city also. Mrs. Corey claims no
distinction whatever as a cook but by
those who do not already understand
this method of preserving food, as
well as those who may have tried it,
had some difficulties. The plans to
offer experience for the past three
years, but from certain government
bulletins recently issued.

CARNIVALS IN DISREPUTE

Just a few of our citizens were in-
clined to the fact that the coun-
cil of defense at a recent meeting
refused to grant a license to a car-
nival company that wanted to show in
this city, insinuating that the coun-
cil of defense was a lot of
superannuated kill-joys who never
wanted anything to happen in town
that was calculated to draw the
town up. However, they are not the
only ones who have discovered that
the carnival is not what it was once
thought to be.Many cities all over the country
have awakened to the fact that the
carnival is of no value to the com-
munity, and the state council of de-
fense is advising the banning of car-
nivals. While this is a war on
valuable amusement, it is pretty hard
to imagine anything of this kind
traveling with the average carnival.
Their entertainments are neither edu-
cational nor morally elevating, and
at a time when economy is being
preached by all, it is better to let
only those who are of the highest
caliber go to work at some useful em-
ployment rather than to prey upon the
public.

TO HELP THE NEGRO

Rev. J. W. McDaniel, field agent
for the Enterprise school for the edu-
cation of the negro, is in the city this
week soliciting aid for his institution.
The Enterprise Institute is one of the
kind of negro who are doing for white boys all
over the country, but like many other
educational institutions of the kind,
it is necessary to keep it in operation.

FORESTER PICNIC

The Catholic Order of Foresters
and their wives and friends will hold
a picnic at the Hirz club house up
river on Thursday, on which occasion
there will be a "chicken" chowder and
other features of an attractive char-
acter. Oliver Trudell and Herman
Smith have been appointed as chief
cooks for the occasion which insures
a delectable spread.

AT THE MARSHFIELD FAIR

About 75 tickets were sold over the
Soo Line this morning to people going
to the Marshfield fair, besides which
a number drove up in cars. Had it
not been for the threatening aspect
of the weather it is entirely probable
that a much larger number would
have come up.

HAS A NEW MANAGER

The Retail Packing Company has
a new manager in the person of C. E.
Thelan, who comes here from Hous-
ton, Texas. Mr. Thelan is reported to
be a man of wide experience in the
business, having been with several
successful concerns in different parts
of the country.Mrs. B. M. Vaughan, who recently
underwent an operation at River-
view hospital, was so far recovered
that she was removed to her home
Wednesday.William and Emmett Corcoran of
Duluth, Minnesota, and sister, Mrs.
Ambrose Sweeney of Indianapolis,
Indiana, are visiting at the home of
their father, Wm. Corcoran.Mrs. Louis Ue was pleasantly sur-
prised on Wednesday afternoon by a
number of her friends and neighbors,
the occasion being her birthday. A
very pleasant afternoon was spent by
all present. Light refreshments were
served.

HELEN M. GILKEY

TEACHER OF PIANO
Phone 90
Residence 210, South 4th StreetSCHWEBKE WRITES
FROM PARIS ISLAND"Steve" Schwebke, who is well
known in this city and who for some
time past has been a member of the
marines and located on Paris Island
writes the following under date of
August 12th:
Paris Island, S. C.
August 12, 1917.Drumb & Sutor, Grand Rapids, Wis.
Gentlemen:Thinking it would interest you to
know what the life of a marine is, or
rather a marine recruit, will give you
a brief history of our stay on the
island so far.
Walter Stamm and myself left St.
Paul July 26, with 60 other boys
from Wisconsin, Minnesota and the
Dakotas, in two special Pullmans via
St. Louis for Chicago, where we were
transferred to the Marine Barracks,
and sent to Louisville, Kentucky;
from there via the L. & N. to Atlanta
and Augusta, Georgia. Here we left
our Pullman home and traveled via
an easy-going S. C. R. R. to Port
Royal where we took ship for the
island.Our first week was spent at the
quarantine camp, where we had our
first bath and the first steps of
becoming a marine. Our next stop
was a march to the man-of-war
grounds, a seven-mile hike, carried out
in the morning, bedding included.
It sure was the longest seven miles
we ever saw. It was so hot the sand
nearly scorched our feet right thru
our shoes.At this camp we lived in tents—
three of us to a tent. There were
about 600 tents in the camp. We
were up at 5 a. m. drill from 5:30
to 7; chop at 7; drill again 7:30 to
noon. Afternoons are spent washing
clothes and cleaning up in general.
Chow again at 2 p. m. after which we
go to the barracks for a plunge in
the Atlantic. After spending ten
days at the man-of-war grounds, we
were sent to the new barracks, where
we have home-like than the other camps.
We have good water here, also good
meals, and best of all, shower baths,
and in a short time will have electric
lights and Y. M. C. A.At this camp we are drilled with
the rifle and get our range practice.
We have certain rules to keep us busy
building roads and helping with some
of the building.We expect to spend about six weeks
at this camp, then go to some port
in West Virginia for further training
before sailing.
One thing about our camp here, we
are not allowed to wear hats or vis-
ors, we never get to see anyone
but marines. Get our mail every
evening, and there sure is a happy
bunch of fellows who are doing their
best, especially some of our Min-
nesota friends when someone is
thoughtful enough to send them
some snuff.We must fall in for chow now,
so will close with regards to all
Grand Rapids friends.
Sincerely,
Steve Schwebke,
5th Co. U. S. Marines,
Paris Island, S. C.

WRECK ON NORTHWESTERN

A bad freight wreck took place on
the Northwestern near Bancroft
Thursday afternoon at 6 o'clock.
The rails spread, causing nine out
of 11 cars of the through freight to
go down the embankment, which
fortunately is not high at that
point. The track was torn up for
many rods. The cars which went
down the embankment were dam-
aged, but can be repaired. The en-
gine and caboose remained on the
track. Nobody was hurt.The "Grand du Lac" wrecker, which
was quickly brought up, was not
large enough for the work, so it was
necessary to call on one of the
wayside crew to get the track cleared
and passable.
Hundreds of people were out to
watch the wreck. It was espe-
cially interesting to see the wreck
being put up a carload of coal,
weighing 50 tons, back on the track
without losing any of the coal.

SEARLS-DUCKERT

Miss Beulah Searls and Lieut.
Henry Duckert were married last Fri-
day morning at 88, Peter and Paul
church, Rev. Wm. Reding officiating.
They were accompanied by Miss Fern
Searls, sister of the bride, and George
Goggins of Clinton. The young
people left the home morning for
Green Bay and other points where
they will spend their honeymoon.
The bride is the youngest daughter of
Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Searls of this city,
a young lady who was born and
raised here, and who for a number of
years past has been engaged in teach-
ing in our public schools. The groom
is a lawyer by profession, having been
employed in the office of D. D. Con-
way for some years past, but was re-
cently appointed a second lieutenant
in the Officers Reserve camp at Fort
Sheridan. Both of the young people
are well and favorably known here
and the Tribune unites with their
many friends in extending the heart-
iest of congratulations.

BOARD OF REVIEW

The Board of Review of the city
of Grand Rapids is now in session at
the west side city hall, where they
will hear all objections relating to
the city taxes.
Jos. Wheeler,
City Clerk.RELIGIOUS CONVICTIONS
BAR HIM FROM ARMSStevens Point Journal: Emil Ben-
jamin Rossier, son of E. H. Rossier,
proprietor of the Springfield mill, is
the only person in Portage county
who pleads his religious convictions
as a bar to military service.Among those excused by the con-
scription law from bearing arms is "a
person who was a member of a well-
recognized religious sect or organiza-
tion, organized and existing May 18,
1917, whose tenet existing creed or
principles forbade its members to
participate in war in any form and
whose religious convictions are a
bar to participation therein."
Rossier, who is 21 years of age,
passed his physical examination Wed-
nesday, being found in perfect con-
dition. In applying for exemption he
pointed out that he is a member of
the Seventh Day Adventist church,
which like the Quakers insists that
its members shall not bear arms.
Under the law this is an absolute ex-
emption, and neither local nor dis-
trict board has authority to force him
to fight if he is found to be legally a
member of this religious denomination.He is not, however, excused from
service in behalf of the United States
in war, and does not ask to be ex-
cused. His mother made the follow-
ing statement to the Journal: "Our
son cannot conscientiously bear arms,
but he is allowed, and he is entirely
willing, to give his time to other
service. He is not asking to be ex-
cused, he is ready to go whenever the gov-
ernment wants him."

ARE AGAINST THE WEED

Some of our exchanges are putting
up a protest against the "tobacco
clubs" that are being formed thru-
out the country, the object of which is
to send tobacco to the boys who are
in the army and win soon be at the
front giving their lives for their
country. The tobacco clubs are con-
sidered by the human race, and that its
use should be discouraged among the
soldiers, as they will need all the
strength they have in doing the fight-
ing and other strenuous stunts that
are cut out for them.All of this may be true to a cer-
tain extent, for we firmly believe
that the use of tobacco was never a
benefit to anybody, either young or
old, and our advice to young men
is to leave the "tobacco" alone and
never contract the tobacco habit.However, it is probable that a large
number of those belonging to the
clubs have already contracted the
habit of using tobacco, and while
it would be better off without it, at
the same time their system craves
it, and in order to conquer their will
and in order to enjoy the same benefits
of these fellows who are preaching
tobacco and welcome, and nobody
would pay any particular attention
to them. It seems to us that when
they are at the front fighting for
their country, they could have shot
down any who want to deprive them
of their home comforts, that they should
be accorded the same privileges as
the guy who had possibly contracted the
habit a few months before the war
broke out, or the fellow who was a
few months over age and was not
drafted on that account.Tobacco may be a bad thing, but
we do not believe in denying it to the
fellow who has sand enough to
shoulder a musket and march to the
front in defense of his country.

URGENT NEEDS IN NAVY YARDS

Brooklyn, N. Y.
45 Shipwrights \$3.04 \$4.09
Charleston, S. C.
1 Anglemiths 3.28 4.00
6 Boatbuilders 3.04 4.00
6 Choppers 2.88 3.60
1 Galvanizer 2.96 4.00
4 Shipfitters 2.60 4.00
Norfolk, Virginia
5 Coppersmiths 2.42 4.24
18 Sailmakers 2.64 4.24
27 Shipfitters (black-
smiths) 3.04 4.24
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
7 Boiler-makers 3.28 4.24
22 Coppersmiths 2.28 4.24
12 Drillers 2.48 3.04
6 Holders 2.00 2.88
26 Painters helpers 1.20 1.68
5 Sailmakers 3.04 4.00
4 Sheet metal work-
ers helpers 2.00 2.48
76 Shipfitters (black-
smiths) 3.28 4.24
39 Shipwrights helpers 2.00 2.48
Portland, Maine
3 Anglemiths 3.28 4.32
7 Boatbuilders 3.12 4.00
W. 3 Boiler-makers (Range
burners) 3.20 4.00
6 Shipfitters 3.28 4.32
Pugot Sound, Washington
3 Molders 3.04 4.40
100 General helpers 2.00 2.88
Washington, D. C.
2 Canvas workers 2.88 3.60
2 Machinists, all round 3.60 4.56

-45 FURNISH DRINKING CUPS-

Attorney General Owen is fully de-
termined that the railroads of the
state shall comply with the law re-
quiring the furnishing of free drink-
ing cups on trains. Complaint has
been made against the St. Paul road
with regard to the matter. The 1913
legislature passed a law requiring
the furnishing of free drinking cups
on trains. When the matter was brought to the at-
tention of the officials that free cups
were not being furnished, the reply
was made that Wisconsin was the
only state in the union that required
free drinking cups; that all other
states permitted the use of a penny
in the slot to obtain a cup and that
Wisconsin the sign that the cups
may be obtained from the brakeman
is a substantial compliance with the
law. Attorney General Owen holds
the cups on trains, and intends to pro-
secute unless the new law is complied
with.

Scandinavian Moravian Church

Sunday school at 9:30 with En-
glish preaching service at 10:30 a. m.
next Sunday. On the Sunday follow-
ing, September 2nd, the service will
be in the Scandinavian language, and
at the close of the Scandinavian ser-
vice on Sept. 2nd there will be a
church council to elect a delegate for
the District Synod.

Rudolph Church

Sunday school at 1:30 p. m. fol-
lowed by a special children's day ser-
vice. The children will render a pro-
gram of songs, recitations and dis-
cussions. All are cordially invited.

Biron

There will be divine service in the
Biron club house at 7:30 p. m. on
Sunday, August 26.

Rev. Theodore Reinke, Pastor.

Miss Agnes Heintz departed today
for a visit with her sister at Detroit,
Michigan.TEACHERS ENGAGED
FOR COMING YEARThe following list of teachers for
the coming year has been supplied to
the Tribune by Prof. C. W. Schwede:Hove School
Inez Reichel, Principal, 7A and 7B.
Loretta Boursier, Assistant.
Eliza Montgomery, 6A and 6B.
Mabelle A. Rowland, 6B and 5A.
Stella Emmons, 5B.Hove School
Inez Reichel, 1A and 4B.
Celia Emmons, Assistant.
Daisy B. Dill, 2A and 3B.
Elizabeth Gonia, 2A.Hove School
Ruth Richer, 1A and 1B.Irving School
Laura Reeves, Principal, 4B and 3B.
Grace Morgan, 2A and 2B.
Jeanette Housman, 1A and 1B.Lowell School
Ida Hayward, Principal, 7A and 7B.
Florence Ostrum, Assistant.
Maude Griffith, 6A and 6B.
Blondy Phelps, 5A and 5B.
Glenn Hamilton, 5B.Hove School
Inez Reichel, 1A and 2A.
Frances Rector, 2B and 1B.Emerson School
Ruth Emmons, Principal, 4A and 4B.
Mildred Papenius, 3A and 3B.
Lulu Cannon, 2A and 2B.
Betty Housman, 1A and 1B.Edison School
Harriet E. Dietz, Principal, 4B, 3B, 2B.
Lillian Hephner, 2A and 2B.
Mae Morrissey, 1A and 1B.Kindergartens
Belle Quinn, Director, east side.
Florence Lynn, Assistant, east side.
Constance V. Harger, Director,
west side.
Ruth Horton, Assistant, west side.High School and Eighth Grades
H. F. Kell, principal; assistants,
academic department, B. W. Wells,
Evelyn G. Kell, W. A. Dalauf,
Emma Rogers, Emma Emma Hayward,
Rachel Macomber, Ellen Doherty,
Cornelia Karow, Martha Murray,
Winifred Calliett, Wm. C. Crossland,
Alice S. Adams, E. Nady, Ros, Em-
ma E. M. Hall, Norma Woodhouse,
Special subjects, Cyril J. Gardner,
Eugene A. Stinchbaugh, Emma Huston,
Purle E. Lutz, Grace M. Schwartz-
kopf, Marion Jackson, Harold G.
Olson.High School and Continuation
Eulalia Breese, R. L. Kittell, D. W.
Middleton.Continuation School
E. L. Hayward, Mrs. Eva V. Jeffers,
Beulah M. Searls.C. W. Schwede, superintendent of
schools.
Helen Johnson, clerk.

KIRKLAND-ENGLISH

Miss Anna Kirkland of this city,
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Kirk-
land, and Harry English of Albert,
Minnesota, were married on Sat-
urday last at Albert, La. Rev. Ed-
ward Nervig officiating.The bride, who was born and reared
in this city, has for some time
past been employed as bookkeeper in
the Woolworth store at Cedar Falls,
Iowa, while the groom is employed as
switchman at Albert, La., and they
will make their home at the latter
place. The bride has many friends
in extending her best wishes to the
couple and wishing her a long
life of happiness.

SELL GROCERIES

One of world's largest wholesale
grocers (capital over \$1,000,000.00)
wants ambitious men in every loca-
lity to sell direct to the consumer and
to handle the brand of groceries, teas,
coffee, spices, paints, oils, stock
foods, etc. Big line. Easy sales.
Values beat any competition. Earn
money. No experience or capital
required. Complete sample outfit
and free selling instructions start
you. Long established reliable
business—ask your banker. Write to-
day—John Sexton & Co., Lake and
Franklin Sts., Chicago, Illinois.

WAUSAU BOOSTERS HERE

Quite a merry bunch of boosters
arrived in the city Monday evening
by automobile for the purpose of en-
gaging in some advertising for the Wausau
fair. There were nearly a hun-
dred of them in the crowd, and they
were armed with banners, tin
horns and other implements of tor-
ture which they used on the citizens
here with reckless abandon and al-
most continuously during the day.
They were very noisy and seemed to
enjoy themselves.

ELKS PLAY SKAT

The regular Skat tournament was
held at the Elks Club on Tuesday
evening with the following results:
First—George LaBour, 12 net
points.
Second—Herman Radtke, 548 net
points.
Third—Amos Hasbrouck, 12 net
points.
Fourth—C. E. Kruger, 443 net
points.
Fifth—San Church, high hand,
100 points.

ON THE HOME STRETCH

The work of laying concrete on
Third Avenue is progressing with
creditable speed these days, the con-
crete mixer having been down here
being seen at the street on the east
side of the car track, and on Wed-
nesday morning the work on the west
side of the track was commenced,
and has since been going forward at
a good rate.

BANK AT RUDOLPH

Some of our local capitalists in
conjunction with the people of Ru-
dolph are figuring on opening a bank
at Rudolph some time in the future,
and preparatory work has already been
begun with this end in view, altho it
may be some time yet before the
place is established.

BOARD OF REVIEW IN SESSION

The Board of Review is in session
at the city hall this morning, list-
ing the objections of those whose as-
sessment is not in accordance with their
ideas of right and wrong.

FOR DISORDERLY CONDUCT

Orin Battel of Ripon was arrested
in this city and on Friday appeared
before Justice Pennington where he
paid a fine of one dollar and costs,
amounting to \$6.14.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Otto were in

Plainfield on Wednesday to attend
the funeral of Geo. Gustin, a brother
in law of Mr. Otto's. Mr. Gustin died
at the hospital in Oshkosh from
uremic poisoning while undergoing
an operation. He was married to
Mrs. Quick of this city about 12 years
ago.

DID A DAY'S WORK

Anybody that has the idea that
those industrial commissioners never
do any work is mistaken. Some peo-
ple imagine that they just travel
about the state and listen to a
few cases where some fellow went
to sleep on a railroad track and got
his anatomy mangled up, or fell off
a circular saw and lost a few fingers,
and after awarding the proper dam-
ages to the widow or unfortunate
workman, as the case may be, move
on to the next town and go thru the
same procedure again.We know, however, that they work,
because a recent issue of a Madison
paper has a thrilling account of how
our former townsmen, Geo. P. Ham-
mond, now chairman of the indus-
trial commission, went out to a fam-
er's place and put in a whole day
helping the farmer thresh his grain.
Now any man who has stood at the
rear end of a threshing machine all
day forking the fragrant straw up
onto the stack, while the machine
down the back of his neck, will know
at night that he has been exercising
more or less. The first thing in the
morning of the morning, when the
sun comes out, they are all right,
but along toward five o'clock in the
afternoon, it begins to get a little
monotonous. There are a number of
muscles in the body, the existence of
which were never even suspected, un-
der the ordinary routine of life, that
are brought out in bold prominence
on an occasion of this sort, while the
man who has the habit of wearing
blisters on the hands in a very dis-
agreeable manner.We do not know just what part of
the work Mr. Hammond performed,
but as he has a pretty good head for
figures, we have no doubt that he kept
track of the number of sacks of grain
that were threshed during the day,
the relieving the farmer of a great
deal of worry.

CARLSON-WITZIG

A quiet wedding was solemnized at
88, Peter and Paul church, at which
Miss Edna Carlson became the bride of
Edward Witzig, Rev. Wm. Reding
performing the ceremony that made
them man and wife. The bride is the
daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Witzig of
this city. After the ceremony the
bride and groom were taken to the
home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Edward
Witzig, on Third street, where a wed-
ding breakfast was served, and the
young couple took the early
train for Marshfield, Wis., to spend
their honeymoon in Chicago, after
which they will return to this
city to make their home.Both of these young people are well
and favorably known in this city, the
bride being a most estimable young
lady, who for several years past has
been cashier in the south side branch
of the Citizens National Bank. The
groom is a graduate of the
Citizens National Bank. The Trib-
une extends with their many friends in
extending congratulations.

WILL HAVE THREE YEAR COURSE

The Wausau Training School
for teachers will hereafter have a
three-year course for those of its
students that require the same. Heret-
ofore the school has a two-year
course, but the school board has de-
cided to extend the course to three
years, and the students, altho none of them have been gradu-
ated without the necessary require-
ments.Students will be admitted to the
school as heretofore, and it will be
possible for a high school graduate
to complete the course in one year,
the three-year course being for those
who have been only as far as the
eighth grade.

U.S. CONTROLS GRAIN GUARDS TO FRANCE

PRESIDENT IN PROCLAMATION PUTS WHEAT AND RYE UNDER LICENSE.

MUST HAVE PERMIT SEPT. 1

\$50,000,000 Corporation Formed to Purchase the Entire Crop of 1917, If Necessary to Maintain Fair Prices.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Authority for putting into effect Herbert C. Hoover's food control program, as applied to grain, was given in a proclamation issued by President Wilson.

Predicated on the food and fuel act, the proclamation gives the food administration power to license the storage and distribution of wheat and rye and the manufacture, storage and distribution of all products derived therefrom.

Under existing authority under which the president acts and declaring existence of the war makes it necessary, the proclamation reads:

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by said act of congress, hereby find and determine that it is essential, in order to carry into effect the purpose of said act, to license the storage and distribution of wheat and rye and the manufacture, storage and distribution of all products derived therefrom to the extent hereinafter specified.

"All persons, firms, corporations and associations engaged in the business of either storing or distributing wheat or rye, as owners, lessors or operators of warehouses or elevators, and all persons, firms, corporations and associations engaged in the business of manufacturing any products derived from wheat or rye (except those operating mills and manufacturing plants of daily capacity of 100 barrels or less, and farmers and co-operative associations of farmers), are hereby required to secure, on or before September 1, 1917, a license, which will be issued under such rules and regulations governing the conduct of the business as may be prescribed.

"Any person, firm, corporation or association, other than those hereinbefore excepted, who shall engage in or carry on the business of either storing or distributing wheat or rye as owners, lessors or operators of warehouses or elevators, or manufacturing any products derived from wheat or rye, after September 1, 1917, without first securing such license, will be liable to the penalties prescribed by said act of congress."

Prior to issuance of the proclamation announcement was made at the food administration headquarters of the personnel of the boards which will fix prices and attend to the purchase of grain.

Determination to form a \$50,000,000 food administration grain corporation to purchase the entire 1917 crop, it is announced, to maintain fair prices, also was announced.

Simultaneously with these announcements, representatives of the grain traders met at the office of the food administration and adopted resolutions pledging their aid to any rules laid down by Mr. Hoover.

The price-fixing committee contains in its personnel representatives of the producers and the consumers. The members are business men, farmers and representatives of organized labor.

The personnel of the commission follows:

Henry A. Garfield, president of Williams college, chairman; Charles J. Barrett of Union City, Ga., president of the Farmers' union; William E. Doak, Roanoke, Va., vice president of the Brotherhood of Railway Carpenters; Eugene E. Hunt, Bloomington, Ill., president of the National Corn Association; Edward F. Ladd, Fargo, N. D., president of the North Dakota Agricultural college; R. Goodwin Rhett, Charleston, S. C., president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States; J. W. Shorttill, York, Neb., secretary national council of Farmers' Co-operative association; James W. Sullivan, Brooklyn, N. Y., of the American Federation of Labor; J. J. Thayer, Burnsville, O., master of the Ohio State Grange.

The grain corporation will be put under the grain division of the food administration and its executive officers will be the same as the officers of this division, whose names were announced as follows:

Herbert Hoover, chairman; Julius Barnes, Duluth, Minn., president; Gates W. McGarral, New York, treasurer; F. G. Cowell, Kansas City, vice president; Edward J. Chambers, Chicago, transportation director; Curtis H. Bradley, San Francisco, counsel; J. W. Shorttill, York, Neb., secretary.

Loan May Pay 4 Per Cent.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Indications are that the new \$4,000,000,000 bond issue for an allied loan, to be authorized at the present session of congress, might bear 4 per cent interest. No official announcement was made.

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Detroit, Mich., Aug. 17.—Henry Ford will accept contracts to manufacture products for the government at absolute cost, he announced. The prices, he says, will be surprisingly low. He is making 20,000 airplane cylinders.

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New York, Aug. 16.—Meats and meat products exported from the United States in the fiscal year 1917 amounted to nearly 2,000,444,000 pounds, according to a compilation by the National City bank made public.

Begin Search for Sister.

Havana, Aug. 16.—Buel Armstrong, brother of Ruth Armstrong, former schoolteacher in Youngstown, O., and Los Angeles, who has been missing here for several weeks, took up the search for his sister.

Miss Vollmer Marries.

Davenport, Ia., Aug. 14.—Miss Dorothea Vollmer, daughter of former congressman Henry Vollmer, recently divorced from Edward Victor Palm, a young Chicagoan, was married at Berkeley, Cal., to Walden Gregory.

British Recruit 5,000 in U. S.

New York, Aug. 14.—More than 5,000 men for British and Canadian forces have been recruited in this country by the British recruiting commission. It was announced here. About 4,000 have gone to Canada.

TROOPS FROM TWENTY-SIX STATES TO SEE ACTIVE SERVICE SOON.

GENERAL MANN IN COMMAND

Among States From Which National Guard Troops Will Be Assembled Are: Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Indiana.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Plans for sending the first National Guard troops to France have been perfected by the war department with the organization of a division which will include troops from 26 states and the District of Columbia.

The commanding officer of the division will be Brig. Gen. W. A. Mann of the regular army, now chief of the division of militia affairs of the war department.

The states from which the National Guard troops are to be assembled are: Louisiana, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, New York, Ohio, Georgia, Alabama, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Maryland, South Carolina, California, Missouri, Virginia, North Carolina, Kansas, Texas, Michigan, New Jersey, Tennessee, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado, Oregon. The others come from the District of Columbia.

Discussions of the time and place of mobilization of the division or of its departure for France are not permissible under the voluntary censorship. The structure of the division as given in the official statement shows it will conform to the reduced trench warfare divisional organization, recommended by Major General Pershing, which would give it a total strength with auxiliary troops of approximately 20,000 men.

EX-CZAR EXILED TO SIBERIA

Nicholas and Wife Sent to Tobolsk—Travel in Ordinary Train With Fifty Servants.

Petrograd, Aug. 17.—The semi-official Russian news agency announced on Wednesday that former Emperor Nicholas and his family were removed from the palace at Tsarok-Selo and that it was reported they were being transported to Tobolsk, Siberia.

Tobolsk is an out-of-the-way town of western Siberia, far from the railroad and visited only by steamers which ply the Irtysh river.

Instead of the gorgeous imperial train in which Nicholas was taken to Tsarok-Selo from Mahily in March, an ordinary train was sent. A second train was assigned to take the baggage and servants, 50 of whom accompanied the ex-emperor and his family into exile.

Nicholas was very depressed in appearance, but ex-empress Alexandra seemed lively and pleased at the prospect of a change in surroundings.

SHIP MINED; YANKEES DIE

Four American Missionaries Perish When British Steamer City of Athens Is Destroyed.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Five American passengers were lost when the British steamer City of Athens struck a mine and went down near Cape Town, South Africa, on August 10, according to state department dispatches.

Ten other passengers and four of the crew also were lost, the dispatches say. The dispatches also say four of the Americans were missionaries and their names were Mr. and Mrs. Nygard, Miss Robinson and Caroline Thompson. The last named is of the Methodist mission board.

Nineteen other missionaries of an organization with headquarters at 350 Bridge street, Brooklyn, were saved.

CANADIANS WIN HILL NO. 70

Famous Position Near the City of Lens, Deemed Impregnable by Foo, Falls.

British Front in France and Belgium, Aug. 17.—After the brilliant advance in the morning in which the Canadians captured Hill 70 and then swept on northwest of Lens the attackers are in close grips with the Germans in the western part of Lens.

Considerable numbers of German prisoners are beginning to arrive in the collection depots. The new British front has been established on a triangular line, like a pair of shears whose points are to the north and south of Lens.

200 Generals for New Army.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Nominations of more than 200 new major generals and brigadier generals, who will hold commands in the new army, were sent to the senate on Tuesday by President Wilson.

Price of Hogs Reaches \$18.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Consternation reigned among packers and buyers here Wednesday. All records for high prices were broken in the hog market. A top price of \$18 per hundredweight for hogs was established.

I. W. W. Strike in Four States Near.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 17.—Unless five specific demands are granted by August 20 the Industrial Workers of the World will call a general strike in Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Montana.

Draft Objectors to Work.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Members of religious sects opposed to war, conscientious objectors and all others fighting conscription will be sent to national army cantonments and there given work.

Strike Laid to Germans.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—That German influences working through the I. W. W. are responsible for the spreading strike of Illinois coal miners was the charge made by a high state official in Springfield.

Farmers Seek Many Loans.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Application for farm loans are pouring into the federal banks at the rate of more than \$1,000,000 a day, the federal farm loan board announced, the total for July having reached \$34,810,000.

Daughter of John Drew Weds.

New York, Aug. 14.—Miss Louise Drew, the only daughter of John Drew, the actor, and Mrs. Drew, was married at Great Neck, L. I., to Jack Devereaux, an actor, who has appeared in many Broadway successes.

NONE SO BLIND AS THOSE WHO WILL NOT SEE



U. S. MEN CAPTURED DRAFT ARMY CALLED

AMERICAN CAPTAIN AND FOUR OF GUN CREW TAKEN.

Standard Oil Steamer Campana Sent to the Bottom by German Submarine.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Sinking of the American steamer Campana, a Standard Oil tanker, with the probable capture of her captain and four members of the naval guard by the attacking German submarine, was announced on Sunday by the navy department.

The department issued this statement:

"The Standard Oil tanker Campana, American steamer, was sunk by the German submarine U-109 on the morning of August 6, 143 miles west of the Re de Re. Forty-seven survivors reached land in safety. It is believed that the captain of the steamer and four of the guards are prisoners on board the German submarine."

New York, Aug. 14.—The Campana was formerly the steamship Dunholme. She was built in 1901 at West Hartlepool, England, and was registered at 3,313 tons gross, 2,133 tons net. She was 335 feet long, with a beam of 47 feet.

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 14.—Another German submarine has been sunk by the guns of a merchantman, if the gunnery of a British freighter which arrived here are correct in their assumption that three shots, which struck an undersea boat off Brest, France, sent her to the bottom. The Britisher encountered the submarine on her last outward trip from this port.

TO ACT TO CURB COAL COST

President Wilson and the Federal Trade Commission Will Take Action This Week.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Decisive steps to curb high coal prices are expected from President Wilson and the federal trade commission this week. Under government assurance that unlimited profits are not to be tolerated, working conditions in all industries are improving, the labor department reported.

The railroad war board and coal operators called upon President Wilson to use his powers under the priority shipment law and order mines in certain districts to ship 50 per cent of their cars from the mines daily to Lake Erie ports.

"Otherwise the situation in the Northwest next winter will amount to a calamity," said resolutions adopted at the conference.

GERMAN TROOPS WIN TOWN

Russo-Rumanian Forces Lose Important Railroad Junction in Southern Moldavia.

Berlin, Aug. 15.—Troops under Field Marshal von Mackensen captured the Rumanian town of Buzai, a railroad junction in southern Moldavia, which had been desperately defended by the Russo-Rumanian forces. The capture of the town was reported officially on Monday by the German general staff.

Big Sugar Dividend.

New York, Aug. 17.—The Cuban-American Sugar company on Wednesday declared an extra dividend of 10 per cent in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 2 1/2 per cent on the common stock.

Red Cross to Get Profits.

Portland, Ore., Aug. 17.—Max H. Houser, one of the largest individual grain dealers in the world, announced he would give all his profits in the future to the Red Cross. He made \$9,000,000 last year.

Fire Route 250 From Beda.

New York, Aug. 16.—Seven clubhouses were burned at Covey Island, Hundreide of residents watched the spectacular blaze. Two hundred and fifty persons left their homes and went to the homes of friends.

Polish Chief Quits.

Copenhagen, Aug. 16.—A dispatch from Warsaw says that Prince von Niemcewicz, president of the Polish council of state, has resigned owing to differences with the pro-German parties.

Former Villa Chief Dead.

Juarez, Mexico, Aug. 15.—Jose Ynez Salazar, former chief to Francisco Villa, was shot and killed at Nogales ranch. Americans brought the details of Salazar's death at the hands of a small band of home guards.

Ban on Planes to Neutrals.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Neutral countries have been pouring in orders for airplanes at such a rate that in order to conserve the supply for itself and allies the government has prohibited the export of aircraft.

POPE MAKES PLEA TO BELLIGERENTS FOR PEACE TERMS

Teuton Influence Seen in Papal Proposals.

FOR RETURN OF ALL LANDS

Pontiff Wants Supreme Tribunal of Arbitration to Settle All Future International Disputes—Washington Diplomats See Offer Inspired by Berlin.

Rome, Italy, Aug. 15.—Peace proposals made by Pope Benedict have been delivered to all the belligerent governments.

The pope suggests restoration of Belgium, Serbia and Roumania, and peaceful solution of the problems of Alsace-Lorraine, Trent, Trieste and Poland.

Pope Includes Wilson Ideas.

Washington, Aug. 15.—An unofficial outline of Pope Benedict's peace proposals received here discloses that the pontiff includes some of the principles of world peace for which President Wilson has declared. Among the pope's proposals are reduction of armaments, freedom of the seas and that there shall be no retaliatory struggle after the war for world commercial supremacy. These are regarded as the foundation stones of the pope's plan.

Included in the restoration of territory, the pope's proposals insist, should be the return to Germany of all her colonies, as well as the complete restoration of Belgium to her sovereignty.

An accurate outline of the principal points of the communication is in the hands of the government here and has received thoughtful consideration.

In eloquent language the pontiff declares the terrible condition existing in Europe, which he declares is headed for destruction unless the belligerents are willing to listen to the appeals of disinterested friends to cease a suicidal war. Such conditions, the pope feels, amply justify him in taking the present opportunity to suggest what may be, he hopes, at least a foundation upon which peace negotiations may be initiated.

Indorses Plans of President.

Unqualified approval of President Wilson's plan for the avoidance of future wars by some form of international organization which shall have behind it the necessary power to enforce its judgments is given by Pope Benedict, who declares that along with such a splendid project must go an effective arrangement for reduction of armaments to a point just sufficient for defense of the world.

Must Be Freedom of Seas.

Any attempt to prevent free economic action between the belligerents, the pope points out, would be disastrous; therefore he says there must be freedom of the seas in all that the term implies.

On the important question of the disposition of occupied territory and the territorial ambitions of the belligerents the pope, by way of preface, admits that special cases might justify special consideration and still be adjusted in conformity with the principles of equity and justice. But, as a general proposition, he feels that a proper basis for discussion would be the restoration of all territory now in enemy occupation to that which would involve liberation of Belgium, leaving not a trace of German control, political or military.

The same principle of unincumbered freedom in its full sense, he says, should prevail in regard to every power and nation. Not only must French territory now occupied by Germany be restored to France, he says, but, on the other hand, all German colonies which have been occupied by England, Portugal, Belgium and Japan should be returned to Germany.

Would Hear Voice of People.

The more difficult question of Italy is examined in a spirit of conciliation and fairness and the pope thinks that a special consideration should be given to the settlement of the Balkan states. Likewise does the pope hold that the complex questions involved in readjustment of the Balkan states should be considered in the same spirit of equity and justice. He has especially in mind Armenia, the Balkans and Poland, and the information conveyed is that these questions can safely be dealt with by direct diplomatic exchanges between the belligerents, once an agreement is reached upon the general principles of recognition of national aspirations and justice.

Within the entente diplomatic circle the opinion was freely and promptly expressed that the pope's proposal was inspired by Germany and was an attempt to split the allies in a conflicting discussion of their war aims.

British See Hand of Kaiser.

London, Aug. 15.—The outline of the Vatican's peace proposals received here demands the restoration of all German colonies to Germany.

"These so-called peace terms have a distinct German flavor," this reply was given in an authoritative quarter in London in reply to a question by a correspondent in regard to the Vatican proposals.

During the last decade three states—California, Colorado and Michigan—contained three-fourths of the area under sugar beets in this country. They produced three-fourths of the beets and sugar.

A material known as "superglass" used in making automobile windshields is made by welding a layer of transparent celluloid between two sheets of plate glass. If struck by a heavy object, the glass will crack, but the occupants of the car will not be injured by flying splinters.

Bundy Arrested in Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 15.—Dr. Leroy N. Bundy, thirty-four, a negro wanted in East St. Louis in connection with the murder of two persons during the recent race riots there, was arrested by police here.

Woman and Three Sons Killed.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 14.—When an automobile in which they were riding was struck by an Illinois traction car near Bloomington Mrs. John Krueger and three sons, Elmer, Henry and Ralph, were killed.

Arrest Allen for Disloyal Talk.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 14.—Andrew Mann, alias, German ironworker, who is said to have declared he hoped allied soldiers fighting against Germany would be killed, was arrested on complaint of fellow workmen.

Like for Roasts.

Nearly all persons dislike a roast but not the kind the butcher sells.

TEXT OF PEACE APPEAL BY POPE

Message to U. S. Comes Through King George.

RULER ACTS AS INTERMEDIARY

Pontiff Implores Divine Counsel and Urges Boundaries as Before War and Disarmament as Chief Primary Basis.

London, Aug. 17.—The foreign office issued the French text of the letter from the pope to the king, inclosing a copy of his appeal to the heads of the belligerent peoples. This is the letter to the king accompanying the appeal.

"Your majesty, the holy father, asks that you do everything in your power to order the end of the conflict which has ravaged the civilized world, has decided to submit to the leaders of the belligerent peoples concrete peace proposals exposed in a document which I have the honor to attach to this letter. May God grant that the words of his holiness will this time produce the desired effect for the good of the whole of humanity."

King Requested to Forward Pies.

"The holy see, not having diplomatic relations with the French government, or with the government of Italy or of the United States, I very respectfully beg your majesty to be good enough to have handed a copy of his holiness' appeal to the president of the French republic, to his majesty the king of Italy, and to the president of the United States. I also beg to add 12 other copies which I request your majesty to be good enough to hand to the leaders of the nations friendly to the allies, with the exception, however, of Russia, Belgium and Brazil, to whom the document has been sent direct."

"In expressing to your majesty my sincere thanks for this extreme kindness, I am happy to take the opportunity to offer you the homage of sentiment, a very profound respect with which I have the honor to sign myself your majesty's very humble and devoted servant. GASPARRI, "Papal Secretary of State."

Text of Appeal Made by Pope.

"To the leaders of the belligerent peoples:

"Since the beginning of our pontificate, with the horrors of a terrible war, let loose on Europe, we have in view above everything three things to preserve:

"Perfect impartiality toward all belligerents as is suitable for him who is the Common Father and who loves all his children with equal affection.

"Continually to attempt to do all the good possible and that without exception of person, without distinction of nationality or religion as is dictated to us by the universal law of charity which the supreme spiritual charge has confided to us with Christ.

"Finally, as our pacific mission also requires, to omit nothing as long as it was in our power which might contribute to the end of this calamity by trying to lead people and their leaders to more moderate resolution, to hasten a serene deliberation of a peace just and durable.

"Vatican Shows No Partiality.

"Whereas we followed our work during those three painful years which have just passed has been easily to recognize that if we have always remained faithful to our resolve of absolute impartiality and to our attitude of benevolence, we have not ceased to exhort the people and the belligerent brothers again to become brethren, although publicity has not been given to all that we have done to attain this very noble aim."

"Is this civilized world to be nothing more than a field of death, and Europe, so glorious and so flourishing, is going to be stricken by a universal madness, to run to the abyss and to lead its hand to its own suicide?"

"Through the voice even of humanity and of reason we once more hear the cry of peace and we renew a pressing appeal to those who hold in their hands the destinies of nations.

Basis for Durable Peace Suggested.

"But in order no longer to speak in general terms as the circumstances had counseled us in the past, we now wish to make more concrete and practical proposals and to invite the governments of the belligerent peoples to an agreement upon the following points which seem to be a basis of a just and durable peace, leaving to them the task of analyzing and completing them.

"First of all, the fundamental points must be that the material force of arms be substituted by the moral force of right from which shall arise a fair agreement by all for the simultaneous and reciprocal diminution of armaments according to the rules and guarantees to be established in a more necessary and sufficient for the maintenance of public order in each state.

"Then in the substitution for armies the institution of arbitration, with its high pacifying function, according to the rules to be laid down and the penalties to be imposed on a state which would refuse either to submit a national question to arbitration or to accept its decision.

"Once the supremacy of right has thus been established, all obstacles to the means of communication of the peoples would disappear by assuring, by rules to be fixed later, the true liberty of the press."

Some Postscripts.

Chinese and Japanese bells are clapperless and never are swung, their tones being produced by striking them with wooden mallets.

Used only locally by the natives for smelting, the coal deposits of Angola have been found rich in petroleum by Cape Town chemists.

Apparatus that enables men who have lost their hands to write with their knees has been invented by a physician in Portland, Ore.

The German city of Nuremberg plans to build a tunnel two miles long to help control a river which has caused 13 disastrous floods.

An incandescent lamp socket has been entirely covered with porcelain for use in places where wet hands might produce serious shocks.

A novelty in the egg-cup line has been a space around the bowl that can be filled with hot water to keep its contents warm.

An instrument to measure the susceptibility of persons to suggestions from others is the invention of a French scientist.

WOMAN COULD HARDLY STAND

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fulton, N. Y. — "Why will women pay out their money for treatment and receive no benefit, when so many have proved that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will make them well? For over a year I suffered from female weakness I could hardly stand and was afraid to go on the street alone. I was useless and only an operation would help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved it otherwise. I am now perfectly well and can do any kind of work." Mrs. NELLIE PHILLIPS, care of R. A. Rider, R.F.D. No. 5, Fulton, N. Y.

We wish every woman who suffers from female troubles, nervousness, headache or aches could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you have had symptoms and do not understand the cause, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

ECZEMA!

More back without question! ECZEMA! ITCHES! RINGWORM! TETTER! OR other itching skin diseases. Price 50c at druggists, or direct from L. E. Richards Medicine Co., Shennels, Va.

Save the Calves!

Stamp ABORTION Out of Your Herd and Keep It Out! A potent abortifacient. Small expense. Write for free booklet on Abortion, and learn the value of this new calf saver. State number of calves in herd.

Dr. David Roberts, Vet. Co., 100 East Avenue, Waukegan, Wis.

PATENTS

Fortunes Made in Cotton

Imperial Valley of California, a Desert Fifteen Years Ago, is Now Great Field of White.

In the Imperial valley of California they are making fortunes raising cotton this year. Everything about the Imperial valley seems to have the dramatic quality; its story would make a good moving picture. In 1900 it was a blistering desert where a buzzard could scarcely fly. And then the government harnessed the Colorado river and the desert was veined with irrigating canals, and plowed and planted, and for the first time since the primordial floods subsided, a tint of green and growing things spread over the valley.

Cotton arrived in 1906. It came in the shape of a box of seed under the seat of a farm wagon driven by a Texas homesteader. He asked why they didn't raise cotton thereabouts, and they said because it wouldn't grow. And so, being from Texas, which is something like Missouri, he planted his little store of cottonseed, and he up and opened his success bolts to the wonderment of all observers. Furthermore, the next year it came up and bore again without another planting.

The Texas' little cotton field spread like a drop of butter on a hot pan. It clothed the barrenness of the desert in its fleece. And it brought to the men who owned the land more hard dollars than ever they had seen before. There are 50,000 acres of cotton in the Imperial valley this year and there are going to be more next year. And even better than the cotton crop is the human crop, which this desert has borne; for it is peopled by men who own their own farms and are prosperous.

Goat Flesh Sold at Mutton.

Goat flesh is sold as mutton among the poorer classes in Liverpool. With the sheep brought from Ireland there is always a certain proportion of goats, and these carcasses are sold on the wholesale markets without distinction from those of the sheep and lambs. According to the health authorities, there is no particular objection to this practice, as in the matter of taste and nutritive quality there is said to be very little difference between the two animals.

Boosting Business.

The Traveling Salesman—You boosted for the school committee to bring a pretty schoolmaster from Chicago. Why, you haven't any children! The Boastful Storekeeper—No; but I have an eye for business. As

U.S. CONTROLS GRAIN GUARDS TO FRANCE

PRESIDENT IN PROCLAMATION PUTS WHEAT AND RYE UNDER LICENSE.

MUST HAVE PERMIT SEPT. 1

\$50,000,000 Corporation Formed to Purchase the Entire Crop of 1917, If Necessary to Maintain Fair Prices.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Authority for putting into effect Herbert C. Hoover's food control program, as applied to grain, was given in a proclamation issued by President Wilson.

Proclamation on the food and fuel act, the proclamation gives the food administration power to license the storage and distribution of wheat and rye and the manufacture, storage and distribution of all products derived therefrom.

After reciting authority under which the president acts and declaring existence of the war makes it necessary, the proclamation reads:

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by said act of congress, hereby find and determine that it is essential, in order to carry into effect the purpose of said act, to license the storage and distribution of wheat and rye and the manufacture, storage and distribution of all products derived therefrom to the extent hereinafter specified.

"All persons, firms, corporations and associations engaged in the business of either storing or distributing wheat or rye, as owners, lessors or operators of warehouses or elevators, and all persons, firms, corporations and associations engaged in the business of manufacturing any products derived from wheat or rye (except those operating mills and manufacturing plants of daily capacity of 100 barrels or less, and farmers and co-operative associations of farmers), are hereby required to secure, on or before September 1, 1917, a license, which will be issued under such rules and regulations governing the conduct of the business as may be prescribed.

"Applications for licenses must be made to the United States food administrator, Washington, D. C., upon forms prepared by him for that purpose.

"Any person, firm, corporation or association, other than those hereinbefore excepted, who shall engage in or carry on the business of either storing or distributing wheat or rye as owners, lessors or operators of warehouses or elevators, or manufacturing any products derived from wheat or rye, after September 1, 1917, without first securing such licenses, will be liable to the penalties prescribed by said act of congress.

Prior to issuance of the proclamation announcement was made by the food administrator, headquarters of the personnel of the boards which will fix prices and attend to the purchase of grain.

Determination to form a \$50,000,000 food administration grain corporation to purchase the entire 1917 crop, it was announced.

Simultaneously with these announcements, representatives of the grain trades met at the office of the food administrator and adopted resolutions pledging their aid to any rules laid down by Mr. Hoover.

The proclamation committee contains in its personnel representatives of the producers and the consumers. The men are business men, farmers and representatives of organized labor.

The personnel of the commission follows:

Henry A. Garfield, president of Wheat Growers' association; Charles J. Barrett of Union City, Ga., president of the Farmers' union; William E. Donk, Roanoke, Va., vice president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; Eugene B. Funk, Bloomington, Ill., president of the National Grain Association; Edmund P. Ladd, Chicago, Ill., president of the National Farmers' Union; J. W. Shorthill, York, Neb., secretary national council of Farmers' Co-operative association; James E. Sullivan, Brooklyn, N. Y., of the American Federation of Labor; L. J. Tabor, Burnsville, O., master of the Ohio State Grange.

The grain corporation will be put under the grain division of the food administration and its executive officers will be the same as the officers of this division, whose names were announced as follows:

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The structure of the division as given in the official statement will conform to the reduced trench warfare conditions. The division will be commanded by Major General Pershing, which would give it a total strength with auxiliary troops of approximately 20,000 men.

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Nicholas and Wife Sent to Tobolsk—Travel in Ordinary Train With Fifty Servants.

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Ban on Planes to Neutral.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Neutral countries have been outlawed in order for airplanes at such a rate that in order to conserve the supply for itself and allies the government has prohibited the export of aircraft.

NEW NATIONAL FORCE WILL BE MOVED IN SEPTEMBER.

Final Decision on Mobilization Dates for First 500,000 Men Is Made.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The new National army will be moved into cantonment camps beginning September 5, Provost Marshal General Crowder announced on Monday. The first increment of 30 per cent will be moved September 5. The second of 30 per cent September 14, and the third September 30. The remaining 10 per cent will be moved to camps as soon thereafter as possible.

The dates specified for each movement of troops are for entrainment at home stations.

Final decision on mobilization dates for the first 500,000 men drawn indicates that virtually all of the first increment will be in training by the first week in October. Each mobilization day will be turned over to a patriotic demonstration.

The first day will be Wednesday, the second Saturday and the third will fall on Sunday. On the days named the men accepted for service will report to their local boards and will be turned over to camp within 24 hours after they report.

They must present themselves in civilian clothes, with nothing but absolutely necessary baggage.

For many days the war department and railway experts have been working out plans for the great troop movement to camp. It is stated the men will go with the least personal inconvenience.

The plan to assemble the new forces in three increments distributes the task of furnishing supplies and equipment for the first 500,000 men. It will also prevent serious shortages in any camp, and will give the new officers from the training camps time to familiarize themselves with their duties gradually before responsibility for a great body of men falls on them.

BRITISH CHEER U. S. TROOPS

American Soldiers Reviewed by King George in London—Huge Crowds Line Streets.

London, Aug. 17.—American troops marched through London on Wednesday. They were reviewed by Ambassador Page and later by King George at Buckingham palace. Great crowds lined the streets, which were decorated profusely with American and British flags.

Enthusiasm was shown everywhere. The Americans were cheered by civilians, by soldiers on their way to the front, by the crowd, and by the troops were escorted by guard bands.

A meeting of the cabinet was in progress when the Americans approached Whitehall. It was adjourned to permit the premier and his colleagues to pay their compliments to the new cabinet west in a body to the war office.

The newspapers say that for a parallel to the scenes witnessed in the neighborhood of Trafalgar square it probably would be necessary to recall the return of the South African war and the return home of the troops.

U. S. Destroyers Effective.

An Atlantic Port, Aug. 16.—Trans-Atlantic travel is being made safe by American destroyers, according to arrivals on a British liner, after an American destroyer had beaten off a threatened attack of a German boat.

Gets Year for Threatening Wilson.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 10.—Fred T. Wilson, "the hermit of Danberry," aged sixty-seven years, was sentenced to one year and one day in the "Fort Leavenworth" prison for uttering threats against President Wilson.

U. S. Agents Fire at Fugitive.

New York, Aug. 15.—Fighting arrest, in which shots were fired by pursuing United States secret service agents, a man whom the federal authorities accused of being a French swindler was taken into custody.

Bundy Arrested in Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 15.—Dr. Leroy N. Bundy, thirty-four, a negro wanted in East St. Louis in connection with the murder of a black woman, was arrested by police here.

Woman and Three Sons Killed.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 14.—When an automobile in which they were riding was struck by a streetcar, a woman and three sons, Elmer, Henry and Ralph, were killed.

Arrest Allen for Disloyal Talk.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 14.—Andrew Mackin, alias "Gentle" Brown, was arrested to have declared he hoped all soldiers fighting against Germany would be killed, was arrested on complaint of fellow workmen.

POPE MAKES PLEA TO BELLIGERENTS FOR PEACE TERMS

Teuton Influence Seen in Papal Proposals.

FOR RETURN OF ALL LANDS

Pontiff Wants Supreme Tribunal of Arbitration to Settle All Future International Disputes—Washington Diplomat See Offer Inspired by Berlin.

Rome, Italy, Aug. 15.—Pope Benedict's proposals made by Pope Benedict have been delivered to all the belligerent governments.

The pope suggests restoration of Belgium, Serbia and Roumania and peace solution of the problems of Alsace-Lorraine, Trent, Trieste and Poland.

Pope Includes Wilson Ideas.

Washington, Aug. 15.—An unofficial outline of Pope Benedict's peace proposals received here discloses that the pontiff includes some of the principles of world peace for which President Wilson has declared. Among the pope's proposals are reduction of armaments, freedom of the seas and that there shall be no retaliatory struggle after the war for world commercial supremacy. These are regarded as the foundation stones of the pope's plan.

Included in the restoration of territory, the pope's proposals insist, should be the return to Germany of all her colonies, as well as the complete restoration of Belgium to her sovereignty.

An accurate outline of the principal points of the communication is in the hands of the government here and has received thoughtful consideration.

The pope's proposals, which he describes the terrible condition existing in Europe, which he declares is headed for destruction unless the belligerents are willing to listen to the appeals of disinterested friends to cease a suicidal war. Such conditions, the pope feels, amply justify him in taking the present opportunity to suggest a basis for discussion for the purpose of a foundation upon which peace negotiations may be initiated.

Indorses Plans of President.

Unqualified approval of President Wilson's plan for the avoidance of future wars by some form of international organization which shall have behind it the necessary power to enforce its judgments is given by Pope Benedict, who declares that along with such a splendid project must go an effective armament for the reduction of armaments to a point just sufficient for defensive purposes or to carry out the mandates of the world court.

Must Be Freedom of Seas.

Any attempt to prevent free economic action between the belligerents, the pope points out, would be disastrous; therefore he says there must be freedom of the seas in all that the term implies.

On the important question of the disposition of occupied territory and the territorial ambitions of the belligerents the pope, by way of preface, admits that special cases might justify special consideration and still be adjusted in conformity with the principles of equity and justice. But, as a general proposition, he feels that a proposal for discussion would be the restoration of all territory now in enemy occupation. That would involve alteration of Belgium, leaving not a trace of German control, political or military.

The same principle of unencumbered freedom in its full sense, he says, should prevail in regard to every port and nation. Not only must French territory now occupied by Germany be restored to France, he says, but, on the other hand, all German colonies which have been occupied by England, Portugal, Belgium and Japan should be returned to Germany.

Would Hear Voice of People.

The more difficult question of Italian territory, the pope thinks, should be decided in a spirit of conciliation and fairness and that a special consideration in the settlement should be given to national aspirations.

Likewise does the pope hold that the complex questions involved in readjustment of the Balkan states should be considered in the same spirit of equity and justice. He has especially in mind Armenia, the Balkans and Poland, and the intimation conveyed is that these questions can safely be dealt with by direct diplomatic exchanges between the belligerents, once an agreement is reached upon the general principles of recognition of national aspirations and justice.

Within the entire diplomatic circle the opinion was freely and promptly expressed that the peace proposal was inspired by Germany and was an attempt to split the allies in a conflicting discussion of their war aims.

British See Hand of Kaiser.

London, Aug. 15.—The outline of the Vatican's peace proposals received here demands the restoration of all German colonies to Germany.

"These so-called peace terms have a distinct German flavor." This reply was given in an authoritative quarter in London in reply to a question by a correspondent in regard to the Vatican proposals.

During the last decade three states—California, Colorado and Michigan—contained three-fourths of the area under sugar beets in this country and produced three-fourths of the beets and sugar.

A material known as "superglass" used in making automobile windshield is made by welding together two transparent celluloid between two sheets of plate glass. If struck by a heavy object superglass will crack, but the occupants of the car will not be injured by flying splinters.

Not There.

Farmer Brown—Here, mister, the war map you sold me ain't correct! Shopkeeper—Really! How do you know that?

Farmer Brown—My boy has written home, and says he's going to Reconnoitre. But I'm hanged if I can find the place marked on the map!—The American Boy.

Like for Roasts.

Nearly all persons dislike a roast but not the kind the butcher sells.

TEXT OF PEACE APPEAL BY POPE

Message to U. S. Comes Through King George.

RULER ACTS AS INTERMEDIARY

Pontiff Implores Divine Counsel and Urges Boundaries Before War and Disarmament as Chief Primary Basis.

London, Aug. 17.—The foreign office issued the French text of the letter from the pope to the king, including a copy of his appeal to the heads of the belligerent peoples. This is the letter to the king accompanying the appeal:

"Your majesty, the holy father, anxious to do everything he can in order to put an end to the conflict which for the last three years has ravaged the civilized world, has decided to submit to the leaders of the belligerent peoples concrete peace proposals exposed in a document which I have the honor to attach to this letter. May God grant that the words of his holiness will this time produce the desired effect for the good of the whole of humanity.

King Requested to Forward Plea.

"The holy see, not having diplomatic relations with the French government, or with the government of Italy or the United States, I very respectfully beg your majesty to be good enough to hand to the leaders of the nations friendly to the allies, with the exception, however, of Russia, Belgium and Brazil, to whom the document has been sent direct.

"In expressing to your majesty my sincere thanks for this extreme kindness, I am happy to take the opportunity to offer you the homage of sentiment, a very profound respect with which I have the honor to sign myself, your majesty's very humble and devoted servant,

"Benedict, Bishop of Rome, Pope of the Roman Catholic Church, Apostolic Secretary of State."

Text of Appeal Made by Pope.

The pope's appeal follows: "To the leaders of the belligerent peoples:

"Since the beginning of our pontificate with the horrors of a terrible war, let loose on Europe, we have in view above everything three things to preserve:

"Perfect impartiality toward all belligerents as is suitable for him who is the Common Father and who loves all his children with equal affection.

"Continuity in our resolve to do the good possible and that without exception of person without distinction of nationality or religion as is dictated to us by the universal law of charity which the supreme spiritual charge has confided to us with Christ.

"Finally, as our justice mission also requires, to maintain as long as it was in our power, which might contribute to hasten the end of this calamity by trying to lead people and their leaders to more moderate resolution, to hasten a serene deliberation of a peace just and durable.

Vatican Shows No Partiality.

"Whoever has followed our work during these three painful years which just passed has been able easily to recognize that if we have always remained faithful to our resolve of perfect impartiality and to our attitude of benevolence, we have not ceased to exhort the people and the belligerent brothers again to become brethren, although publicity has not been given to all that we have done to attain this very noble aim.

"It is to be regretted that the world is not more than a field of death; and Europe, so glorious and so flourishing, is going, as if stricken by a universal madness, to run to the abyss and to lend its hand to its own suicide."

Through the voice even of humanity and of reason we once more emit the cry for peace. We have a pressing appeal to those who hold in their hands the destinies of nations.

Basis for Durable Peace Suggested.

"But in order no longer to speak in general terms as the circumstances had counseled us in the past, we now wish to make more concrete and practical proposals for our resolve of perfect impartiality and to our attitude of benevolence, we have not ceased to exhort the people and the bellig

U.S. CONTROLS GRAIN GUARDS TO FRANCE

PRESIDENT IN PROCLAMATION PUTS WHEAT AND RYE UNDER LICENSE.

MUST HAVE PERMIT SEPT. 1

\$50,000,000 Corporation Formed to Purchase the Entire Crop of 1917, if Necessary to Maintain Fair Prices.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Authority for putting into effect Herbert C. Hoover's food control program, as applied to grain, was given in a proclamation issued by President Wilson.

Predicated on the food and fuel act, the proclamation gives the food administration power to license the storage and distribution of wheat and rye and the manufacture, storage and distribution of all products derived therefrom. After receiving authority under which the president acts and declaring existence of the war makes it necessary, the proclamation reads:

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by said act of congress, hereby find and determine and by this proclamation do announce that it is essential, in order to carry into effect the purpose of said act, to license the storage and distribution of wheat and rye and the manufacture, storage and distribution of all products derived therefrom to the extent hereinafter specified.

"All persons, firms, corporations and associations engaged in the business of either storing or distributing wheat or rye, as owners, lessees or operators of warehouses or elevators, and all persons, firms, corporations and associations engaged in the business of manufacturing any products derived from wheat or rye (except those operations of daily capacity of 100 barrels or less, and farmers and co-operative associations of farmers), are hereby required to secure, on or before September 1, 1917, a license, which will be issued under such rules and regulations governing the conduct of the business as may be prescribed.

Applications for licenses must be made to the United States food administrator, Washington, D. C., upon forms prepared by him for that purpose.

"Any person, firm, corporation or association, other than those hereinbefore excepted, who shall engage in or carry on the business of storing or distributing wheat or rye as owners, lessees or operators of warehouses or elevators, or manufacturing any products derived from wheat or rye, after September 1, 1917, without first securing such license, will be liable to the penalties prescribed by said act of congress."

Prior to issuance of the proclamation, announcement was made at the food administration headquarters of the personnel of the boards which will fix prices and attend to the purchase of grain.

Determination to form a \$50,000,000 food administration grain corporation to purchase the entire 1917 crop, it is said, is to maintain fair prices, also was announced.

Simultaneously with these announcements, representatives of the grain trades met at the office of the food administration and adopted resolutions pledging their aid to any rules laid down by the government.

The personnel of the commission follows:

Henry A. Garfield, president of Williams College, chairman; Charles J. Barrett of Union City, Ga., president of the Farmers' union; William E. Dook, Danville, Va., vice president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen; Eugene E. Funk, Bloomington, Ill., president of the National Cereals Association; Edward F. Ladd, Fargo, N. D., president of the North Dakota Agricultural college; R. Goodwin Rhet, Charleston, S. C., president of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States; J. W. Shorttill, York, Neb., secretary national council of Farmers' Co-operative Union; James W. Sullivan, Brooklyn, N. Y., of the American Federation of Labor; L. J. Tabor, Burnsville, O., master of the Ohio State Grange.

The grain corporation will be put under the grain division of the food administration and its executive officers will be the same as the officers of this division, whose names were announced as follows:

Herbert Hoover, chairman; Julius Barnes, Duluth, Minn., president; Gates W. McGarrath, New York, treasurer; F. G. Cowell, Kansas City, vice president; Edward Chambers, Chicago, transportation director; Charles H. Finley, San Francisco, counsel; J. W. Shorttill, York, Neb., secretary.

Loan May Pay 4 Per Cent.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Indications are that the new \$4,000,000,000 bond issue for an allied loan, to be authorized at the present session of congress, will bear a four per cent interest. No official announcement was made.

Ford Cuts Price to Cost.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 17.—Henry Ford will accept contracts to manufacture products for the government at absolute cost, he announced. The prices, he says, will be surprisingly low. He is making 20,000 airplane cylinders.

Much Meat Exported by U. S.

New York, Aug. 16.—Meats and meat products exported from the United States in the month of July, 1917, amounted to nearly 2,000,444,000 pounds, according to a compilation by the National City bank made public.

Begin Search for Sister.

Havana, Aug. 16.—Buel Armstrong, brother of Ruth Armstrong, former schoolteacher in Youngstown, O., 1841, has been missing for several weeks, took up the search for his sister.

Miss Vollmer Marries.

Davenport, Ia., Aug. 14.—Miss Dorotha Vollmer, daughter of former congressman Henry Vollmer, recently divorced from Edward Victor Pullin, a young Chicagoan, was married at Berkeley, Cal., to Walden Gregory.

British Recruit 5,000 in U. S.

New York, Aug. 17.—More than 5,000 men for the British recruiting committee have been recruited in this country since it was announced here. About 1,000 have gone to Canada.

TROOPS FROM TWENTY-SIX STATES TO SEE ACTIVE SERVICE SOON.

GENERAL MANN IN COMMAND

Among States From Which National Guard Troops Will Be Assembled Are: Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Indiana, Minnesota, Maryland, South Carolina, North Carolina, Missouri, Virginia, North Carolina, Kansas, Texas, Michigan, New Jersey, Tennessee, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado, Oregon. The others come from District of Columbia.

Washington, Aug. 16.—Plans for sending the first National Guard troops to France have been perfected by the war department with the organization of a division which will include troops from 26 states and the District of Columbia.

The commanding officer of the division will be Brig. Gen. W. A. Mann of the regular army, now chief of the division of militia affairs of the war department.

The states from which the National Guard troops are to be assembled are: Louisiana, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, New York, Ohio, Georgia, Alabama, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Maryland, South Carolina, North Carolina, Missouri, Virginia, North Carolina, Kansas, Texas, Michigan, New Jersey, Tennessee, Oklahoma, Nebraska, Colorado, Oregon. The others come from District of Columbia.

Division of the time and place of mobilization of the division or of its departure for France are not permissible under the voluntary conscription. The structure of the division as given in the official statement shows it will conform to the reduced trench warfare divisional organization, recommended by Major General Pershing, which would give it a total strength with military troops of approximately 20,000 men.

EX-CZAR EXILED TO SIBERIA

Nicholas and Wife Sent to Tobolsk—Travel in Ordinary Train With Fifty Servants.

Petrograd, Aug. 17.—The semi-official news agency Tass announced on Wednesday that former Emperor Nicholas and his family were removed from the palace at Tsarko-Selo and that it was reported they were being transported to Tobolsk, Siberia.

Tobolsk is an out-of-the-way town of western Siberia, far from the railroad and visited only by steamers which ply the Irtysh river.

Instead of the gorgeous imperial train in which Nicholas was taken to Tsarko-Selo from Makhly in March, an ordinary train was sent. A second train was assigned to take the baggage and servants, 50 of whom accompanied the ex-emperor and his family into exile.

Nicholas was very depressed in appearance, but ex-empress Alexandra seemed lively and pleased at the prospect of a change in surroundings.

SHIP MINED; YANKEES DIE

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Teuton Influence Seen in Papal Proposals.

FOR RETURN OF ALL LANDS

Pontiff Wants Supreme Tribunal of Arbitration to Settle All Future International Disputes—Washington Diplomats See Offer Inspired by Berlin.

Rome, Italy, Aug. 15.—Peace proposals made by Pope Benedict have been delivered to all the belligerent governments.

The pope suggests restoration of Belgium, Serbia and Roumania and peaceful solution of the problems of Alsace-Lorraine, Trent, Trieste and Poland.

Pope Includes Wilson Ideas.

Washington, Aug. 15.—An unofficial outline of Pope Benedict's peace proposals received here discloses that the pontiff includes some of the principles of world peace for which President Wilson has declared. Among the pope's proposals are reduction of armaments, freedom of the seas and that there shall be no retaliatory struggle after the war for world commercial supremacy. These are regarded as the foundation stones of the pope's plan.

Included in the restoration of territory, the pope's proposals insist, should be the return of Germany of all her colonies, as well as the complete restoration of Belgium to her sovereignty.

An accurate outline of the principal points of the communication is in the hands of the government here and has received thoughtful consideration.

In eloquent language the pontiff describes the terrible condition existing in Europe, which he declares is headed for destruction unless the belligerents are willing to listen to the appeals of disinterested friends to cease a suicidal war. Such conditions, the pope feels, amply justify him in taking the present opportunity to suggest what may be, he hopes, at least a foundation upon which peace negotiations may be initiated.

Indorses Plans of President.

Unqualified approval of President Wilson's plan for the avoidance of future wars by some form of international organization which shall have the power to enforce its judgments is given by Pope Benedict, who declares that along with such a splendid project must go an effective arrangement for reduction of armaments to a point just sufficient for defensive purposes or to carry out the mandates of the world court.

Must Be Freedom of Seas.

Any attempt to prevent free economic action between the belligerents, the pope points out, would be disastrous; therefore he says there must be freedom of the seas in all that the term implies.

On the important question of the disposition of occupied territory and the territorial ambitions of the belligerents the pope, by way of preface, admits that special cases might justify special considerations and still be adjusted to equity and justice. But, as a general proposition, he feels that a proper basis for discussion would be the restoration of all territory now in enemy occupation. That would involve liberation of Belgium, leaving not a trace of German control, political or military.

The same principle of unencumbered freedom in its full sense, he says, should prevail in regard to every power and nation. Not only must French territory now occupied by Germany be restored to France, he says, but, on the other hand, all German colonies which have been occupied by England, Portugal, Belgium and Japan should be returned to Germany.

Would Hear Voice of People.

The more difficult question of Italy, Irredentism, the pope thinks, should be examined in a spirit of conciliation and fairness and that a special consideration in the settlement should be given to national aspirations.

Likewise does the pope hold that the complex questions involved in readjustment of the Balkan states should be approached with a spirit of equity and justice. He has especially in mind Armenia, the Balkans and Poland, and the intimation conveyed is that these questions can safely be dealt with by direct diplomatic exchanges between the belligerents, once an agreement is reached upon the general principles of recognition of national aspirations and justice.

Within the entente diplomatic circle the opinion was freely and promptly expressed that the peace proposal was inspired by Germany and was an attempt to split the allies in a conflicting discussion of their war aims.

British See Hand of Kaiser.

London, Aug. 15.—The peace proposals received here demands the restoration of all German colonies to Germany.

"These so-called peace terms have a distinct German flavor," this reply was given in an authoritative quarter in London in reply to a question by a correspondent in regard to the Vatican proposals.

During the last decade three states—California, Colorado and Michigan—contained three-fourths of the area under sugar beets in this country and produced three-fourths of the beets and sugar.

A material known as "superglass" used in making automobile windshields is made by welding a layer of transparent celluloid between two sheets of plate glass. If struck by a heavy object, the "superglass" will crack, but the occupants of the car will not be injured by flying splinters.

Not There.

Farmer Brown—Look here, mister, the war map you sold me ain't correct!

Shopkeeper—Really! How do you know that?

Farmer Brown—My boy has written home, and says he's just going to Reconnoiter. But I'm hanged if I can find the place marked on the map!

—The American Boy.

Like for Roasts.

Nearly all persons dislike a roast but not the kind the butcher sells.

TEXT OF PEACE APPEAL BY POPE

Message to U. S. Comes Through King George.

RULER ACTS AS INTERMEDIARY

Pontiff Implores Divine Counsel and Urges Boundaries as Before War and Disarmament as Chief Primary Basis.

London, Aug. 17.—The foreign office issued the French text of the letter from the pope to the king, enclosing a copy of his appeal to the heads of the belligerent peoples. This is the letter to the king accompanying the appeal:

"Your majesty, the holy father, anxious to do everything he can in order to put an end to the conflict which for the last three years has ravaged the civilized world, has decided to submit to the leaders of the belligerent peoples concrete peace proposals, exposed in a document which I have the honor to attach to this letter. May God grant that the words of his holiness will this time produce the desired effect for the good of the whole of humanity."

King Requested to Forward Plea.

"The holy see, not having diplomatic relations with the French government, and the government of Italy or the United States, I very respectfully beg your majesty to be good enough to have handed a copy of his holiness' appeal to the president of the French republic, to his majesty the king of Italy, and to the president of the United States. I also beg to add other copies which I request your majesty to be good enough to hand to the leaders of the nations friendly to the allies, with the exception, however, of Russia, Belgium and Brazil, to whom the document has been sent direct."

"In expressing to your majesty my sincere thanks for this extreme kindness, I am happy to take the opportunity to offer you the homage of a devout and very profound respect, with which I beg the honor to sign myself your majesty's very humble and devoted servant."

GASPARRI.

"Papal Secretary of State."

Text of Appeal Made by Pope.

To the leaders of the belligerent peoples:

"Since the beginning of our pontificate, with the horrors of a terrible war set loose upon Europe, we have in view above everything three things to preserve: "Perfect impartiality toward all belligerents as is suitable for him who is the Common Father and who loves all his children with equal affection."

"Continually to attempt to do all the good possible and that our attitude of person, without distinction of nationality or religion as is dictated to us by the universal law of charity which the supreme spiritual church has confided to us with Christ."

"Finally, as our pacific mission also requires, to omit nothing as long as it was in our power which might contribute to hasten the end of this calamity by trying to lead people and their leaders to more moderate resolution, to hasten a serene deliberation of a peace just and durable."

Vatican Shows No Partiality.

"Whoever has followed our work during these three painful years which have just passed has been able easily to recognize that if we have always remained faithful to our resolve of absolute impartiality and to our attitude of benevolence, we have not ceased to exhort the people and the belligerent brothers again to become brethren, although publicity has not been given to all that we have done to attain this very noble aim."

"Is this civilized world to be nothing more than a field of death? And is it going to be sacrificed by a universal madness, to run to the abyss and to lend its hand to its own suicide?"

"Through the voice even of humanity and of reason we once more emit the cry of peace and we renew a pressing appeal to those who hold in their hands the destinies of nations."

Basic to Peace Must Be Goodwill.

"But in order no longer to speak in general terms as the circumstances had counseled us in the past, we now wish to make more concrete and practical proposals and to invite the governments of the belligerent peoples to come to an agreement upon the following points which seem to be the basis of a just and durable peace, leaving to them the task of analyzing and completing them."

"First of all, the fundamental points must be that the material force of arms be substituted by the moral force of right from which shall arise a fair agreement by all for the simultaneous and reciprocal diminution of armaments according to the rules and measures to be established by a permanent maintenance of public order in each state."

"Then in the substitution for armies the institution of arbitration, with its high pacifying function, according to the rules to be laid down and the penalties to be imposed on the states which refuse to submit a national question to arbitration or to accept its decision."

"Once the supremacy of right has thus been established, all obstacles to the means of communication of the peoples would disappear by assuring, by rules to be fixed later, the true liberty of the press."

SOME POSTSCRIPTS.

Chinese and Japanese bells are clapperless and never swing, they are entirely covered by striking them with wooden mallets.

Used only locally by the natives for smelting, the coal deposits of Angola have been found rich in petroleum by Cape Town chemists.

Apparatus that enables men who have lost the use of their hands to write with their feet has been invented by a physician in Portland, Ore.

The German city of Nuremberg plans to build a tunnel two miles long to help control a river which has caused 138 disastrous floods.

An incandescent lamp socket has been entirely covered with porcelain for use in places where wet hands might produce serious shocks.

A novelty in the egg-cup line has a space around the bowl that can be filled with hot water to keep its contents warm.

An instrument to measure the susceptibility of persons to suggestions from others is the invention of a French scientist.

WOMAN COULD HARDLY STAND

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fulton, N. Y. — "Why will women pay out their money for treatment and receive no benefit, when so many have proved that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will make them well?"

"For over a year I suffered so from female weakness I could hardly stand, and I was afraid to go on the street alone. Doctors said medicines were useless and only an operation would help me, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved it otherwise. I am now perfectly well and can do any kind of work."—Mrs. NELLIE PIERCE, care of R. A. Rider, R.F.D. No. 5, Fulton, N. Y.

We wish every woman who suffers from female troubles, nervousness, headache or the blues could see the letters written by women made well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If you have bad symptoms and do not understand the cause, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

ECZEMA!

Money back without question if ECZEMA does not disappear after the treatment of ITCH, ECZEMA, RINGWORMS, etc., by Dr. J. C. Watson's Eczema Ointment. Price 50c at drug stores. Write for free booklet. Dr. J. C. Watson, 111 E. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

Save the Calves!

The Real Adventure

A NOVEL

By Henry Kittell Webster

CHAPTER XXV—Continued.

It was a good while before Rose got the key to his preoccupation. They had turned into the park at Sixty-sixth street, and were half-way over to the Fifth avenue corner at Fifty-ninth, before he spoke out.

"On a day like this," he said, "to have sat there for two or three mortal hours arguing about stale ideas—when we might have been out there, being alive! But it must have seemed natural to you to hear me going on like that." And then with a burst, before she could speak:

"You must remember me as the most blindly opinionated fool in the world!" She caught her breath, then said very quietly, with a warm little laugh in her voice: "That's not how I remember you, Roddy."

She declined to help him when he tried to scramble back to the safe shores of conventional conversation. That sort of thing had lasted long enough. And when they stopped and faced each other in the grey brick entrance to the building where Rose's apartment was, it was at the end of a mile or more of absolutely unbroken silence. And facing each other there, all that was said between them was this:

"You'll come in, won't you?" and his "Yes."

But the gravity with which she uttered the invitation and the tenderness of his acceptance of it, the square look that passed between them, marked an end of something and the beginning of something new.

She left him in her sitting room while she went into her room to take off her hat and jacket and take a glance into her mirror. When she came back she found him standing at her window, looking out. He didn't turn when she came in, but almost immediately he began speaking. She went rather limp at the sound of his voice and dropped down on an ottoman in front of the fireplace, and squeezed her hands together between her knees.

"I don't know how much you will have understood," he began; "probably a good deal. What I hope you will have guessed is that I would never have come except that I'd something to tell you—something I felt you were entitled to be told. But I felt—this is what you won't have understood—felt that I hadn't any right to speak to you at all, about anything vital, until I'd given you some sort of guarantee that I'd shown you that I was a person it was possible to deal reasonably with."

And she smiled, and her hands suddenly to her eyes. "I understood," she said.

"Well then—" But he didn't wait on. Stood there a while longer at the window, then crossed the room and brought up before her bookshelves, staring blindly at the titles. He hadn't looked at her even as he crossed the room.

"Oh, it's a presumptions thing to try to say," he broke out at last, "in pitifully unnecessary thing to say, because you must know it without my telling you. But when you went away you said—you said it was because you hadn't my—friendship? You said that was the thing you wanted, and that you were going to try and earn it. And you told me that I'd never be able to see that the thing you were doing there was a fine thing, worth doing, entitled to my respect. But what I've come down here to say is—is that now, at last—I do see it."

She would have spoken then if she could have commanded her voice, as it was, the sound of her made conveyed her intention to him, for he turned upon her quickly as if to interrupt the unspoken words, and went on with an almost savage bitterness:

"Oh, I'm under no illusions about it. I had my chance to see, when seeing would have meant something to you—helped you. When anyone who is the blindest sort of fool would have seen. I didn't. Now, when the thing is patent for the world to see—now that you've won your fight without any help from me—I without any help! In spite of every hindrance that my idleness could put in your way! Now, after all—I come and tell you that you've earned the thing you've set out to get."

There was a little silence after that. She got up and took the post he had abandoned at the window.

"Why did you do it, Roddy?" she asked. "I mean, why did you want to come and tell me?"

"Why, in the first place," he said, "I wanted to get back a little of my self-respect. I couldn't get that until I told you."

This time the silence was longer. "What else did you want?" she asked. "What—in the second place?"

"I want to earn your friendship. It's the biggest thing I can hope for. But I've no idea that you can hand it out to me ready-made. I believe you'd do it if you could, but you said once, yourself, that it wasn't a thing that could be given. It was a thing that had to be earned. And you were right about that, as you were about so many other things. Well, I'm going to try to earn it."

"Is that—all you want?" she asked, and then, hearing the little gasp he gave, she swung around quickly and looked at him. He was pretty dark in the room, but his face in the dusk seemed to have whitened.

"Is friendship all you want of me, Roddy?" she asked again. She stood there waiting, a full minute, in silence. Then she said: "You don't have to tell me that. Because I know. Oh—oh, my dear, how well I know!"

He didn't come to her; just stood there, gripping the corner of her bookcase and staring at her silhouette, which was about all he could see of her against the window. At last he said, in a strained, dry voice she'd hardly have known for his:

"You. I don't know how you guessed. If I dreamed I was betraying that to you—I don't know—it's burst into me so that I'll never forget—what the memory of my love must be to you? The memory of the little things that I've done for you? And now, after all that—after you've won your fight—alone—and stand where you stand now—for me to come begging! And take a gift like that! I tell you it is pity. It can't be anything else."

There was another minute of silence, and then he heard her make a little noise in her throat, a noise that would have been a sob had there not been something like a laugh in it. The next moment she said, "Come over here, Roddy," and as he hesitated, as if he hadn't understood, she added: "I want you to look at me. Over here, where there's light enough to see me by."

He came, wondering, very slowly, but at last with her outstretched hand she reached him and drew him around behind her and into the window. "Look into my face," she commanded. "Look into my eyes—as far in as you can. Oh, my dearest—the sob of pure joy came again—'Is it pity that you see? Don't you understand?'"

He did understand it with his mind, but he was a little dazed, like one who has stood too near where the lightning strikes. The hope he had kept buried alive so long—buried alive because it wouldn't die—could not be brought out into a blinding glory like this without pain—exquisite, terrifying pain.

The knowledge she had acquired by her own suffering stood her in good stead now. She did not mistake, as the Rose he had married might have done, the weakness of his response for coldness—indifference. She led him over to her own big chair and made him sit down in it, settled herself upon the arm of it, and contented herself with one of his hands. Presently he took one of hers, beat his face down over it, and brushed the back of it with his lips.

The timidity of that caress, with all it revealed to her, was too much for her. She swallowed a sob, and another, but the next one got away from her and she broke out in a passionate fit of weeping. That roused him from his daze a little, and he pulled her down in his arms—held her tight—comforted her. When she got herself in hand again, she got up, went away to wash her face, and, coming back in the room again, lighted a reading lamp and drew down the blinds.

"Rose," he said presently, "what are we going to do?" "Should we make it a real honeymoon, Roddy—make it as complete as we can? Forget everything and let all the world be—"

He supplied the word for her, "Rose-colored?" She accepted it with a little laugh. "For a while?"

"That's what I was thinking for," he said, "but I can't think very straight tonight. I've got it now, though. That cottage we had—before the twins were born—down on the Cape. There won't be a soul there this time of year. We'd have the world to ourselves."

"Yes," she said, "for a little while, while—after a day or two, could we have the babies? Could the nurse bring them on to me and then go straight back, so that I could have them, and you, all together?"

He said, "You darling!" But he couldn't manage more than that.

At the entrance and just out of range of the elevator man, he kissed her good night.

"But will you telephone to me as soon as you wake up in the morning, so that I'll know it's true?"

She nodded. Then her eyes went wide and she clung to him. "Is it true, Roddy? Is it possible for a thing to come back like that? Are we really the old Roddy and Rose, planning our honeymoon again?"

"No like that, perhaps," he said, "exactly. It will be better by all we've learned and suffered since."

CHAPTER XXVI.

The Beginning.

There was a sense in which this prediction of Roddy's about their honeymoon was altogether true. They had great hours—hours of an emotional intensity greater than any they had known during that former honeymoon, greater by all they had learned and suffered since—hours that repaid all that suffering, and even, as it had been, captured at any smaller price.

But life, of course, cannot be made up of hours like that. No sane person can even want to live in a perpetual ecstasy. What makes a mountain peak is the fall away into the surrounding valleys.

In their valleys of commonplace, everyday existence—and these occasions were not until, presently, they acknowledged this, tore up their artificial resolution not to look at the future, and deliberately set themselves to the contemplation of a life that would have to take into account complex and baffling considerations, that their honeymoon became a success.

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the time of the receipt of Miss French's telegram, telling them what train she and the twins would take. Rose had been telling of the hours in mounting excitement. The two lovely adorable little creatures, as the pictures of them in Roddy's pocket-book showed them to be, who were miraculously, incredibly hers, were coming to bring motherhood to her—

She didn't go to Boston with Roddy to meet them; stayed behind in the cottage, ostensibly to see to it, up to the very last minute, that the fires were right (June had been in cold and rainy), and in general, to be ready, on the moment, to produce anything that their rather unforeseeable needs might call for. Her real reason was a shrinking from having her first meeting with them in the confusion of arrival on a station platform, under the eyes of the world. Roddy understood this well enough, and, chaperoning her, he came, chambered, and in a wagon with them and carried them both straight in to Rose, leaving the nurse and the bewildering paraphernalia of travel for a second trip.

Rose, in the passionate surge of gentled desire that came with the sight of them, caught them from him in cold and rainy), and in general, to be ready, on the moment, to produce anything that their rather unforeseeable needs might call for. Her real reason was a shrinking from having her first meeting with them in the confusion of arrival on a station platform, under the eyes of the world. Roddy understood this well enough, and, chaperoning her, he came, chambered, and in a wagon with them and carried them both straight in to Rose, leaving the nurse and the bewildering paraphernalia of travel for a second trip.

Rose didn't make a tragedy of it; managed a smile at herself, though she suspected she'd cry when she got the chance, and subjected her ideas to an instantaneous revision. They were persons, those two little creatures, little mites, with their own ideas, own preferences, and the perfectly adequate conviction of being entitled to them. How would she herself have liked it, to have a total stranger, fifteen feet high or so, snatch her like that?

She was rather apologetic all day, and got her reward, especially for the boy, who was an adventurous and rather innocent baby, much, she fancied, as his father must once have been, and who took to her more quickly than the girl did. Indeed, the second Roddy fell in love with her almost as promptly as his father had done before him. But little Porcia wasn't very far behind. Two days suffered for the conquest of the pair of them.

The really disquieting discovery awaited the time when the wire edge of novelty about this adventure in motherhood had worn off; when she could bathe them, dress them, feed them their very strictly regimented meals, without being spurred to the highest pitch of alertness by the fear of making a mistake—forgetting a thing like the juice of an orange at ten o'clock in the morning, the omission of which might leave—no, what disastrous consequences!

That attitude can't last any woman long, and Rose, with her wonderfully clever hands, her wit trained not to be told the same thing twice, her pride keeping in sharp focus the determination that Roddy should be a mother, she could be as good as a nurse as Miss French—Rose wore off that nervous tension over her new job very quickly. Within a week she had a routine established that was noiseless—frictionless.

But, do you remember how against she was over the forty weeks John Galbraith had talked about as the probable run of "The End Up Side" of her constant over the idea of just going on doing the same thing over and over again, "around and around, like a horse at the end of a pole?"

Well, it was with something the same feeling of consternation that, having thrown herself heart and soul into the task of planning and setting in motion a routine for two little, half-bred babies, she should find herself straightening up and saying: "What next?" and realizing that, so far as this job was concerned, there was no "next." The supreme merit of her care from now on would be in barring emergencies—the placid continuation of that routine. There were no heroes about motherhood—save in emergency, and even then, it was, perhaps, the finest in the world. But as a job, it wasn't so satisfactory. Four-fifths of it, anyway, could be done with better results, for the children, by a placid, unimaginative, tolerably stupid person who had no stronger feeling for them than the mild, temporary affection they could excite in anyone not a monster. And the other fifth of it wasn't a job at all.

On the whole, then, leaving their miraculous hours out of the account, their honeymoon, considered as an attempt to revisit Arcady, to seize a golden day which looked neither toward the future, complete in itself, nor toward the past, was a failure.

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give him time for anything else. "What's the matter with you, Roddy?" she demanded. "We ought to be happy. We meant to be." Her voice broke in a sob over that. "And here we are—like this!"

"It hasn't all been like this," he said. "There have been hours, a day or two, that I'd go through the whole thing over, again, if necessary." She nodded assent to that. "But the rest of the time?" "Why can't we be—comfortable together? Why—why—Roddy, why can't you be a little more like your old self. Why don't you run at me, any more? And swear when you run into things? I've never seen you formal before—not with anybody. Not even with strangers. And now you're formal with me!"

The rueful grin with which he acknowledged the truth of this indictment was more like him, and it cheered him immensely. She answered it with one of her own, dried her eyes, and asked again, more collectedly:

"Well, can you tell me why?" "Why, it seemed to me," he said, "that it was you who were different. And you have changed, of course, down inside, more than I have. You've been through things in the last year and a half, found out things that I

know nothing about, except as I have read about them in books. So, when I remember how things used to be between us how I used to be the one who knew things, and how I preached and spouted, I get to feeling that the man you remember must look to you now like—well, like a schoolboy showing off."

She stared at him incredulously. "But that's downright morbid," she said. "It's horrible that I should make you feel like that," she concluded.

"It isn't you," he told her. "It's just the situation. I can't help feeling that I'm taken on approval. Oh, it's not like that. I'm not saying that. But, with all the forgiveness in the world, you can't forget. And until you have seen that I'm not different, that I have made myself different. . . ."

She gave a shaky laugh. "On approval?" Her eyes filled again. "Roddy, you can't mean that!" She came over and sat down in his lap, and said her arm around his neck. "This is where we'll begin!" She said.

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She stared at him incredulously. "But that's downright morbid," she said. "It's horrible that I should make you feel like that," she concluded.

"It isn't you," he told her. "It's just the situation. I can't help feeling that I'm taken on approval. Oh, it's not like that. I'm not saying that. But, with all the forgiveness in the world, you can't forget. And until you have seen that I'm not different, that I have made myself different. . . ."

She gave a shaky laugh. "On approval?" Her eyes filled again. "Roddy, you can't mean that!" She came over and sat down in his lap, and said her arm around his neck. "This is where we'll begin!" She said.

protested. "You deserve a real wife, Roddy; not somebody dashing in and dashing out!"

"You don't deserve anything I can't get," he said. "I'd rather have a part interest in you than to possess, lock, stock and barrel, any other woman I can think of."

She came back to him again and settled in his arms. "A man told me," she said, "John Galbraith told me that he couldn't be a woman's friend and her lover at the same time, any more than a steel spring could be more than a steel spring. He said, 'If you're like copper, and still be a spring. He said that was true of him, anyway, and he felt sure it was true of nine men out of a dozen. Do you think it's true? Have we got to decide which we'll be?'"

"We can't decide," he said with an impatient laugh. "That's just what I've been telling you. We've got to take what we can get. We've got to solve that problem. The only solution that is our relation—the Rose and Roddy relation. I'll probably be a little different from any other. There'll be friendship in it, and there'll be love in it. Imagine our 'deciding' that we wouldn't be lovers! But I guess that what Galbraith said was true to this extent: that each of those two things, if it's the case, will be more or less at the expense of the other. It won't be quite so well and it will be a little."

After a while he said: "Here's what we've got to build on: Whatever else it may or may not be, this relation between us is a permanent thing. We've lived with each other and without each other, and we know which we want. If we find it has its limitations and drawbacks, we needn't worry. Just go ahead and make the best of it. There's no question about that. We're going to be happy. When we are happy it'll be so much to the good. And when we aren't—"

She gave a contented little laugh and cuddled closer down against him. "You talk like Solomon in all his solemnity," she said. "But you can't imagine that we're going to be unhappy. Really?"

His answer was that perhaps he couldn't imagine it, but that he knew it, just the same. "It's on an ordinary marriage isn't any too easy; a marriage, I mean, where it's quite well understood which of the parties to it shall always submit to the other, and which of them is the important one who's always to have the right of way. There's generally something perfectly unbecomingly that decides that question. But with us there's no question. We've got to give in every time a difference arises." She burst into a look of extreme apprehension. She was deeply and utterly content with life just then. But he wouldn't be diverted. "There's another reason," he went on. "I've a notion that the thing we're after is about the finest thing there is. If that's so, we'll have to pay for it. One way or another. But we're not going to worry about it. We'll just go ahead—and see what happens."

"Do you remember when you said that before?" asked Rose. "You told me that marriage was an adventure anyway, and that the only thing to do was to try it—and see what happens. . . ."

He grinned. "The real adventure's just begun," he said. "Anyhow," she murmured drowsily, "you can talk to me again. Just as if we weren't married!"

And there is just about where they stand today—at the beginning, or hardly past the beginning, of what he spoke of as their real adventure. They are going forward prepared to make the best of it and see what happens.

THE END.

"A FOOL AND HIS MONEY—"

The World is Better Off When They Are Parted and the Cash is in Pockets of a Wise Man.

A fool and his money are soon parted. That's right.

The best thing that can happen to a fool's money is to get in the pockets of a wise man. So don't sell your money when you hear that a Pennsylvania man "blows in" \$15,000 in one day or spends \$1,000 for a few extra pairs of clothes, says Girard in the Philadelphia Ledger.

When a spendthrift eats \$8 worth of terrapin and calls for more the money doesn't go down his throat. Blues you, no; because it goes to the hotel man, who scatters these \$80 cents to the house-boys.

The thoughtless sigh when they read about somebody's giving a monkey dinner at Newport. But ask you if getting rid of his money as fast as possible is not the very best thing which a monkey-dinner promoter could do with it?

When a man or woman has not the sense to spend money wisely, why, the answer and faster it goes the better for the rest of the world.

The worst thing anybody can do with money is to look it up. Wise ones make their cash work harder than any slave toiled on a cotton plantation. Even a slave had time to sleep, but a sensible man, no matter whether he have ten or ten million dollars, keeps it on the treadmill all day and all night and every day of the year.

Hence your spendthrift when he orders \$500 worth of wine for a dinner, plus \$1,000 worth of flowers, and hands the waiters a \$50 bill for a tip, is doing what? Merely transferring his cash from one treadmill where it is needed to a score of different mills where it is needed.

So instead of revelling these lavish sounds say to them "God bless you."

HARVEST WAR CROP OF APPLES SHORTLY

It Will Equal Two Bushels for Every Man, Woman and Child in the Land.

STAPLE FOODS TO ALLIES

Motto This Year Is "Eat an Apple and Send a Biscuit"—Unusual Need For Handling Crop—May Be Short of Help.

The United States is about to harvest its great war crop of apples. It equals two bushels to every man, woman and child in the country. In only a few days more the entire country will be sending its apples to our fighting allies. Americans are urged to use as many apples as possible. The motto this year is: "Eat an apple and send a biscuit."

War conditions also confront the apple growers, for there is a scarcity of pickers, and careful preparations must now be made to see that this crop is all safely harvested and put into storage. Now is the time to begin organizing pickers in every apple-growing section. A survey of the situation shows that the farmer will need co-operation from business men in the towns and cities round about at which he trades, and which have just as great an interest in this crop as the farmer himself. This is emergency organization work to be taken up immediately by chambers of commerce, boards of trade, state and county councils of defense, and business men generally.

The labor supply to harvest this crop exists right in the cities adjacent to the apple orchards in most cases, but the draft and demands of factories and railroads for labor have disturbed the normal supply of workers upon which the farmer usually draws, and it is necessary to recruit new kinds of workers. A people who have never regarded themselves as apple pickers may this year be asked to go to the orchards and help get in the crop for patriotic reasons.

The organization work should take the form of an immediate survey of labor resources to see where a picking force is to be recruited. Stores and factories can often release clerks and workmen for this service. It is notified in advance of the need for labor, and two of vacation in the country with light, healthy outdoor work at satisfactory wages, may also be induced to join the picking army. It has been suggested that the schools might be opened later this year so that boys and girls can be sent to the orchards, but this will not be necessary in all cases. One very good source of pickers can be found among the women's organizations of this country.

Much is heard about the scarcity of labor, but there is not as great a scarcity as most people imagine. Workers upon whom the farmer depends in ordinary times have simply been shifted into other occupations, and war conditions demand that business men stop in, locate other classes of workers who can be shifted to the orchards for this emergency and see that the farmer has plenty of help.

The principles of careful fruit picking are very simple, and easily understood. If the farmer can start with two or three experienced pickers and spend a little time explaining good picking methods to his volunteers, they should get excellent results, for these volunteers, while new to the work, will also be people of good average intelligence, and the war emergency will appeal to their interest so that they will be more than ready to help harvest the crop skillfully.

Apple growers are advised to get in touch with the business organizations in their nearest town, ask that they be given a securing pickers and report the number of pickers needed by themselves. One of the greatest difficulties in organizing harvest hands for any crop is that of gathering accurate information as to how many helpers are needed on each farm and in each township. For lack of such information it is very often happened that too many pickers were sent, and the result was a loss of time and money. It is very important, therefore, that a township twenty-five or thirty miles away will have a surplus of workers. By ascertaining in advance just how many workers will be needed in each locality, business organizations will be able to recruit a sufficient force and there will be neither scarcity nor surplus in any section.

This year's apple crop calls for special methods of handling. The size of the crop makes it necessary to send only the first-class fruit to market and to see that all seconds and culls are sold in bulk around home or worked up into by-products. There must be great care to see that apples are not exposed to the heat of outdoors after picking, but are promptly housed in temporary storage places on the farm and carefully cooled. The scarcity of pickers will probably make it necessary to pick and house the crop first and grade and pack it afterwards. Full directions for handling the fruit will be published later.

The great big task immediately ahead is that of securing a picking force, and in this work the business man and the farmer are co-operating to an extent never known before. This is a war crop. It will be harvested with a war organization.

A Call Misinterpreted.

"But I thought you said your friends demanded that you run for congress?"

"That's what I thought," replied the defeated candidate, "but I've since concluded that it was my enemies who were looking for an easy man to snow under."

Apply Compared.

Jimmy—O'wan! Your father for a dime. You can get it off him like lakki candy from a baby.

Bobby—Sure! He'll put me the same kind of a rant the baby'd make.

Quite a Sportsman.

Simpson—Do you enjoy hunting and fishing?

Jimpon—No, but my wife does. She puts in most of the time hunting a house and fishing for compliments.

Weather conditions were not favorable for the sugar and corn crops in the Union of South Africa in the last year. The corn crop will be 10 per

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Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.; 7 to 8 p. m.
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and Eye Surgery. Riverview
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OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
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Rapids. Office hours: 9 to 12,
2 to 6, 7 to 8

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fice over First Natl. Bank, East
Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

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Room 7, MacKinnon
Block, Grand Rapids,
Wisconsin. Phone 873
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cause is in your spine
Take CHIRO-
PRACTIC "SPINAL AD-
JUSTMENTS" and
get well
Consultation Hours
9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 6,
7 to 9 p. m.
Consultation Free
Lady Attendants

July 10, 1917. Aug. 23.
NOTICE OF SUMMER SALE IN
FORECLOSURE
State of Wisconsin, Wood County—In Cir-
cuit Court.
ARTHUR C. LUKDIER,
Plaintiff.
HANORAH VAUGHAN,
Defendant.
By virtue of the judgment of foreclosure
and sale made in a certain equity action
on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1916, the
undersigned sheriff of Wood County, Wis-
consin, will sell at the front and north cor-
ner of the court house located on Baker street,
in the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, on
the 15th day of September, A. D. 1917, at
10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following
real estate and mortgaged premises de-
scribed as follows, to-wit: The North-
west half (W 1/2) of the Northwest quarter
of Section No. 25, Township No. 22, Range
No. 10, East of the Meridian for the past year.
Mrs. Nellie Fox was called to An-
nounce Monday by the death of an
uncle.

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE
Thursday, August 23, 1917
—Published by—
W. A. DRUMB & A. D. SUTOR
Entered at the postoffice at Grand
Rapids, Wisconsin, as second class
mail matter.
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Six months, 75c; 3 months, 40c; if
paid in advance.
Published every Thursday at Grand
Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin.
Telephone Number 224
ADVERTISING RATES
Resolutions, each.....75c
Card of Thanks, each.....25c
Transit Road, per line.....10c
Obituary Notice, per line.....5c
Paid Entertainment, per line.....5c
Display Ad Rates, per inch.....15c
Illustrations, each.....1.00
"Our country." In her intercourse
with foreign nations, only she always
be in the right; but our country, right
or wrong.—Stephen Decatur.
MAY RAISE HEMP
Prof. Wright of the University
of Wisconsin, in the city one day
last week for the purpose of inspect-
ing the conditions existing on some
of the marshlands in this vicinity
with a view to passing on the fitness
of the ground for raising hemp.
Mr. E. P. Arpin has been interest-
ing himself in this matter for several
years past and has put in consid-
erable study and investigation on the
subject. He has been making find-
ings on the methods used and the
requirements of the industry, and as
a result has become pretty well in-
formed on the subject. The Arpin
company has raised some hemp on
their farm in the town of Cranmore,
but as yet the matter has been in an
experimental stage. However, it is
evident that with the prevailing
prices of hemp it might be possible to
make pretty good money off from
some of the marshland in this vicinity
if the conditions are right.
WISCONSIN WINTER WHEAT
Local Farmers "Official Growers"
It has been demonstrated that win-
ter wheat is very profitable as a rotation
crop in Wisconsin, and the col-
lege of agriculture has developed
some of the finest hard winter wheat
in the world, known as Pedigree
No. 2.
Progressive Wisconsin farmers will
be sold small amounts of this wheat
to be raised for seed purposes. They
will be known as "Official Growers"
and will receive a certificate showing
that they are taking part in this big
movement to put Wisconsin on the
Wheat map and dollars in the pockets
of the farmers.
The First National Bank of this
city has been appointed one of the
distributors of the seed, and have all
particulars. There are only forty
bushels available for this locality.
Any of our farmers who wish to
act as "Official Growers" should tele-
phone or write the bank at once, if
unable to call in person.
CITY PRODUCES PORK
The city of Hull, Mass., has a herd
of 325 hogs which are turning cash
into pork and are a cheap and ef-
ficient disposal of waste that was possible
under the former garbage-reduction
methods. Hull's municipal or com-
munity piggy bank has been a cheap-
er and more profitable for more meat
production, and officials of the United
States department of agriculture and
of the Massachusetts agricultural
college report the system as practical.
The town's committee of public
safety advanced the money to buy the
young pigs, which were taken at cost
by citizens. The hogs were raised
and housed the hogs was given free,
so the only cost was for two large
hog houses. One man feeds and
manages the entire herd. Each day
the unwanted garbage is taken away
before any more is fed; and hogs are
incubated against cholera and are
kept under sanitary conditions.
When the hogs are ready for mar-
ket the unit cost of care and feeding
will be shared equally by the owners,
and this sum plus the original cost of
the pig will be the only expense to
the owners. The public safety com-
mittee is holding a surplus of young
sows for breeding, since it plans to
continue the system. Citizens of this
town extol the advantages of the
garbage disposal and recommend it
for other places of similar size.
WIDTH OF SLEIGHS IS
PROSCRIBED BY LAW
One of the interesting acts passed
by the state legislature at the last
session is a law proscribing the width
of sleighs; that is, the distance be-
tween the runners.
According to chapter 605, Laws of
1917, after January 1, 1918, it will
be contrary to law for anyone to sell
now or at first hand a draft sleigh,
or any other sleigh, the width of the
sleigh is four feet, six inches apart.
And also it will be contrary to law
for anyone to drive a sleigh of any
other size which was purchased now
after January 1, 1918.
The purpose of the law is to stan-
dardize the size of sleighs, so that the
winter roads may be passable to both
cavalry and sleighs. The penalty for
violation is a fine of from five to
twenty-five dollars. Of course, it is
evident that such standardization can
not take effect until sleighs of other
size bought now as late as December
31, 1918, have been worn out.
John Woloski has recently in-
creased the appearance and value of
his farm by erecting a large, new
granary.
Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Kinney were
pleasantly surprised last Friday eve-
ning by a crowd of their friends who
called unexpectedly to spend the
evening. All report a pleasant time.
Walter Cushman returned home
last week from Michigan. He will
make the home folks a visit and then
intend to enlist in Uncle Sam's army.
R. W. and E. D. Parks, Wm. Cus-
man, W. D. Beadle, D. H. Parks, C.
Kinney, H. D. and F. D. Fox, all went
down to Camp Douglas by auto last
Sunday and enjoyed a visit at the
camp of our Samuels. The latter
four above mentioned parties con-
tinued a journey down in the count-
down part of the state, returning by
Portage, Waupun and Appleton over
the Yellowstone Trail. They report
that the country is beautiful and that
down there are excellent
Clayton Slack spent part of last
week here visiting at the home of his
brother, Harry. He has been com-
plimentary to Madison for the past year.
Mrs. Nellie Fox was called to An-
nounce Monday by the death of an
uncle.
Culture may be great stuff. But a
Low-Necked girl can always get a
man away from a High-Browed girl.

EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY

Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County

SARATOGA
We acknowledge having had a very
pleasant visit with our old friend, the
editor, when in town Saturday. We
saw in the section, and what was our
surprise and pleasure to have a
stranger enter, salute and greet us as
the high mogul of the joint. This
should convince you there are others
who can fill an editor's chair, even if
you do run a bang-up good sheet.
Mrs. Catherine Heinz, son George
and son-in-law Arthur Doherty, Ne-
kosesa, with a former neighbor and
his wife whose name we forget, spent
Sunday afternoon on their Saratoga
farm, known as the Weller, or better,
the old Houston farm on the Ten
Mile.
Geo. Roedel, who is a tenant on
Mrs. Heinz' farm has been playing a
streak of bad luck, having lost the
horse recently received from Milwa-
ukee, and at present has a very sick
horse from spinal meningitis.
Preaching services were held at
the church Sunday. Mrs. Walter
Dietrich of Chicago had her infant
daughter baptized, Grandma and
Grandpa Dietrich standing sponsors.
The child was named Margarette
Louise. Mrs. Margrey rendered a
solo. Rev. Reiske delivered an ex-
cellent appeal on repentance.
It strikes us that the "women"
should be well stocked with good
books and that it should be the
aim to give our young folks and the
children a chance to get what little
they can by attending church service.
Once a month. In place of asking the
boys to give up seats and allowing
them to saunter out of church, why
not a few extra seats on that plat-
form, which occupies at least one
week at the Otto Lorenz home, de-
parted for his home in Chicago on
Monday.
Mrs. E. Malmstrom and daughter
Ruth of Chicago arrived here last
week and will visit for some time at
the Alfred Suderland home.
Mrs. J. Young spent Sunday at the
Eugene Meyers home.
Mrs. F. H. Lee of Nekosesa, Mrs.
W. H. Davy of Chicago, O. Lewis of
North Dakota, Mrs. and Mr. F.
Coombs and son, Mrs. Lona Nickle
and Will Varvoort visited at the
Young and Lee home Sunday.
Henry Kniprath and wife visited at
the Tracy home Sunday.
H. Young called at the John
Drake home in Nekosesa Sunday fore-
noon.
Miss Margaret Varvoort of Nekosesa
attended the dance at the H. Lever
home Saturday night.
Martin Townsend lost one of his
horses last week, heart trouble being
the cause of the loss.
Mrs. Lee and children autoed to
Camp Douglas Tuesday.
Mrs. M. L. Townsend and daughter
Leona were Nekosesa shoppers Mon-
day.
Mr. and Mrs. R. Drake spent Sun-
day with their son in Nekosesa.

RUDOLPH
Mrs. Eva Akey and three children
spent several days at the Will Clark
home in Milwaukee.
Chas. Jotter has built a coal shed
on the north side of the graded
school.
Mrs. Evelyn Croteau is suffering
with a sore foot, caused by falling in
stepping from the train the night of
August 12, when she returned from
Camp Douglas.
Theresa Hoover has returned to
her home in Daney. She has been
employed the past several months at
Win. Coenens.
Miss Emily Spalenka of Stevens
Point spent several days last week
with her sisters, Modestas A. J.
Kujawa and John Wilkins.
Mrs. Fred Piltz entertained the
Ladies Aid Wednesday afternoon.
Mrs. Deshpine Marsala Whitman of
Stevens Point took the train here
Wednesday noon for Camp Douglas
to visit her son Leonard. She re-
turned Thursday morning and visited
for a few hours with her brother, K.
J. Marsala.
Mrs. Frances Rayson and Mrs.
Adell LeMay of Grand Rapids spent
Friday here with friends and rela-
tives.
A. Chouard has severed his con-
nection with the Kujawa & Wilkins
firm and has accepted a position
as bookkeeper in the Johnson & Hill
store in Grand Rapids.
Mrs. Charles Imig was called to
Milwaukee Wednesday by the death
of a niece. She returned home on
Monday.
Mary Ratello returned home Satur-
day from a two months visit with
her sister in Milwaukee.
Chas. Philpot hauled two loads of
bar furniture here last Thursday.
Rudolph will soon have a new barn.
Mrs. Julius Krebsbach and three
children left Monday to visit rela-
tives in Fond du Lac.
Forrest Wilkins who broke his
elbow recently, had the misfortune to
displace it the other day.
During the electrical storm Satur-
day morning the Sam Walters barn in
the town of Sigel was struck by lightning
and burned to the ground. Three
telephone poles near Mrs. Ed War-
ner's place were struck.
Mrs. Irvin Whitmore and children
spent several days visiting relatives
in Grand Rapids and Port Edwards.
The ice cream social given by the
west side Ladies Aid in Haumschild's
hall Sunday afternoon and evening,
was largely attended. The receipts
were about \$10.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McGrogan and
two sons of Grand Rapids spent Sun-
day at the Nick Ratello home.
Len Schneider is working in the
Bison paper mill. He expects to move
his family there in the near future.

KEELNER
Miss LuVerne Ellis is entertaining
company from Orono.
Harry Hanniman of Grand Rapids
is visiting at the E. Ziegler home.
Miss Minnie Knipple of Milwaukee
is visiting relatives here.
Mr. Ruma is entertaining company
from Chicago.
John Dhein entertained company
from Vesper over Sunday.
During the evening Mrs. Anderson of Chicago
is visiting at the C. E. Herstad home.
W. Heike and daughter of Nekosesa
spent Sunday at the Wm. Yetter
home.
Miss Anna Laging of Milwaukee is
visiting at the Wm. Gleboke home.
Miss Ellen Knadoff left Monday for
Baraboo after a few weeks visit here.
Miss Ida Jacobson returned home
from Wautoma Sunday.

SIGEL
On Saturday Miss Ida Jacobson
and Chas. Marks were united in mar-
riage in Grand Rapids. They were
attended by Miss Ruth Herriksen and
Ole Marks. On their return to
Sigel a wedding dinner was served at
the home of the bride's parents, Mr.
and Mrs. John Herriksen. The new-
ly weds will begin housekeeping at
once in Grand Rapids.
Miss Ida Jacobson is spending the
week with friends in Grand Rapids.
Mr. and Mrs. Gust Anderson came
home Monday from Sheridan, having
spent Sunday at the C. J. Larson home.
Theodore Lindquist and Miss Edith
Henry have returned to their home in
Rockford, Illinois, after a visit with
friends here.
Joel Anderson has gone to Cran-
more where he has secured employ-
ment.
Mr. and Mrs. D. Anderson and
their infant son, Christian, came
home Sunday morning by Rev.
Nordling of Grand Rapids. Mr. and
Mrs. Anderson entertained a few
friends and relatives in honor of the
occasion.
Miss Eva Peterson has returned
home from Wausau where she has
been visiting relatives and friends.
Miss Lona and Dora Larson left
Saturday for Minneapolis where they
will be employed.
Mrs. Magnusson of Minneapolis is a
guest at the Pearson home.
Miss Eva Peterson leaves this week
for St. Johns, Wash., where she will
be employed after spending the sum-
mer here.
A man seldom protects his hair un-
til he discovers that he hasn't enough
left to take his own part.

PLEVO ROAD
S. Rawson came from Illinois Fri-
day to stay with his family here for
the balance of the summer.
James Belscamper has gone to Pol-
lard to start up his threshing ma-
chine.
Mrs. Maher had the misfortune to
fall and break her right arm just
above the wrist Thursday morning.
Mr. and Mrs. L. Fello of Mehan
are rejoicing over the arrival of a
baby boy, born to them August 12.
Mr. and Mrs. Fello were former resi-
dents here.
Miss Susan Fello is at Mehan car-
ing for Mrs. L. Fello.
Herman Young has had new elec-
tric lights installed in his house and
barn.

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We are prepared to do your
WELL DRILLING
at reasonable prices. We
have two modern machines
and will operate year 'round.
Satisfaction Guaranteed
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EAST NEW ROME
There will be a dance at Ervin
Holz' place, one mile north of J. S.
Irwin or one-fourth mile east of J. R.
Potts, Saturday night, August 25.
All are invited.
Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Irwin were
Grand Rapids visitors Friday.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sandre and fam-
ily and Gay, Orin, Allen, Alla, Irma
and Marjorie Hetzel of Almond were
visitors at the Ed Holz home Sunday.
Miss Alta Hetzel remained for a
week's visit.
Everett, Louie and Lila Irwin went
to Grand Rapids Sunday to visit their
sister Lura, who is a patient in the
hospital there.
Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Reid and chil-
dren spent Sunday near Vesper.
A number from this way attended
the dance New Rome hall Satur-
day night, and all report a splendid
time.
Walter Matthews cut hay for Fred
Irwin a few days last week.
The Misses Alta Hetzel and Mabel
Holz were callers at the C. E. Duck
home Monday.

NEW ROME
Mr. and Mrs. August Hoeft and
family of Tigertown visited last week
at the Mrs. E. J. Hoeft home.
John Swart was taken very
suddenly ill last Wednesday night.
A number of people from Nekosesa
enjoyed a picnic at the mouth of the
Fourteen mile creek Sunday after-
noon.
Walter Hoeft and Arne Amundson
attended the band concert and mov-
ing picture show in Grand Rapids
last Thursday evening.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Amundson
and family visited at the former's
parent's home Sunday.
The cheese factory at Spring Creek
closed up for a few days the past
week on account of a leak in the
boiler.

ANDROSSEN
Everybody came to the Adams
county fair at Friendship September
25-26-27.
The Adams County Club of Van-
dusen met at Richard Carlson's on
Saturday evening. The next meeting
will be at Harvey Evans on Sept. 1.
J. Jero was a Grand Rapids caller
Monday.
Miss Mabel Duck and Mrs. Boyer
of Rockford, Illinois, are here visit-
ing their uncle and aunt, Mr. and
Mrs. C. E. Duck.
School commenced last Monday in
Dist. No. 3 with Miss Lillian Reid
of Almond as teacher.
Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Evans and
family spent Sunday at the John
Lyness home.
Robert Brown who has been work-
ing for J. R. Lyness on the wild
grass marsh, quit work Saturday and
returned to his home in Grand Rap-
ids.
Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Winegard
spent from Saturday till Sunday at
the J. S. Peterson home at Saratoga
center.
Miss Mary Evans who works for
Mr. J. R. Lyness spent Saturday
night at home.
There will be a picnic August 30,
at the old Methodist church. All are
invited to come. Please bring some-
thing for refreshments as they are
going to have an old-fashioned picnic
dinner.
Mrs. Ethel Miller and son Gilbert
spent from Friday to Saturday with
Mrs. Jero.
Mrs. C. E. Duck and Miss Mabel
Duck and Mrs. Boyer spent Wednes-
day afternoon at the J. Jero home.
Roy Potts and W. G. Lord passed
thru here Thursday on their way to
Friendship.

ARPIN
On Saturday, August 18, Mr. and
Mrs. P. T. Mueller celebrated their
25th wedding anniversary at their
home in Arpin. A number of their
relatives and friends were present.
At 5 o'clock Rev. M. Richter married
the couple over. After the marriage
ceremony a bounteous supper was
served. After supper the crowd en-
joyed themselves playing games and
singing until midnight, when a dainty
dinner and all kinds of refreshments
were served. After lunch the happy
couple departed for their homes wish-
ing their friends much luck and hoping
they would all be able to celebrate their
golden wedding together. A great
number of gifts were showered upon
them. The party was given by Mr.
Mueller and wife, Ed Mueller and
wife, Arthur Mueller, Albert Mueller,
Irma Mueller and Miss Kluge, all of
Athens, B. Spangenberg, Robt. Har-
shel and Rev. Alvin Mueller, and
Chas. Bubitz of Milwaukee, Rev.
Pichler, Edna Decher, G. F. Loschky
and family, B. G. Schuenneman, Sr.
and Jr. and families, Ed Kogler and
family, Chas. T. Tomlinson and fam-
ily, Chas. Kohles and family, Geo. Lud-
low and family, G. Gronemeyer and
family, Wm. Martha and family, C.
Kluge and family, Aug. Ohm and fam-
ily, Chas. Ahlwardt and wife, Mrs. L.
Krause and Wm. Schuibel and Mrs.
and Mrs. Draman and Mr. and Mrs.
Lamp of Athens.

SILQ QUESTIONS
1. Why do I need a silo? Because
it will pay; it supplies the cheapest
winter feed, and keeps up the milk
flow when prices are highest.
Because your dairy cows, cattle
and horses will thrive on the preserved
succulence from these big "Mason
Jars." Cows like silage for the same
reason that you like canned fruit
and the dried apples. Your crop
crop is worth from 25 to 30 per cent
more when put in a silo than when
fed in the form of fodder. Cows
waste fodder, but cut all the silage.
When you feed silage, the silo
saves the soft corn and prevents a
feed shortage.
About 60,000 of your Wisconsin
farm folk have found that a silo is a
profitable investment. If it pays
them, it will pay you.
2. What kind of a silo shall I
build? It all depends on what ma-
terials are available where you
live and the relative costs of keeping
it up. No one silo type can be called
the best type, but every silo must
have certain features to successfully
preserve a stock feed.
3. What is the cheapest silo?
That, too, depends on the availability
of the materials. If there is a sand
and gravel pit near the place, a
concrete silo will probably be the
cheapest. In other places, wood,
brick, cement block, or tile may be
the cheapest form of silo for you.
4. How much will it cost? Maybe
\$100 or \$500. It all depends on the
amount of stock on your place, the
size you need, and on your foresight
in putting up buildings that will last.
5. Why should my silo be round?
Round silos are more easily re-en-
forced to withstand the bursting
pressure. The round shape has no
corners for air pockets, making it
possible to pack the green succulent
feed as tightly as preserves in a
canner. The silage will be pushed
from top to bottom, decreasing the pos-
sibility of air pockets.
Sunday-school Teacher—Tommy,
what do you understand about Eve
and the serpent?
Tommy—Eve got stung.

Don't Take My Word

BUT ASK THE PEOPLE
WHOM I HAVE CURED
They Say I Cure!
The Truth and Proof Are Before You
INVESTIGATE
WRITE TO THEM—ASK THEM—INVESTIGATE
FOR YOURSELF

APPLETON BUTCHER CURED OF RUPTURE
Appleton, Wis., 9-15-16.
Dr. N. A. Goddard,
Milwaukee, Wis.
Dear Sir:
I was ruptured on my right side
twelve years ago and have worn a
truss ever since. I came to you for
treatment in March, 1916, and have
completed my course of treatment
and am well. I do not wear a truss
anymore and feel strong and well.
I am now a healthy man and hope
you will be able to help others who
suffer from this trouble. I am now
a healthy man and hope you will be
able to help others who suffer from
this trouble. I am now a healthy man
and hope you will be able to help
others who suffer from this trouble.
Yours very truly,
MISS MARTHA SCHINKLE,
R. R. No. 33, Box 4,
Black Creek, Wis.

CURED OF CHRONIC APPENDICITIS AND GALL STONE COLIC
After Being Told that an Operation
Was the Only Thing That Would
Save Her Life
Black Creek, Wis.,
Feb. 17th, 1912.
Dear Sir: It is with pleasure that
I write to you to let you know that
after taking eleven months' treat-
ment I am completely cured. When
I first started to doctor with you, I
weighed 127 lbs., and now I weigh
149. I have been sick for two years,
have doctor after doctor, but they
didn't help me, they wanted to
operate, so one day I met one of
your patients, and she told me to go
and see you and I am very thank-
ful that I met you. I am now a
healthy man and hope you will be
able to help others who suffer from
this trouble. I am now a healthy man
and hope you will be able to help
others who suffer from this trouble.
Yours very truly,
MISS MARTHA SCHINKLE,
R. R. No. 33, Box 4,
Black Creek, Wis.

CURED OF LEG ULCER IN THREE MONTHS
Letter from Mrs. John Tischenhausen of
Black Creek
Dear Doctor:
I came to you at Appleton Sep-
tember 25, '14, suffering with a large
varicose ulcer on my right leg which
I had had for over a year and had
gotten steadily worse. After I had
taken three months' treatment, my
leg was all healed up and has not
opened since. I am in good health
and am thankful that I came to you
and got cured. I am satisfied in
every way and am glad to testify to
your ability and skill in treating
these cases. You may refer anyone
alllicted in a similar way to me.
MRS. JOHN TISCHHAUSEN,
R. 32, Black Creek, Wis.

GREENLEAF LADY CURED OF RUPTURE, READ WHAT MRS. LEICK SAYS
Dear Doctor:
After suffering two years with my
rupture, I came to you on June 6th,
1914, and I am glad to tell you that
I am now perfectly well and strong and
that my rupture is cured. I have had
in all eight treatments and have not
just a day's time on account of treat-
ment and suffered no severe pain. I
doctor one whole year with an Ap-
pleton doctor before I came to you
and I am very thankful that I met
you and you may refer others who
have ruptures and are anxious to se-
cure honest successful treatment to
me for reference.
Thanking you for what you have
done for me, I remain, yours truly,
MRS. WM. LEICK,
R. 2, Greenleaf, Wis.

Such Testimonials Can Not Be Manufactured or Bought
I also treat successfully Appendicitis, Gall Stones, Colic, Gout and
Chronic diseases of both men and women.
If you cannot call, write for my Free Book entitled "Modern Methods of
Treating Chronic Diseases Without Operations." A post card will bring it.
Sent in plain wrapper. It is intensely interesting.
Under no circumstances do I accept or treat incurable cases.
At Witter Hotel, Grand Rapids, Thursday, August 30th
Address Dr. N. A. Goddard, 121 Wisconsin Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
Hours: 9:00 a. m. to 7:00 p. m. Consultation Free and Confidential

Plumbing
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Grand Rap

NOTICE

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin,
July 24th, 1917.

The Board of Public Works met at the office of the City Clerk in the city of Grand Rapids on this 24th day of July, 1917, at 7:00 o'clock, p. m., F. H. Jackson, O. R. Roehlin, H. Plenke, Albert Gilmer and E. W. Ellis, Mayor, present for the purpose of hearing any and all objections that any and all persons might care to make to the preliminary report of said Board of Public Works on the benefits and damages arising by reason of the improvement of that part of Grand Avenue from the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul depot to the Wagon Bridge and from the East end of the Wagon Bridge on Vine Street to Second Street and thence to the Public Library building on First and Second Streets as now laid out, by constructing and maintaining an Ornamental Lighting System thereon.

Proof first having been made to the satisfaction of said Board, on oath, that due notices were posted and published as required by law and after hearing all persons who appeared to

Name of Owner	Description	Number of Feet	Amount of Benefits
F. MacKinnon—Part of Government Lot 3-7-22-6		105	\$ 63.00
Pomerville Estate—Lot 2, block 7 original plan		132	79.20
Johnson & Hill Co.—East 62 ft. of Lot 4 and 5 block 6 O. P.			
Johnson & Hill Co.—West 40 ft. of Lot 4 and 5 block 6 O. P.			
Johnson & Hill Co.—East 50 ft. of Lot 6 and 7 block 6 O. P.			
Bank of Grand Rapids—East 30 ft. of West 70 ft. of Lot 4 and 5 block 6 O. P.			
John Hollmuller—East 20 ft. of West 82 ft. of Lot 6 and 7 block 6 O. P.			
M. Chamberlain—East 22 ft. of West 62 ft. of Lot 4 and 5 block 6 O. P.			
Hoskinson Estate—West 40 ft. of Lot 6 and 7 block 6 O. P.			
Johnson & Hill Co.—Lots 5 and 6 block 18 O. P.			
Johnson & Hill Co.—Lots 5 and 6 block 18 O. P.			
Mary Dixon—East 42 ft. of Lot 3 and 4 block 18 O. P.			
A. F. Jones—West 90 ft. of Lot 3 and 4 block 18 O. P.			
Gottschalk & Anderson—East 108 ft. of Lot 5 and 6 block 117 O. P.			
J. T. Johnson—West 29 ft. of Lot 5 and 6 block 117 O. P.			
C. & N.W. Ry. Co.—Frontage on both sides of Grand Ave.			
M. St. P. & S. St. M. Co.—Frontage on both sides of Grand Ave.			
Emma Bandelin			
Frank Swarick			
Hannah Akey			
City—Front Park (opposite McKinnon block)			
Nash Hardware Co.—Lot 1, blk. 10 O. P.			
L. Lemm—1/2 Lot 1, blk. 9 O. P.			
Citizens Bank—Pt. lot 1, blk. 9 O. P.			
Harvey Gee—Pt. lot 1 and 8 blk. 9 O. P.			
W. W. Natwick—Pt. lot 7 and 8 blk. 9			
C. Lyon—Pt. lot 7 and 8 blk. 9			
Witter Estate—Lots 1 and 2, blk. 15 O. P.			
E. C. Rossier—Lots 7 and 8, blk. 15 O. P.			
Julien Hotel—Lot 1, blk. 16			
City—Lots 2 and 3, blk. 16			
So. Railway—Frontage on both sides of Grand Ave.			
E. N. Meunier—49 ft. on North Side and 150 ft. on South Side of Grand Avenue			
H. Gee			
Jos. Rick			
Wood County Realty—Lots 4, blk. 1, Neeves Addition			
Anna Mazur—S 1/2 lot 3, blk. 1, Neeves Addition			
Wheeler & Kruger—N 1/2 lot 3, blk. 1, Neeves Addition			
Wheeler & Kruger—S 29 ft. of lot 2, blk. 1, Neeves Addition			
Gouger Estate—N 21 ft. of lot 2, blk. 1, Neeves Addition			
Louis Fournier—S 24 ft. of lot 1, blk. 1, Neeves Addition			
J. E. Daly—N 28 ft. of lot 11, blk. 1, Neeves Addition			
J. Staub—Lot 1, blk. 32, Neeves Addition			
A. E. Geoghan—S 1/2 lot 2, blk. 32, Neeves Addition			
F. L. Steib—N 1/2 lot 2, blk. 32, Neeves Addition			
A. Arndt—Lot 3, blk. 32, Neeves Addition			
F. J. Wood—Pt. of lot 4, blk. 32, Neeves Addition			
J. A. Cohen (Cohen Bros.)—Pt. of lots 4 and 5, Neeves Add.			
L. Kromer Estate—Pt. of lot 5, blk. 32, Neeves Addition			
H. A. Harschle—Lot 1, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
Pomerville Estate—Lot 2, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
A. Hart—Lot 3, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
Witter Hotel Co.—Lots 4-5-6, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
Hoskinson Estate—Lot 7, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
Hoskinson Estate—Lot 9, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
D. M. Huntington—Lot 8a blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
M. J. McArthur—Estate—Lots 8b blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
Spafford Estate—Lot 10, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
G. E. Amusement Co.—Lots 11-12-13 blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
A. L. Fontaine—Pt. of lots 13 and 14, blk. 33, Neeves Add.			
R. M. Levin—Pt. of lot 14, Neeves Addition			
E. T. Bodette—Pt. of lot 14, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
G. N. Wood—Pt. of lot 14, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
E. Miller—Pt. of lot 14, blk. 33, Neeves Addition			
First National Bank—Lot 1a and 1b blk. 31, Neeves Addition			
both fronts			
James Mason—Lot 1c, blk. 31 Neeves Add, both fronts			
Mrs. John Hamm—Lots 2a & 23a, blk. 31, Neeves Add, both fronts			
Mrs. J. B. Arpin—Lots 2b & 23b blk. 31, Neeves Add, both fronts			
N. Reiland Estate—Lots 3a-3b-23a, blk. 31, Neeves Addition			
both fronts			
Wheeler & Kruger—Lots 4b & 21b, blk. 31, Neeves Add, both fronts			
Pomerville Estate—Lot 24 and 20, blk. 31, Neeves Addition			
both fronts			
Wheeler & Kruger—Lot 25, blk. 31, Neeves Add, both fronts			
Wheeler & Kruger—Lots 18-19, blk. 31, Neeves Add, both fronts			
First Investment Co.—Lots 7 & 26, blk. 31, Neeves Addition			
J. Arpin Lbr. Co.—Lot 8a, blk. 31, Neeves Add.			
E. P. Arpin—Lot 8b, blk. 31, Neeves Add.			
R. A. Weeks—Lot 8c, blk. 31, Neeves Add, both fronts			
A. J. Hasbrouck—Lots 9 and 16, blk. 31, Neeves Add, both fronts			
J. Lutz—Lot in blk. 31, both fronts			
Andrews & Bodette—Lot in blk. 31, both fronts			
Rowland & Sons—Lot in blk. 31, three fronts			
M. A. Gordan—Lot 9, blk. 4, Gov. lot 1, 17-22-6			
D. M. Huntington—Lot 8, blk. 4, Gov. lot 1, 17-22-6			
F. J. Wood—Lot 1, blk. 2, Neeves Addition			
Wood County Nat'l Bk.—Lot 4 blk. 14, Neeves Addition			
Daly, Sampson & Witter—Lot 3, blk. 14, Neeves Addition			
Taylor, Scott & Daly—Lots 1-2 blk. 14, Neeves Addition			
A. Sutor—Lots blk 30, Neeves Addition			
George Baker—Lot 5, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
Pease & Pomerville—N 1/2 of lot 6, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
Gouger Estate—S 1/2 of lot 6 blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
Mrs. Jas. McCarthy—Lot 7, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
J. A. Cohen—Lot 8, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
Mrs. G. S. Beardsley—Lot 9, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
J. D. Smith—Lot 10, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
J. E. Daly—Lot 11 and pt. 10 blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
John Farris—Lots 12 and 13, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
J. A. Cohen—Lot 14, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
I. O. O. F.—SW 30 ft. lot 15, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
A. C. Miller—Pt. lot 16, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			
J. A. Cohen—NE 20 ft. lot 15, blk. 30, Neeves Addition			

WISCONSIN BOYS ARE HELPING UNCLE SAM

With more than 1,000 Wisconsin boys now in the Navy and a steady stream of applicants coming to the recruiting offices, the state is making a splendid record in helping to man the guns of Uncle Sam's sea fighters.

But more are needed, because the naval training stations are turning out sailors at a rate never before dreamed of. Almost every week some Wisconsin men who have enlisted are called for active service or for training.

The man who enlists in the navy is certain to see active service in a short time.

For the young man who is ambitious the navy offers the finest and the most varied of opportunities. He is especially welcomed in the navy. Mechanics particularly are needed. The navy offers better pay, everything considered, for the man with a trade, than does civil life.

With the rapid expansion of the navy, the hard-working young man stands a better opportunity today for advancement than ever before. The

man who hesitates to enlist should remember this.

Besides offering the highest pay of any branch of the military service, besides the opportunities for education, education is a part of the navy. The navy carries its men to all parts of the world. Journeys that would cost an individual hundreds of dollars are a part of the routine of the navy.

The American fleet has all ready been heard from in the war zone and the red-blooded boys who want to help the nation in its hour of need will find their best opportunity to do so in the navy service.

Join the Navy! Is the patriotic appeal to the boys of the Badger state. Young men 18 years or over of good health and character can join. The very lowest pay is \$32.60 per month, with all living expenses paid by Uncle Sam and \$60 worth of clothing free the first year.

Signs

"Remember, my friend, that much money does not necessarily mean great success."

"No, but its entire absence is a pretty sure sign of failure."

LOCAL ITEMS

Harry Hodes of Racine is a guest at the Chas. Matthews home today.

Ed Smith, jeweler at Reiche's has gone to Ripon to spend a two weeks vacation.

The Old Settlers of Portage county will hold a picnic at Lake Emily on Saturday.

Lieut. George Mullen has been in the city the past week visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Mullen.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Reiland departed on Sunday in their auto for a week's tour in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. Chas. Matthews of Green Bay is visiting at the home of her sons, R. W. and Charles Matthews, for a month.

M. G. Gordon is now located at Sand Point, Idaho, where he has accepted a position with a large lumber concern.

Mrs. A. Mareau and daughter Arlene departed on Wednesday for a week's visit at Elroy with her daughter.

Nels Meyers of the South Side wrenched his right ankle in bad shape on Sunday while at work at the mill in Port Edwards.

Edward Dock of Vesper was brought to this city on Tuesday by Dr. Whitehouse and placed in River-view hospital for treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gross of Wausau and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gross of Sparta, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Davis during the past week.

Miss Lillian Wittie returned on Tuesday evening from a visit at Merrill. She was accompanied by Miss Carrie Milsap, who will be a guest at the Wittie home for several days.

HAVE STOCK AT THE MARSHFIELD FAIR

The following from this end of the county have exhibits at the Central Wisconsin Fair at Marshfield:

Ray Johnson, registered Guernsey heifer.

Dr. V. P. Norton, registered Poland China boar.

Victor Lepsey, town of Saratoga, registered Holstein bull.

Prof. W. W. Clark, herd of registered young Guernseys.

H. F. Radtke, town of Rudolph, registered Percheron stallion.

CITY POINT

Blackberries will be plentiful.

The revival meetings closed Sunday night. Forty-three converts were baptized in the river Sunday afternoon. Rev. and Mrs. I. C. Cretchfield left for their home Monday morning. Their host of friends wished them good luck on their journey. They will be sadly missed from our community where they did so much good.

Mrs. H. Olson entertained the Aid society last Friday afternoon. Next meeting will be at the A. J. Amundson home next Sunday afternoon. All are welcome.

Mrs. Raymond Peltier of Grand Rapids visited her sister a few days last week.

Miss E. Henderson is attending the Institute at B. R. Falls this week.

Louis Amundson visited relatives here Tuesday.

M. Franson and family were at Camp Douglas Sunday.

Mrs. A. C. Anderson is recovering nicely from her recent illness.

Orlando Grant and family and Mrs. Lind were berrying in this vicinity Sunday.

Miss Rude of Merrill is visiting Nora McWold.

WANT COLUMN

GIRL WANTED.—At the Commercial Hotel.

FOR SALE.—Barn and one lot. Mrs. Kate Townsend, 213 Eighth St.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The two buildings formerly occupied by C. R. Getts as boyling alley and pool room, on 1st Ave. Edward Pomerville, Fire Insurance Agent, 31

HELP WANTED.—The MacKinnon Manufacturing Company will employ girls in their factory as soon as school collections. Applications filed in the office, during this month and the fore part of September. 31

FOR SALE.—40-acre farm with stock and buildings and crops, located between Arpin and Vesper on state road. Good land. Part payment down and balance on easy terms. Address Chas. Kirchner, Arpin, Wis. 51pd

FOUND.—About 3 weeks ago, a yearling Holstein bull. Frank Styra, R. D. 4, Box 45, town of Sigel.

FOR SALE.—A good Hummobile for sale cheap. Inquire of Fred Zwicke town of Sigel. 4t

WANTED.—At once, competent girl for general housework. Mrs. Hoskinson, 111 Fourth Avenue.

WANTED.—A good girl for general housework, willing to go to Duluth. Inquire of Mrs. E. P. Arpin.

FOR SALE.—Phillips' latest map of the city at this office.

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EXEMPTION BOARD FINISHES LABORS

The Board of Exemption was in session again last week at the court house and examined the second draft of men that were called before that body. Out of the 105 called, thirty-four were accepted. Following is a list of those before the board:

List of Persons Accepted

1536—Arthur M. Laemie, Marshfield, 412 S. Cherry St.

2303—Geo. J. Bongard, Grand Rapids, R. No. 5.

2719—Geo. Lubner, Sherry, Grand Rapids, 832 4th Ave.

1534—Clare L. Randler, Marshfield.

1432—Leo J. Lietz, Marshfield.

600—Martin M. Ruchinski, Grand Rapids.

1400—John S. McDonald, Marshfield.

2066—Walter N. Maue, Nekeosa.

230—Fred Look, Jr., Grand Rapids.

786—Carl G. Lundberg, Grand Rapids.

1535—Charles Karlofski, Vesper.

230—Donald P. Johnson, Grand Rapids.

2230—Peter J. Arndt, Nekeosa.

332—Elmer T. Johnson, Grand Rapids.

1837—Engelbert Zinthefer, Marshfield.

298—Patrick H. McGuire, Pittsfield.

1447—Christ Borgan, Marshfield.

2558—Albert W. Lindahl, Grand Rapids.

2397—Rudolph Meier, Babcock.

2022—Manel Frank, Blenker.

275—Snider, Roscoe, Pittsfield.

2620—Mullen, Rollin A., Grand Rapids.

536—Rickman, Frank, Grand Rapids.

141—Hoessly, Thomas, Auburn.

909—Tica, Joe, Dexterville.

1264—Pflum, Alvin S., Marshfield.

2465—Parfit, Arthur G., Bethel.

2750—Sly, John, Sherry.

1247—Hause, Henry P., Port Edwards.

1020—Marx, Herbert J., Vesper.

2820—Nave, Sam E., Pittsfield.

542—Loock, Geo. Henry, Grand Rapids.

List of Persons Who Claimed Exemption

487—Geo. J. Babcock, Grand Rapids.

1847—Joe Rodesch, Marshfield.

727—Joseph Kaspar, Grand Rapids.

1236—Joe E. Jirschele, Marshfield.

2247—Henry F. Hense, Port Edwards.

18—Peter Deboer, Arpin.

601—Roy E. Waters, Grand Rapids.

1146—John P. Weber, Marshfield.

2479—Rev. E. Winebrenner, Arpin.

1020—Herbert J. Marx, Vesper.

1009—John J. Donnerbauer, Marshfield.

2441—Henry Woolstrum, Marshfield.

1223—John R. Abel, Jr., Biron.

1443—Hugo Mills, Marshfield.

117—Joseph W. Bauer, Auburn.

2625—John T. Grain, Grand Rapids.

2233—Emil H. F. Holz, Nekeosa.

75—Jacob G. Smith, Arpin.

1238—Harlan P. Seymour, Marshfield.

2—Wm. C. Appel, Grand Rapids.

2300—James R. Bowden, Babcock.

1549—Gustave Schuller, Marshfield.

1476—John Jost, Marshfield.

280—Sam E. Nave, Pittsfield.

966—Ray VanGorder, Grand Rapids.

1556—Henry Heintz, Bethel.

279—Frank H. Hanneman, Grand Rapids.

1560—Roswell Hoesy Harrington, Marshfield.

542—George H. Loock, Grand Rapids.

2167—Charles E. Treleven, Nekeosa.

194—John Radolph, Auburn.

194—John Radolph, Grand Rapids.

1945—Howard D. Kuter, Grand Rapids.

1000—Walter Merkel, Marshfield.

194—Peter N. Kist, Nekeosa.

194—John O. M. M. M.

2747—Dixon Shidell, Sherry.

2438—Guy Palmer, Arpin.

2850—James Mros, Vesper.

2132—Frank E. Boyles, Nekeosa.

1769—Silas L. Packard, Marshfield.

1294—John Huebel, Marshfield.

1354—Andrew F. Grewehl, Marshfield.

343—Earl L. LaVaque, Grand Rapids.

2008—Geo. Kelohnhofer, Milladore.

LOCAL ITEMS

Harry Hodes of Racine is a guest at the Chas. Matthews home today.

Ed Smith, jeweler at Reiche's has gone to Ripon to spend a two weeks vacation.

The Old Settlers of Portage county will hold a picnic at Lake Emily on Saturday.

Lieut. George Mullen has been in the city the past week visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Mullen.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Reiland departed on Sunday in their auto for a week's tour in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. Chas. Matthews of Green Bay is visiting at the home of her sons, R. W. and Charles Matthews, for a month.

M. G. Gordon is now located at Sand Point, Idaho, where he has accepted a position with a large lumber concern.

Mrs. A. Mareau and daughter Arlene departed on Wednesday for a week's visit at Elroy with her daughter.

Nels Meyers of the South Side wrenched his right ankle in bad shape on Sunday while at work at the mill in Port Edwards.

Edward Dock of Vesper was brought to this city on Tuesday by Dr. Whitehouse and placed in River-view hospital for treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gross of Wausau and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gross of Sparta, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Davis during the past week.

Miss Lillian Wittie returned on Tuesday evening from a visit at Merrill. She was accompanied by Miss Carrie Milsap, who will be a guest at the Wittie home for several days.

HAVE STOCK AT THE MARSHFIELD FAIR

The following from this end of the county have exhibits at the Central Wisconsin Fair at Marshfield:

Ray Johnson, registered Guernsey heifer.

Dr. V. P. Norton, registered Poland China boar.

Victor Lepsey, town of Saratoga, registered Holstein bull.

Prof. W. W. Clark, herd of registered young Guernseys.

H. F. Radtke, town of Rudolph, registered Percheron stallion.

CITY POINT

Blackberries will be plentiful.

The revival meetings closed Sunday night. Forty-three converts were baptized in the river Sunday afternoon. Rev. and Mrs. I. C. Cretchfield left for their home Monday morning. Their host of friends wished them good luck on their journey. They will be sadly missed from our community where they did so much good.

Mrs. H. Olson entertained the Aid society last Friday afternoon. Next meeting will be at the A. J. Amundson home next Sunday afternoon. All are welcome.

Mrs. Raymond Peltier of Grand Rapids visited her sister a few days last week.

Miss E. Henderson is attending the Institute at B. R. Falls this week.

Louis Amundson visited relatives here Tuesday.

M. Franson and family were at Camp Douglas Sunday.

Mrs. A. C. Anderson is recovering nicely from her recent illness.

Orlando Grant and family and Mrs. Lind were berrying in this vicinity Sunday.

Miss Rude of Merrill is visiting Nora McWold.

WANT COLUMN

GIRL WANTED.—At the Commercial Hotel.

FOR SALE.—Barn and one lot. Mrs. Kate Townsend, 213 Eighth St.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The two buildings formerly occupied by C. R. Getts as boyling alley and pool room, on 1st Ave. Edward Pomerville, Fire Insurance Agent, 31

HELP WANTED.—The MacKinnon Manufacturing Company will employ girls in their factory as soon as school collections. Applications filed in the office, during this month and the fore part of September. 31

FOR SALE.—40-acre farm with stock and buildings and crops, located between Arpin and Vesper on state road. Good land. Part payment down and balance on easy terms. Address Chas. Kirchner, Arpin, Wis. 51pd

FOUND.—About 3 weeks ago, a yearling Holstein bull. Frank Styra, R. D. 4, Box 45, town of Sigel.

FOR SALE.—A good Hummobile for sale cheap. Inquire of Fred Zwicke town of Sigel. 4t

WANTED.—At once, competent girl for general housework. Mrs. Hoskinson, 111 Fourth Avenue.

WANTED.—A good girl for general housework, willing to go to Duluth. Inquire of Mrs. E. P. Arpin.

FOR SALE.—Phillips' latest map of the city at this office.

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WAUSAU BABY TALK

Largely upon the initiative of Mrs. E. D. Jones and a group of associated ladies from the Women's Club, the city of Wausau has set out upon an ambitious plan to make itself a cordial host for newborn infants. During eleven weeks of this summer an experiment has been conducted which should prove suggestive not alone to the people of Wausau but to those of other Wisconsin communities as well.

The fundamental idea is that parents do not know their babies as well as they should and that they ought to get together and learn more about them. Without any big noise or advertising, but with regular intervals, the mothers have been getting together in neighborhood groups and talking babies and listening to informal discussion by local physicians who contributed their time gratis to the community enterprise.

At the first visit the babies were examined and weighed. When found to be normal they were again weighed and looked over at each subsequent visit to make sure that they were keeping well. Little disorders were corrected before they became big. This simple method is practically all there is to successful baby care. Get the baby in right condition, then keep him so. It is not a difficult task as a rule, but it does call for constant watchfulness.

A visiting nurse from the staff of the Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis As-

sociation was engaged to take charge of the details of organization and to visit in the homes of the babies. The meetings were made attractive by the serving of refreshments and the occasional introduction of other forms of social entertainment attractive to the feminine soul.

There is a splendidly persistent spirit behind this community enterprise of Wausau. The supporters realize that their work is not done but only fairly well begun. They realize that it isn't waking a town up that makes it safe for babies, but keeping it awake.

Among future measures being considered are: Little Mothers' Clubs for instruction of girls; permanent baby stations; the wholesale employment of a visiting nurse specializing in this work; extension of work to neighboring villages and rural districts and establishment of a supply of certified baby-feeding milk.

MOCCASIN CREEK

Walter Beck has put up a new barn on the Herman Yagis place. Alvin Kissinger had the misfortune to hurt his back in a runaway Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Winch of Pleasant Hill spent Sunday with Wm. Winch and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Gottsinger of Cranmoor visited Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Balhke.

ALONG THE SENECA ROAD

The S. S. C. held their regular meeting with Mrs. M. H. Robinson last Thursday. The attendance was good and a very pleasant afternoon was spent. Mrs. R. Carrington took a snap shot of those present. Mrs. Ralston of Glenview, Illinois, was a guest of the club.

Laurence Jones and Wendell Ostermer are helping the work along on W. W. Clark's farm which he is building on his farm in Hanson.

News recently received from Edna Alexander announces her marriage to Corporal Merle Calkins of Co. K, 3rd Regt. W. N. G. Corporal Calkins expects to go with his regiment to Waco, Texas, where Mrs. Calkins will probably join him.

Mrs. Ralston and little daughter of Glenview, Illinois, are spending a few weeks at the J. H. Meyers home. Wm. Jackson made a business trip to Pittsfield one day last week.

The school house is being cleaned and put in readiness for school which will begin Sept. 3. Miss Daisy Brown of Nekeosa will be the teacher.

FOR RENT.—Land to cut marsh hay on, west of Grand Rapids. Apply to A. C. Bartels, R. F. D. 3, Grand Rapids, Wis. 3t

FOR SALE.—Best northern Wisconsin cut

If You Want any
Plumbing or Heating
done go and see
Mike Kubisiak
he will give you a good job and
the price is right.
Back of Nash Grocery Store.
Shop Phone 750. Res. 1044.

A Valid Receipt

It is not necessary to wait for a receipt when you can pay a bill by check, for the cancelled check when returned to you serves as a Valid Receipt for the bill it paid.

Save time and eliminate risk of not securing receipts by opening a Checking Account at this bank today.

WE WELCOME SMALL CHECKING ACCOUNTS

First National Bank

GRAND RAPIDS - WISCONSIN



"The bank that does things for you"



WAR or NO WAR People Must Eat!

LET US SHOW YOU HOW YOU CAN OWN A FARM HOME IN THE UPPER PENINSULA OF MICHIGAN

To the man who wants eighty or one hundred acres of rich farm land and is willing to put in his time and energy we not only offer to sell him the land at a low price on easy terms but will help him improve it by building a house and barn and assist him in clearing up five acres to start with.

We not only say we will do these things but we are already doing them. The success of the farmer is our success. It will not cost you anything to investigate. Send for our literature. Write us a letter. The housing of a farm home is important enough to claim your time and attention. It is our business to tell you the truth.

Tell us your circumstances and we will find a way to meet your needs. Remember you are dealing directly with the owners of the land and that you have plenty to choose from. Sure crops and good climate; soil the best and pure water.

WRITE US
COL. G. D. HAMIEL
Local Representative
Grand Rapids - Wisconsin

COAL AND WOOD

The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.

CALL US UP AT
Phone 416 or 5

BOSSERT BROTHERS
WOOD AND COAL YARDS



Special today and every day. **VICTORIA FLOUR** is the very best flour in the state and we want every housewife to know that if she cares for really good bread and cake and pastry she must use **VICTORIA FLOUR**.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

ORGANIZE STATE TO AID TUBERCULOSIS REJECTS

Local branches of the Red Cross and the Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association in all parts of the state are being asked to co-operate with local health officers in organizing each community of the campaign to utilize the work of the draft exemption boards as an effective weapon against the spread of tuberculosis among the civilian population. The purpose is to have in every community, as far as possible, an organization similar to the one recently perfected in Milwaukee by which men exempted from military service because of physical unfitness will be given the benefit of a further and more thorough medical examination, if there is the faintest suspicion of tuberculosis, and of follow-up care in case a diagnosis of tuberculosis is made.

It is pointed out that in Milwaukee as well as in other cities of the state many of the young men who have been rejected by the exemption boards because of incipient tuberculosis had no suspicion that they were affected with the disease prior to their examination by the military medical officer. Inasmuch as the cure of the disease depends in large measure on its early discovery and treatment, the young men have a far better chance of checking the disease than if it had been allowed to run its course until its ravages compelled them to seek medical advice.

In addition to the active cases of tuberculosis discovered by the exemption officer, there are a large number of suspected and border-line cases which ought to have a more thorough examination than the demands upon his time will permit. Under the plan suggested by the Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association, each community is asked to secure the volunteer services of a committee of competent physicians to whom the exemption board examiner can refer such cases. The examining boards are also requested to retain records of all active and suspected cases of tuberculosis.

As the third step in the campaign, it is suggested that each case discovered be followed up by the local organization in an effort to secure proper care for the patient and to instruct him so that he will not transmit the disease to others. To this end it is recommended that local committees be formed consisting of prominent city and country officials, active officers of commercial clubs, women's clubs, strong civic associations, city and county superintendents of schools, and prominent business men and physicians.

ROADS MOBILIZING CARS FOR MOVEMENT OF CROPS

Railroads in the northwest thru their war boards are mobilizing all available freight cars to move the crops. According to Mr. Merrill, secretary Twin City sub-committee, the car situation is at present better than at this time last year.

"Ship early," says Mr. Merrill. "By doing so merchants and others can have better assurance of getting merchandise more promptly than will be the case if they delay. Increased rail traffic incident to the war is likely to cause an unprecedented demand for freight equipment in the near future.

Among those problems confronting roadways is the lack of getting enough coal into this territory to prevent suffering next winter. Although there has already been hauled to this section by the railroads than a year ago the supply coming by boat up the lakes is woefully short."

THIS IS PATRIOTISM

Stevens Point Gazette: Patriotism of a kind rarely exhibited was demonstrated in this city Tuesday morning when two Merrill youths, who have volunteered their services as soldiers of Uncle Sam, arrived here enroute to Camp Douglas via bicycle. The young men left Merrill Monday morning and reached Stevens Point Tuesday evening. They are traveling in true sportsman style, and carry a complete equipment, including tent, bedding and food.

Lincoln county, in which Merrill is located, furnished their entire quota of men for the new army from voluntary enlistments, no man being drafted from the entire county. At Camp Douglas the company was found to be two men short of war strength, and when word of this fact was received in the northern city, the two men gathered their paraphernalia, and started for the state camp, choosing, however, their own mode of travel. The action of the Merrill young men is characteristic of the spirit of the members of the two Lincoln county companies in taking initiative in furnishing their quota of men.

MARGARET GOLDEN-SHARKEY

Nekoosa Tribune: Mrs. Margaret Golden-Sharkey, a former resident of Nekoosa, died at the home of her son at Cloquet, Minn., last Friday, Aug. 10, after an illness of five months. Deceased was born August 9, 1852, in Wood county and was married to Louis Golden in 1867. They made their home on a farm 3 miles west of what is now Nekoosa, where Mr. Golden died 23 years later. Several years later she married Amos Sharkey. In 1905 they moved to Cloquet, Minn., where Mr. Sharkey died 7 years ago. Since that time she has made her home with her children. She leaves eleven children, seven boys and four girls to mourn her loss. They are John Golden, Morrill, Wis., Louis Golden, Superior, Wis., Joe, Adair, Wis., Wilbur and Sam, Cloquet, Minn., Ben Golden who has not been heard from for eleven years, and Mrs. Peter Bodway who has taken care of her mother since she was sick and was constantly with her during that time. Mrs. Carl Adamechek, Mrs. Geo. Arthur and Mrs. Ray Living, all of Cloquet.

TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

The Board of Education of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, hereby calls for sealed bids for the construction of an enclosed double-run stair door escape on the Lincoln High School, plans and specifications for which are on file with the clerk of the Board.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check to the amount of ten per cent (10%) of the bid. Bids will be opened on Monday, August 27, 1917, at 7:30 p. m., and must be in the hands of the clerk of the Board on or before 12 o'clock m. on August 27, 1917.

The Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids. (Signed) Clerk of the Board of Education.

WE WANT YOUR NEWS

This paper belongs to you, Mr. and Mrs. Subscriber, just as well as the publisher. You want it to be a newsy one, of course. You can help make it so. Every reader should be reporting the news he knows, and reporting his own family and friends. You perhaps have wondered how we gather so much news for every issue. If every reader would give us the items he knows we would make it twice as newsy as it now is. Merely paying for the paper and taking what we give you is not enough. Other readers would be interested in learning the things you know. You'll enjoy seeing it in print yourself. If you do not acquaint us with the items you know of you can not find fault with the paper for not containing them. If you think for one minute right now, several items will come to your mind. What if they are but "personals"? We want personals. We want anything that is news. Take a livelier interest in your paper. You'll appreciate it more, as will all of your friends.

BEAR KILLED WITH AX AFTER AWFUL BATTLE

How he fought with an enraged mother bear in the woods near Allen Junction, fifty miles from Duluth, has told by Hans Bergson, a Dane homesteader, who has been slain in his cabin as a result of the fight. Bergson tells that he was out cutting brush, when he noticed the bear with two cubs near his barn. When the bear saw him rushing back into his log hut for a gun, it cut off his retreat.

MAN AND HIS WEIGHT

If you are inclined to be fleshy here are the foods you should avoid, according to an article in the American Magazine. "Overeating is not necessarily gluttony, or anything approaching it. A small meal made up of certain foods will furnish more fuel—and more fat—to the body than one twice as large and less discreetly chosen. Foods vary vastly in fuel value; for instance one pound of olive oil will stand sponsor for more surplus flesh than forty-five pounds of lean beef, on which you are likely to eat it.

"The stout person must learn that he has both friends and enemies at the table. His enemies are sugar, bread, cereal, deserts, butter, cream, olive oil, bacon, cocoa and rich sauces. Among his best friends are lean meats, unsweetened fruits and green foods. Yet, alas, most plump people seem stricken with an evident love for their enemies. This may be good Scripture, but it is mighty poor dietetics.

"Between forty and fifty a man who allows his weight to remain high is running more danger of an early demise than he would run if he contracted typhoid fever. What is more, he is more likely to recover. A man who is thinner than the average, on the other hand, has less danger of dying in this decade than a man who tips the scales at the normal figure.

PIANOS AND CLIMATE

Because the piano is constructed of materials that are affected by varying temperatures, care should be taken to protect it as much as possible. Moisture is one of the most frequent causes of deterioration in a piano, and this is not to be wondered at, since the instrument is chiefly constructed of wood, cloth, skin and felt. The three chief enemies of the piano are damp, the sun, and a draft. If the room is at all damp, the tone becomes flat, the wires rust, and once rust gets in, the tone can never be restored. It is possible to get the rust removed, but the tone will be thinner. The temperature should not be less than 50 degrees, and not over 90 degrees Fahrenheit. This is not always possible, but it is well to know what temperatures to avoid, so that one may keep the piano as far from them as circumstances permit.

Preserving Eggs in Water Glass

Put eggs into stone or two-quart Mason jars (a two-quart jar will hold 17 or 18 eggs). Into 5 pints of cold, boiled water pour one pint of commercial water glass. Mix well and pour over eggs. A two-quart jar will take about a quart of liquid to fill. Have the top egg covered by at least one inch of liquid. For Mason jar put on rubber and seal. For stone jar or other receptacle use several thick layers of paper tightly around jar and cover with plate or board. In case the liquid becomes thick before the eggs are gone, add a little boiled water.

This method will preserve eggs splendidly for at least nine months. The eggs may be used for any purpose except boiling in the shell.

German Evangelical Church

The public is invited herewith to attend the following opportunities: Sunday, August 26, 1917, in the G. A. R. hall: Evangelical Sunday school, 9 in the morning; Divine service 10:30 in the morning.

Come and join your children come, too. There is always an open door and a cordial welcome for you. Rev. G. E. Paulowit.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS

All accounts of Dr. Frank P. Poinville may be paid at Steib's drug store until September 10. 2t

LOCAL ITEMS

—Only 5c at Daly's Theatre pictures. Gwendolyn and Margery Glise are at the Arthur Curtis home in Wausau. Mrs. G. J. Kandy spent several days last week at Arcadia visiting with friends. Mrs. John Garthoff of LaCrosse has been spending the past couple of weeks in this city. Capt. Myron Nash has been spending the past week in this city visiting with friends and relatives. Mrs. Frank DeLap and daughter Lucy of Shenington are guests at the G. A. DeLap home this week. Mr. and Mrs. Miles Foster have been spending the past week in this city visiting with Mrs. Foster's people. Mr. and Mrs. Archie McMillan spent several days at New London the past week visiting with relatives and friends. Mrs. Della Dutcher returned Saturday from Kibbaw, where she had spent a couple of weeks with a camping party. Lieut. John Carrigan, who is stationed at Camp Douglas, was home Friday to visit his friends in this vicinity. Major John J. Mahoney arrived in the city last week to spend a short time visiting his mother, Mrs. Edward Mahoney. Frank Kohlen of the town of Rudolph favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call on Friday while in the city on business. Elmer Waldvogel, son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Waldvogel, joined the Grand Rapids cavalry troop at Camp Douglas the past week. J. H. Hateran, of the town of Sigel called at the Tribune office and had his name enrolled among the list of Tribune readers. The Stevens Point Fair will be held September 4, 5, 6, and 7. They claim that there will be a good fair over these days. Capt. Myron Hill is visiting his parents in this city for a week or more before being assigned to his duties in the regular army. Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Kell and Miss Olga Kell returned on Thursday from Jackson where they have been visiting with relatives for the past three weeks. Mrs. Charles Behrend and children and Mrs. Fred Brahmsted and children left Tuesday for Edgerton where they will visit at the August Waldo home for a time. T. W. Brazeau and sons spent Sunday at Wausau visiting with Mrs. Brazeau who is confined in the hospital. Mrs. Brazeau is reported to be getting along nicely. Mrs. W. L. Hall, who has been here for several weeks visiting her father, Matt Farrell, left on Tuesday for her home in Buffalo, N. Y., intending to stop in Milwaukee on her way home. Mrs. Edward Lynch of Milwaukee arrived in the city Saturday to spend a few days looking after some business matters. She will also go to Milwaukee before her return to Milwaukee. Irving Brazeau of Astoria, Washington, spent the past week in this city and vicinity visiting his brothers. Mr. Brazeau is engaged in the drug business at Astoria and reports that he likes the west. Lieut. George DeBruin spent the past week in this city visiting with friends. He left on Monday for Appleton, and expects to leave next Monday for Battle Creek, Michigan where he will be stationed for a time. Ned Morrison, collector at Ames, Iowa, spent Sunday here visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Morrison. He took home with him his daughter Natalie, who had been spending last summer with her grandparents. Lieut. Arthur Cronwa came up from Fort Sheridan last week to spend a couple of weeks with his parents and other relatives and friends. Lieut. Cronwa has orders to report at Battle Creek, Michigan on the 29th inst. Mr. and Mrs. Ernest McFarland and baby of Chicago are in the city to spend a week's vacation visiting with his mother, Mrs. E. McFarland, and sister Mrs. August Gottschalk. Ernest has a good position in Chicago as electrical engineer. Mr. and Mrs. John Worle and family returned Sunday from their auto trip to Fond du Lac and Green Bay. They were accompanied home by Gus Dobbins of Fond du Lac, a sister of Mrs. Worle, who will visit at their home for some time. Doc Fredericks, while wrestling with his true love last Thursday, cracked a rib. Doc was going to wrestle a benefit match with Gutch in Chicago for the benefit of the Red Cross, but the accident compelled him to cancel the engagement. Mrs. Henry Binnocose and granddaughter Romane Hill, returned on Monday from Long Prairie, Minnesota, where she had been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Wm. McManan at Minneapolis during her absence. Neal McCarthy, who has been located at Huron, South Dakota, for some time past, is visiting friends here. He reports that crop conditions of the country where he is located are fine, the best they have been for a number of years past. Dr. Roy Simms and wife of Wausau were here several days in this city the past week visiting with the late Ed Kruger. Mr. Simms was formerly a resident of this city, having been in the employ of the Grand Rapids and Street Railway company, but is now a chiropractor and located at Wausau.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Penney

Stanley arrived in the city Saturday from Wausau where they had been camping the past week.

They are traveling by auto and Mrs. Penney will remain and visit her aunt, Mrs. Kate Townsend, for a week.

I. P. Tiffault, one of the prominent merchants of Marshfield, was in the city Saturday evening for a few hours being on his way home from Camp Douglas. Mr. Tiffault had been down there for the purpose of securing the services of the Second Regiment band for one day of the Marshfield fair, in which he succeeded.

A. Chouard, who has been running a shoe shop at Rudolph the past two years, has moved here and accepted the management of the repair department in the Johnson & Hill store. Mr. Chouard is a good workman and is well known to the trade of this city having worked here on different occasions.

Rev. Wm. Nommensen of Hustiford, former pastor of the west side Lutheran church is in the city for several days visiting with friends. Rev. Nommensen is on his way home from St. Paul where he has been as a state delegate to attend a joint synod of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan and Nebraska.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Guiney of Tripoli, Iowa, arrived in the city last Saturday for a visit with friends. Mr. Guiney formerly made his home in this city, being employed in the Chambers creamery, but for some time past has been operating a creamery near Tripoli. He likes his new location very much and says there is something about the country up there in Wisconsin that makes him want to get back here. He made the trip here by auto, and expects to remain about a week.

J. R. Ragan transacted business in Milwaukee Wednesday.

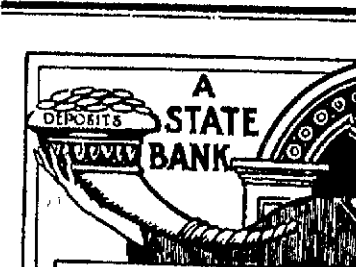
Mrs. E. B. Redford and son are spending the week in Wautoma. Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Durkee and two sons are visiting in Wausau. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. May spent several days in Wausau this week on business. Mrs. C. T. Foote is visiting with relatives and friends in Chicago this week. A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Nash on Thursday of last week. Mrs. Wilbur Berard is visiting with her cousin, Mrs. M. J. O'Brien at Stevens Point. Earl Slattery of Milwaukee is in the city today for a visit with his sister, Mrs. James Glenon. Captain Richard Gibson came up from Camp Douglas to spend Sunday with his family in this city. Mardis Panter of the postoffice force is spending a week's vacation with his family up the river. Mr. and Mrs. Carl Toppling have a new baby boy at their home, the little fellow arrived on Sunday last. Mr. and Mrs. John Ray were in Green Bay the past week where Mrs. Ray had an operation on her nose. C. W. Rood returned Tuesday from Minnesota where he spent a week looking after his dredging interests. N. H. Robinson, carrier on R. D. No. 5, was out on his usual route a two weeks outing at Boulder Junction. A. E. Holcombe returned Tuesday from the Boy Scout camp at Fish Lake where he had been for the past week. Mrs. D. J. Shea of Fredericton, New Brunswick, is in the city the guest of her cousin, Mrs. C. W. McGlynn. Myer Fridstein and Fred Turbin are in Milwaukee this week attending the state convention of the retail clothing dealers. Mrs. Frank Maizer and two children of Chicago have been visiting with relatives and friends in the city for the past week. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Glue of LaValle spent several days in the city this week visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Glue. Hugh Boles who has been operating a dredge in northern Minnesota, returned home last week, having finished his season's work. Donald Daly left last week for Port Arthur, Ontario, where he has accepted a position with the Pigeon River Lumber company. Mr. and Mrs. John Ernsner, Mr. and Mrs. A. Mallett and Mrs. Will Martin left this week for a week's outing at the lakes at Wausau. Mrs. Nan Schlatterer has been in Wausau this week, her daughter Bernadette having had an operation for gonorrhea in the hospital in that city. Pictures at Daly's Wednesdays, Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays. 5c to all. R. H. Brunner who has charge of one of the Road Construction Co. dredges in Minnesota, spent several days in the city the past week on business. Dr. and Mrs. vonNeupert and Mrs. E. D. Glenon and daughter Margie, left of Stevens Point, visited Sunday at the W. F. Collins and James Glenon homes. George Smith who is in the insurance business in New York, and is home for a visit with his mother, Mrs. Chas. Smith. George reports a big wheat crop in Canada this fall. Mr. and Mrs. Peter Thomas of Marshfield were guests at the John Possley home on Sunday while on their way home from a visit in Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. August Gottschalk and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest McFarland autored to Wausau on Tuesday and spent the day at the lakes and on Wednesday they autored to Camp Douglas. F. Leadvorske of Horicon autored here on Sunday and returned on Monday with his wife who had been a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Schling for the past three weeks. Mrs. Vincent Brostowski underwent an operation for appendicitis in the hospital, in Green Bay Thursday. Mrs. Brostowski is 65 years of age and is recovering nicely from the operation. Mrs. Chris Larson of the town of Seneca was a pleasant caller at this office Tuesday while in the city shopping. Mrs. Larson will hereafter keep in touch with local events by sending the Tribune. Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Anderson of City Point were business visitors in the city on Tuesday. Mr. Anderson is a prominent caller at the Tribune office and also cultivating a little land on the side and he reports that he is getting along nicely. H. L. Hagerstrom, Soo Line brakeman, is confined to his home with an injured side. He was going down to Camp Douglas while on a run a few days ago, to get a new set of wheels to cool a hot box, when he slipped and fell, striking the bridge. Stevens Point Journal. Notwithstanding the fact that the season is late, cucumbers are making a good showing in the garden and a considerable number of them have already been harvested. Should the frost hold off fairly late the crop will be good this year, owing to the large amount of rain that has fallen right along. Leo B. Margrey and George Roelke of the town of Sanatoga were among the pleasant callers at the Tribune office on Saturday. Mr. Margrey reports that while crops are looking good, the farmers here are having a hard time with the worms this spring, they attacking the potatoes in many places and doing great damage. Stevens Point Journal: Miss Anna Sandman, bookkeeper at the Journal office, has returned from a vacation of two weeks. While away she visited friends and relatives at Wausau, Camp Douglas, and Grand Rapids. She was accompanied here this morning by her sister, Miss Ned Sandman of Grand Rapids, who is spending the day in the city. John Krommenacker of the town of Sigel was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Tuesday. Mr. Krommenacker reports that everything looks fine on his way home, that there is going to be a great crop of potatoes this fall. He also states that corn is far enough along so that those who have stock will have plenty of feed for their cows the coming winter. The boys down at Camp Douglas are having more difficulty now in getting away to visit their people at home. So many of them had sick mothers that needed their immediate attention that the grant was overworked, so an order was issued not to allow any absences. However, the boys cannot be blamed for wanting to see their mothers. Camp Douglas may be all right for a time, but there is no place like home. Wisconsin is showing a marked increase in the number of concerns doing business on the co-operative basis. The largest advance has been made in the dairy industry, where the number of co-operative cheese factories has now reached 718 and creameries 880. Other classes of co-operative companies in Wisconsin are: Telephone companies, 15; insurance, 214; livestock shipping, 43; fruit exchanges, 7; packing plants, 4, and laundries, 2.

Mrs. James Gibson is visiting at the Honey Crankbarth home in the town of Sigel.

Captain Wm. Meyer is spending a week or so in this city visiting with friends and relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Cliff Bluet and Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Bassett returned Sunday from a week's outing at Rib Lake. Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Robinson of Weyauwega autored here Sunday and visited at the James Gibson and H. Hackbarth homes. James Gibson leaves next week for the Jacobus cranberry marsh where he will be employed until after the cranberry harvest. Robert and Wheelan Sullivan of Rhineland are spending a week in this city guests of their grandparents Mr. and Mrs. Ed Wheelan. Mr. and Mrs. James Case and family and Mrs. Vaden and family spent Sunday at Camp Douglas where they visited with the latter's son Edmund. Wm. Marling has purchased the Emil Cady lot on Eighth street, and will occupy the place with his family and the Roemer home and has commenced the erection of a modern bungalow. Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Reimer of Wausau visited at the Albert Bonson home Monday. Mr. Reimer departed for Detroit, Michigan, where he has accepted a position. Mr. and Mrs. George Gillette and daughter Grace, who have been visiting at the James Case home in the town of Port Edwards, left on Tuesday for their home in Zumbrota, Minnesota. Wallace Fairbanks has purchased the Louis Fournier home on the corner of Third and Vine streets and will occupy the place with his family as soon as it is vacated. Mr. and Mrs. Will Nash and J. A. Johnson of Kansas City, Missouri, returned Monday from Boulder Junction where they had been fishing for several days. They report pretty good success and a fine outing. John N. Johnson, who lives in the town of Port Edwards below Nekoosa, was among the callers at the Tribune office on Wednesday. Mr. Johnson reports an early looking fine down his way, with pretty good crops in all lines. Guy Gettis, who is running a restaurant and confectionery store at Camp Douglas, was up on Monday to look after some business matters. Guy is enjoying a fine business and reports all the Grand Rapids boys well and happy. Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Lavague, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Lavague of LaCrosse, Mr. and Mrs. John Daniels of Thorpe and Mrs. Thos. Lavague of Duluth have been in the city several days the past week visiting with their mother, Mrs. Thos. Lavague and sister Mrs. H. M. Belmer. B. G. Chandos sustained an injury to his left eye Monday which is causing him considerable trouble. He was engaged in fixing a lawn mower and while attempting to adjust one of the pieces with a hammer, a part of it flew up and struck him in the eye, and the member has since been causing him considerable trouble. Chapter 118, Laws of 1917, provides a penalty of imprisonment in the county jail not more than ten days or by fine not exceeding \$25 for any owner or keeper of a billiard table, pool table, placard table or bowling alley who permits any minor under 18 years of age to play any game thereon without written permit from the parents or guardian of said minor. Geo. W. Klaus, wife and son of John arrived in the city on Monday for a visit at the home of his sister, Mrs. Will Marlin. Mr. Klaus was joined here on Tuesday evening by his father, F. Klaus of Winneconne, who accompanied him to Rochester, Minnesota, on Wednesday where he will consult specialists regarding his health. Mr. Klaus and son will visit here until their return. Atty. B. R. Goggins was a business visitor at Wautoma and while there he went out to Fish Lake where the Boy Scouts are camped for the purpose of looking things over. He found the boys getting along nicely with the exception of two or three, who were suffering from homesickness. Mrs. Charles Sullivan is doing the cooking for the boys and the other boys are being fed in fine shape and having a good time. This office acknowledges a very pleasant call on Wednesday afternoon from Mr. and Mrs. Henry Boetcher, pioneer settlers of the town of Sigel. Mr. and Mrs. Boetcher settled on their present home forty-five years ago when this part of the country and especially the town of Sigel was a virgin forest. Here by hard work and many privations these two sturdy pioneers cleared an 80-acre farm and raised a fine family. Mr. and Mrs. Boetcher are enjoying good health.

DRS. FAIRFIELD, BARTRAN & CO. CLINIC BUILDING, GREEN BAY, WIS.

DR. W. E. FAIRFIELD
Surgeon
Obstetrics, Diseases of Women
Heart and Lungs
DR. R. L. COWLES
Diseases of Children
Skin, Kidneys and Bladder
DR. J. J. ROBB
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Diseases of the Stomach and Intestine
DR. W. H. BARTRAN
Diseases of the Stomach and Intestine
X-Ray and Chemical Laboratories



You can deposit your crop returns in this bank in any one of three different ways:

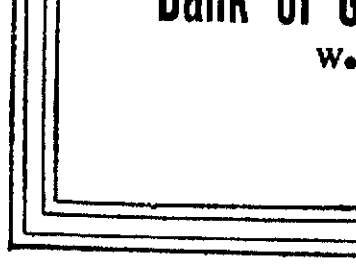
A checking account offers an excellent means of safety and convenience.

A Certificate of Deposit pays 3 per cent interest for six months or a year and is safe, profitable and negotiable.

A Savings Account pays 3 per cent interest and you can draw out your money whenever you need it. Which of these plans will be best for you? Let's talk it over.

Bank of Grand Rapids

West Side



FISK

NON-SKID TIRES

give you the mileage and the value you should have.

THE thousands and thousands of Fisk Users know there isn't any greater dollar-for-dollar tire value. Join the big family of happy Fisk buyers—learn for yourself that "When you pay more than Fisk prices you pay for something that does not exist."

Fisk Tires For Sale By All Dealers

THE FISK RUBBER COMPANY
of N. Y.

General Offices: Chicopee Falls, Mass.
Fisk Branches in More Than 125 Cities

GRAVELLY'S
CELEBRATED
Cheewing Plug

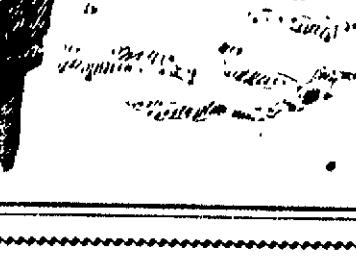
BEFORE THE INVENTION OF OUR PATENT POUCH GRAVELLY PLUG TOBACCO MADE STRICTLY FOR THIS CHEWING QUALITY WOULD NOT KEEP FRESH IN THIS SECTION. NOW THE POUCH KEEPS IT FRESH AND CLEAN AND A LITTLE CHEW OF GRAVELLY IS ENOUGH AND LASTS LONGER THAN A BIG CHEW OF ORDINARY PLUG.

BILLY POSTER'S BILLBOARDS ARE WINNING RECRUITS EVERY DAY

Chartered by the U.S. Government and conducting its business under its strict supervision—Our Bank solicits your account.

Citizens National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.



Chartered by the U.S. Government and conducting its business under its strict supervision—Our Bank solicits your account.

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If You Want any
Plumbing or Heating
done go and see
Mike Kubisiak
he will give you a good job and
the price is right.
Back of Nash Grocery Store.
Shop Phone 750. Res. 1044.

A Valid Receipt
It is not necessary to wait for
a receipt when you can pay a bill
by check, for the cancelled check
when returned to you serves as a
Valid Receipt for the bill it
paid.
Save time and eliminate risk
of not securing receipts by open-
ing a Checking Account at this
bank today.
**WE WELCOME SMALL
CHECKING ACCOUNTS**

First National Bank
GRAND RAPIDS -- WISCONSIN

"The Bank that does things for you"
MEMBER
FEDERAL RESERVE
SYSTEM

**WAR OR NO WAR
People Must Eat!**
LET US SHOW YOU HOW YOU CAN
OWN A FARM HOME IN THE
UPPER PENINSULA OF
MICHIGAN
To the man who wants eighty or
one hundred sixty acres of rich farm
land and is willing to put in his time
and energy we not only offer to sell
him the land at a low price on easy
terms but will help him improve it
by building a house and barn and
assist him in clearing up five acres to
start with.
We not only say we will do these
things but we are already doing them.
The success of the farmer is our
success. It will not cost you any-
thing to investigate. Send for our
literature. Write for a list of the
best of a farm home is import-
ant enough to claim your time and
attention. It is our business to tell
you the truth.
Tell us your circumstances and we
will find a way to meet your needs.
Remember you are dealing directly
with the owners of the land and that
you have plenty to choose from. Sure
rops and good climate; soil the best
and pure water.
WRITE US
COL. G. D. HAMIEL
Local Representative
Grand Rapids -- Wisconsin

COAL AND WOOD
The Best
Grades at
Reasonable
Prices.
CALL US UP AT
Phone 416 or 5
BOSSERT BROTHERS
WOOD AND COAL YARDS

BURGER SPECIAL TODAY
Special today and every day.
VICTORIA FLOUR is the very
best flour in the state and we
want every housewife to know
that if she cares for really good
bread and cake and pastry she
must use VICTORIA FLOUR.
Grand Rapids Milling Co.

**ORGANIZE STATE TO AID
TUBERCULOSIS REJECTS**
Local branches of the Red Cross
and of the Wisconsin Anti-Tubercu-
losis association in all parts of the
state are being asked to co-operate
with local health officers in organ-
izing each community of the state
for active participation in the cam-
paign to utilize the work of the draft
exemption boards as an effective
weapon against the spread of tuber-
culosis among the civilian population.
The purpose is to have in every com-
munity, as far as possible, an organ-
ization similar to that recently re-
ported in Milwaukee by which men
exempted from military service be-
cause of physical untidiness will be
given the benefit of a further ex-
amination by the local health officer.
If there is the faintest suspicion of
tuberculosis, and of follow-up care in
case a diagnosis of tuberculosis is
made.
It is pointed out that in Milwaukee
as well as in other cities of the state
many of the young men who have
been rejected by the military draft
boards because of incipient tubercu-
losis had no suspicion that they were
afflicted with the disease prior to
their examination by the military
officer. Inasmuch as the curative
of the disease depends in large
measure on its early discovery and
treatment, these young men have a
far better chance of retaining their
status than if it had been allowed to
run its course until its ravages com-
pelled them to seek medical advice.
In addition to the fact that the
tuberculosis discovered by the military
officer, there are a large number of
suspected and border-line cases
which ought to have a more thor-
ough examination than the demands
upon his time will permit. Under the
plan suggested by the Wisconsin An-
ti-Tuberculosis Association, each
community is asked to secure the ser-
vices of a committee of competent
physicians to whom the examina-
tion board examiner can refer such
cases. The examining board will
also be requested to retain records
of all active and suspected cases of
tuberculosis.
As the third step in the campaign,
it is suggested that each case dis-
covered be followed up by the local or-
ganization in an effort to secure
proper care for the patient and to
insure him so that he will not trans-
mit the disease to others. To this
end it is recommended that local
committees be formed consisting of
prominent city and county officials,
active officers of commercial clubs,
women's clubs, strong civic associa-
tions, city and county superintendents
of schools, and prominent business
men and physicians.

**ROADS MOBILIZING CARS
FOR MOVEMENT OF CROPS**
Railroads in the northwest thru
their war boards are mobilizing all
available freight cars to move the
crops. According to G. W. Murnane,
secretary Twin City sub-committee,
the car situation is at present better
than at this time last year. "By do-
ing so," says Mr. Murnane, "By do-
ing so merchants and others can have
better assurance of getting their
crops more promptly than will be the
case if they delay. Increased rail
traffic incident to the war is likely
to cause an unprecedented demand
for freight equipment in the near
future."
Among those problems confront-
ing railway managers is that of get-
ting enough coal into the north-
west for the winter. The war board
of this section by the railroads than a
year ago the supply coming by boat
up the lakes is woefully short.

THIS IS PATRIOTISM
Stevens Point Gazette: Patriotism
of a kind rarely exhibited was dis-
played last Tuesday evening when
two Merrill youths, who have
volunteered their services as
soldiers of Uncle Sam, arrived here
enroute to Camp Douglas Monday
morning and reached Stevens Point
Tuesday evening. They are travel-
ing in true sportsman style, and carry
a complete outfit, including tent,
bedding and food.
Lincoln county, in which Merrill is
located, furnished their entire quota
of men for the war effort. The
militiamen, no men being draft-
ed from the entire county. At Camp
Douglas the company was found to be
two men short of its strength. The
word to this effect was received in
the northern city, the two men
gathered their paraphernalia, and
started for the state camp, cheer-
fully and with their own mode of travel.
The action of the Merrill youths is
characteristic of the spirit of the
members of the two Lincoln county
companies in taking initiative in fur-
nishing their quota of men.

MARGARET GOLEN-SHARKEY
Nekoma, Wis., former resident of
Nekoma, died at the home of her son
at Cloquet, Minn., last Friday, Aug.
10, after an illness of five months.
Deceased was born August 19,
1852, in Wood county and was mar-
ried to Louis Golen in 1867. They
made their home on a farm 3 miles
west of what is now Nekoma, where
Mr. Golen died 23 years later. Sev-
eral years later she married Amos
Sharkey. In 1906 they moved to Clo-
quet, Minn., where Mr. Sharkey died
a few years ago. Since then she has
made her home with her children.
She leaves eleven children, seven boys
and four girls to mourn her loss.
They are John, Fred, and Ed, all of
Louis Golen, Superior, Wis.; Joe, Ad-
more, Wilbur and Sam of Cloquet,
and Ben Golen who has not been heard
from for eleven years. Mrs. Peter
Bedway who has been in care of her
mother since she was taken sick and
was constantly with her during that
time. Mrs. Carl Adamscheck, Mrs.
Geo. Arthur and Mrs. Ray Livings,
all of Cloquet.

TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS
The Board of Education of the
city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin,
hereby calls for sealed bids for the
construction of an enclosed double-
run stair flight escape at the Lincoln
High School, plans and specifications
for which are on file with the clerk
of the Board.
Each bid must be accompanied by
a certified check to the amount of
ten per cent (10%) of the bid.
Bids will be opened on Monday,
August 27, 1917, at 2:30 p. m., and
must be in the hands of the clerk
of the Board on or before 12 o'clock
on August 27, 1917.
The Board of Education reserves
the right to reject any or all bids.
(Signed) C. W. Schwede,
Clerk of the Board.
21

SEALED BIDS WANTED
Office of City Clerk,
Grand Rapids, Wis.
Notice to Electrical Contractors
The Board of Public Works of the
city of Grand Rapids will receive
sealed bids at the office of the City
Clerk until 2 o'clock p. m. of the 31st
day of August, 1917, for the furnishing
of all labor and material neces-
sary for the complete construction of
an ornamental street lighting system,
and according to plans and speci-
fications now on file at the City Clerk's
office.
The board reserves the right to re-
ject any or all bids.
21 Board of Public Works.

WE WANT YOUR NEWS
This paper belongs to you, Mr. and
Mrs. Subscriber, just as well as to
the publisher. You want it to be a
newspaper of course. You can help
make it so. Every reader should be
a reporter, at least to the extent of
reporting the news he knows con-
cerning his own family and friends.
You perhaps have wondered how we
gather so much news for every issue.
If every reader would give us the
item he knows we would make it
twice as newsworthy as it is. Merely
making it so. Every reader should be
a reporter, at least to the extent of
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SOLD SHOTGUN FOR TEN DOLLARS

And Filed on Western Canada
Land. Now Worth \$50,000.

Lawrence Bros. of Vera, Saskatchewan, are looking upon the most progressive farmers in Western Canada. They have had their "ups-and-downs," and know what it is to be in tight places. They persevered, and are now in an excellent financial position. Their story is an interesting one. Coming in from the states they traveled overland from Calgary across the Battle river, the Red Deer river, through the Eagle Hills and on to Battleford. On the way their horses were stolen, but this did not dishearten them. They had some money, with which they bought more horses, and some provisions. When they reached Battleford they had only enough to pay their ferries over the Saskatchewan river, and this they had to borrow. It was in 1906 that they filed on homesteads, having to sell a shotgun for ten dollars in order to get sufficient money to do so. Frank Lawrence says:

"Since that time we have acquired altogether a section and a half of land in addition to another three quarters of a section. If we had to sell out now we could probably realize about \$70,000, and have made all this since we came here. We get crops in this district of from 30 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre and oats from 40 to 50 bushels to the acre. Stock here runs well. We have 1,700 sheep, 70 cattle and 60 horses, of which a number are registered Clydes."

Similar successes might be given of the experiences of hundreds of farmers throughout Western Canada, who have done comparatively well. Why should they not dress well, live well, have comfortable homes, with all the modern equipment—electric light, steam heat, pure ventilation, and automobiles. Speaking of automobiles it will be a revelation to the reader to learn that during the first half of 1917, 16,000 automobile licenses were issued in Alberta, twice as many as in the whole of 1916. In Saskatchewan, 21,000 licenses were issued up to the first of May, 1917. In its monthly bulletin for June the Canadian Bank of Commerce makes special reference to this phase and to the general prosperity of the West to the following:

"Generally speaking the western farmer is, in many respects, in a much better position than hitherto to increase his production. Two years of high prices for his products have enabled him, even with a normal crop, to liquidate a substantial proportion of his liabilities and at the same time to buy improved farm machinery. His prosperity is reflected in the demand for building materials, motor cars and other equipment. It is no doubt true that some extravagance is evidenced by the astonishing demand for motor cars, but it must be remembered that many of these cars will make for efficiency on the farm and economize both time and labor."—Advertisement.

USES TURF INSTEAD OF COAL

Switzerland, On Account of the War,
Is Forced to Fall Back on
Peat as Fuel.

According to a report to the department of commerce from William F. Kent, consul at Bern, Switzerland, the exhaustion of the stocks of domestic coal deposits, and the inability to import coal in quantity sufficient to meet the needs of the population have induced the Swiss government, through a semi-official organization, known as the Societe Co-operative Suisse de la Tourne, to encourage the use of peat as a substitute or to supplement the insufficient supply of coal.

The association is in the market for the purchase of improved machinery for cutting, raising, drying, and compressing turf. Turf, which is a fuel in such a satisfactory and complete substitute for coal, on account of its low calorific properties, particularly for steam generation, but in those portions of the United States where it abounds it may be used to advantage for domestic consumption by substituting it for coal in the burning of the district transportation of coal, but producing sufficient heat at a much reduced cost.

Two Great Men.

Enrico Caruso, the world-famous tenor, says he has found out that "no man is as great as he thinks he is." "While I was out touring one day," he continues, "my automobile broke down, and I sought refuge in a farmhouse while the car was being repaired. I became friendly with the farmer, who asked me my name, and I told him it was 'Caruso.'"

"The farmer leaped to his feet and seized me by the hand. 'Little did I think I would see a man like you in this humble kitchen, sir!' he exclaimed. 'Caruso! The great traveler, Robinson Caruso!'"

"I can't see why that man is boss over me. I do most of the work around here." "I guess that is so."

"It is. I know more about the business than he does. Whenever he wants to know anything about what's going on, he comes to me to find out."

"That's usually the way."

"I'm the fellow that ought to be the boss."

"A lot of men think that way, and yet there's one big difference. He knows something that you don't know."

"What is it?"

"He knows enough to hire good men like you to do the work. If you knew that you'd be the boss and he'd be in your place."

"The only man who doesn't make a fool of himself occasionally is the one that nature saved the trouble."

When a man gets the last word in an argument the chances are that it is because she throws it at him.

"OUR GROCER TOLD ME"—*Bobby*

Positively the most common corned beef

THE LEGACY OF A JOYOUS YOUTHTIME

By Laura Jean Libbey.

Our lives are albums written through. With good or ill, with false or true. And as the blessed angels turn The pages of our years,

God grants us reading and amiles, And blot the ill with tears.

Putting an old head on young shoulders never has been accomplished, and never will be. How could one expect an innocent, playful kitten to be as wise as those of its kind who have summered and wintered life? How could one expect the little lamb gambolling over the sea to fear the fate of those who have gone before, or the little speckled trout to be as wary as the older fish that have successfully dodged many a bait set for their undoing?

Life knows none of life's perils. It is satisfied with the pleasures of today. It thinks the sun will always shine and joys are always to last. One's duty is to warm the young where the shoals and pitfalls lie. But will they heed? Not they. Warnings and scoldings come in one ear and go out the other. That's the proximity of youth not to want to hear anything unpleasant. While girls should not be brought up with the idea that they are human butterflies and joys are all that is worth while in life, the cares that are thrust upon their young minds should be offset with an equal amount of

pleasures. Care-free, happy youthtime is theirs but once. It should be made the most of. After-life hold much that will cause them to be serious enough.

Parents should make an effort to keep the home so attractive for their daughter that she would be pleased to invite her young friends there. It is a great satisfaction for parents to know just what kind of companions of both sexes their daughter takes to. The home roof is always a safe meeting place. Those who are denied companionship at home may grow out of the desire for bright, happy friends about them, becoming morose and dissatisfied. The happy girl grows into a contented, satisfied woman. She lins and what joys happy girlhood has had to offer and is content to enter the most serious path of life. She who never had her youthful fling feels that the world owes her something; that she has been cheated of her rightful dues. Those with whom a girl is surrounded make her happy or unhappy. All duty and cares thrust upon her make her a dull girl. Use caution in checking laughter on a girl's lips. It comes from her heart. Parents should give their daughters all the pleasures in reason which they can afford. Let them have, if you have nothing else to leave them, the legacy of a joyous youthtime.

SOME SMILES

A Disappointed Admirer.

"What is your wife's opinion about woman suffrage?" "Well," replied Mr. Meekton, "I'm kind of disappointed. She takes any old banner they hand her and she'll sign it."

"No info to the Enemy." "I wish to see Mr. Jones about a bill." "He's away on vacation, sir." "Did he leave any address?" "Yes, sir. For bill collectors it's 'Somewhere in America.'"

A Matter of Color. He (of Yale) said:—Yes, our family dates back to the Normans. Blue blood counts for something. She—It won't count much with me; he's a Harvard man.

Fleas Wouldn't Do. He—Don't you ever give your dog any exercise? She—Of course. I feed him every few minutes with hot bouis just to make him wag his tail.

None Available. "Do you read a sensational fiction?" "No," replied Mr. Weary. "I read all the fiction I can find. But I have a few of the latest ones covered a sensation."

Waked 'Em Up. The Dame—What has your brother done in this great war? The Kid—He did something to arouse the country.

The Dame—And what was that? The Kid—He sold alarm clocks for about a year.

Nature's Useful Gift. "Grand old man, try and take that wart off your nose."

"No, thank you, my dear; that wart keeps my specs from slipping off."

Both. "A man should always look twice before taking a chance."

"Are you referring to matrimony or to eating a cold storage egg?"

He Knew His Master.

Persons coming out of the Grand Central station's carriage side in New York recently noticed a little white dog, a terrier with such a clean coat, trim collar and port, anxious expression that he was countless words of greeting from the passengers. Perhaps even petted him—men, women and children—many of them about to step into waiting automobiles. The dog was merely annoyed by the attention, for he continued to watch the doors alertly and neither growled nor wagged his tail at the kindly disposed passengers. Little girls offered him candy, excellently dressed women asked him what his name was and men with luxurious automobiles tried to whistle him into a life of luxury. He seemed to be a stone in the path of a quarter past five in a large, oily bundle and glistening dinner box came out from the baggage room. The hitherto stationary dog leaped into the air, barking with all his might, somersaulted and tried to knock the big fireman over. This happened to be the man he was waiting for.

Sparrows Are Useful.

A protest against wholesale sparrow slaughter is justified on purely economic grounds, asserts the London Chronicle. It has been calculated from careful observation that a pair of sparrows during the period of feeding their young destroy above 3,300 caterpillars in a week, besides other insects. The ravages of those caterpillars would have been more serious than those of the sparrow family which feed on them. It was, in fact, proved that the "small red birds" so common during part of the last century, did more harm than good.

An Ideal Training Camp.

The offer made by Mrs. Edith Stuyvesant Vanderbilt to turn over to the government her vast estates at Biltmore for use as a training camp is a patriotic move. The estate is in the heart of the Blue Ridge mountains of western North Carolina, at an altitude of something over 2,000 feet, and among its advan-

Flashlights.

Sometimes might makes it mightily uncomfortable for right. The trouble with public life is that it isn't nearly so public as a rule as it should be.

Success is just doing a little bit better today the things that were done fairly well yesterday. It's easy enough to get along in this world. It's only the fellows who want to do it the easiest way who make hard work out of it.

The trouble with the man who walks that he was led astray is that he probably made no particular effort to travel in the right way.

As a rule, gratitude, before and after a favor has been done should always make much difference as the before and after patent medicine advertisements, with the conditions reversed.

War On Rats and Mice Is Urged as Means of Aiding Food Conservation Efforts

Rats and mice have too much their own way in some households. Their unhampered excursions into pantries and larders will menace food conservation efforts this year. Get a number of traps and light them. Persistent trapping will put an end to these raiders, according to specialists in the biological survey of the United States department of agriculture. Poisons properly safeguarded are effective, but their use in dwellings usually is undesirable because none is known which, when eaten by a rat, will prevent decomposition of the body.

For both rats and mice the common gullotine or "choke" traps with a wooden base and wooden bait pan are recommended rather than those having metal base and pan. These traps should be set with a light trigger. Bait usually is the most effective bait. A few grains of it should lie on the trigger pan and a few more be scattered near the trap. A charge of

once more one to be feared in the American league. Discussing Mick and his newly made team recently, Bill Donovan said that he would rather play almost any club in the league than send his men into a contest against the Mackmen.

"They won't win any pennant this year," Donovan commented, "but they're going to fight mighty hard for time on the way to improve. I'm a mighty mistaken student of this national pastime if the Athletics are not found kicking considerable dust around before the end of the 1918 campaign gets here."

Donovan figures and so does every other baseball manager who has had a glimpse of him—that Ray Bates is one of the finest players the minor leagues have yielded in many a day. He also believes Witt the equal of any shortstop in the American league, with the possible exception of Roger Packinpaugh, his own short fielder. Second base is a problem, but McInnis is fully the equal, perhaps the superior, of any man doing first base duty.

"There isn't a thing wrong with that outfit of Connie Mack's," Donovan recently remarked. "I only wish I had a pair of those birds working for me. I might have a chance to win a pennant before he makes the going so rough."

Where is the manager who wouldn't like to have Bush Myers and Noyes pitching for him; and where, oh, where can you find a big leaguer who wouldn't spend several thousand dollars for Willie Schang?

The foundation has been built for another fine baseball team in Philadelphia. Managers and baseball men everywhere believe it is due.

souvenirs; the capitol on brass slippers, the capitol on silver pipes, the capitol on patriotic dusters, the capitol illumined with patriotic bunting, the capitol resplendent about. On the way to his inauguration every new president passes a "home of burlesque," a penny arcade, a tattooist's studio and a shrine where a "beautiful lady reveals your name." And yet at the end of this amazing thoroughfare rises the matchless dome that crowns the capitol, which crowns a lordly emolence.

Some Advancement. However, the assurance from the photographers' convention that wedding group pictures are still in vogue does not indicate that civilization has not advanced. The bridegroom no longer puts a cigar in his mouth and keeps his hat on when the picture is taken.

The Better Fighter. "Do man who admits that he is scared," said Uncle Eben, "generally puts up a better fight than a man that's allus bluffin' 'bout what a hero he is."

Prospecting for Platinum.

A special survey to estimate existing platinum fields and locate new ones is being made by the bureau of mines. It seems that the United States produces only 10 per cent of its own platinum requirement. Platinum is a necessary part of the first importance of its use in the chemical branches of the munitions industry. It is felt that the United States should produce all its own platinum, as there are undoubtedly sufficient ore deposits, needing only to be properly exploited. The bureau of mines has detailed three men to the investigation of California, Oregon and the Appalachian region. At present most of the world's platinum supply comes from Russia.

Health Hints.

Wearing the same weight underclothing the year around will save you a lot of colds.

Dress cool when you walk and warm when you ride.

Your nose is not your mouth, was your nose to breathe through.

Clean skin, clean socks, clean underwear every day.

Don't sit still with wet feet. Walk until you have a chance to change.

Never let a day pass without covering four miles on foot.

See how big you can hold your head and how deeply you can breathe whenever you are out of doors.

Getting mad makes black marks on the health.

Envy, jealousy and wrath will ruin any digestion.

Nature never punished a man for getting his legs dirty. She has punished many for getting their nerves exhausted.

Glass Scarce in Britain. The scarcity of glass in Great Britain has led to the adoption of drastic measures by chemists and doctors. A charge of 6 cents usually is made on an eight-ounce bottle. A doctor says he has had to go round the country collecting bottles "like a rag and bone merchant." Merchants have to get permission from the ministry of munitions for large deliveries of glass bottles. In the beer, wine and spirit trade the shortage of bottles has not been so great owing to restricted consumption.

ATHLETICS ONCE MORE ARE WINNING RESPECT OF FOES

Connie Mack, the Silent Leader, Has Laid Foundation for Another Great Team in Philadelphia.

More and more the efforts of Connie Mack, silent leader of the Athletics, are gaining respect among the big leaguers. The prediction made by himself when he began to whittle on

the stars with which he had won several world's championships, that he would be back in the race by 1917, has not been realized, but he has succeeded in making the name Philadelphia

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DATA ON SOLDIERS TO BE COLLECTED

Uncle Sam Creates Special Division to Gather Information About Fighters.

FOR RELATIVES AND FRIENDS

Work Will Require Services of About 1,200 Officers and Clerks for an Army of a Million Men.

A plan to enable friends and relatives of soldiers in France to get information as to their welfare as promptly as possible has been prepared by Uncle Sam through the adjutant general's office. Collecting this data will require for an army of a million men about 1,200 officers, enlisted men, and field clerks, who will be organized and stationed down through general, divisional, and regimental headquarters, and with each organization unit of the forces in France. The service will also extend into the field and base hospitals, to ports of embarkation, and to the camps in this country where the troops are mobilized and trained. Special data is to be given to it individuals for this work.

No system we devise and operate, unless we used direct cable from France, will get information to friends and relatives of soldiers in France as quickly as a soldier can himself dispatch it by ordinary mail, said Adjutant General McCain in explaining the plan. The plan will be working out the extension of the statistical work of this office. It should be understood that it is statistical work performed by a statistical organization and that some time is inevitably consumed in getting information through the channels of the organization. We shall include in the plan the designation of individuals in hospitals to report on the condition of soldiers who cannot do so themselves. This will enable every soldier to get word to friends and relatives "back home" as quickly as possible without cabling.

Special Section Necessary. While the adjutant general's department has always maintained complete lists of all officers and enlisted men in the service, it has never been necessary, because of the small size of the army, to have a special statistical division in the adjutant general's office charged with the work of keeping in close touch with all the men so that information as to the health, safety and welfare of individuals might be communicated without delay to their relatives. A special section, known as the statistical division, has now been created and assigned to this work made necessary by the great increase in the size of the army.

Officers for this work will be selected, as are other officers for the national army, from men from the various officers' training camps commissioned in the national army and assigned to the adjutant general's office.

The statistical division will operate through a main office in Washington and through sections assigned to each unit of the army down to each company. This will mean that every company of soldiers will be accompanied by one or more men who are regularly stationed with it and part of whose job it will be to know the men of the company. This material will be reported to the statistical division which will be specially charged with the preparation and forwarding of casualty lists and data as to wounded and seriously ill. Information will likewise be reported as to all civilians accredited with the army. The central division in Washington will keep in touch with all the units in the United States, both of the National Guard and the national army, and with the regular establishment of the army, in order that it may answer inquiries about any man attached to the army of the United States.

Data on War Prisoners. This statistical division is also charged with the work of handling inquiries as to prisoners of war, both prisoners of war held by the United States and Americans who may be held as prisoners in Germany.

The organization of the statistical section with each army division will be completed by having a regimental section with each regiment. This will be in charge of the regular adjutant, assisted by the chaplain and mail of the regiment. From this regimental section, in direct touch with the men, one man will be sent to the statistical section with the division to which the regiment belongs—thus placing in each divisional section a man from each regiment in the division to look after the inquiries about men in his regiment. The statistical division will maintain touch with the hospital and with the detachments serving at divisional headquarters.

Record Output of Fisheries. The passing of the 5,000,000,000 mark by the output of the fish-cultural stations of the United States Bureau of Fisheries, which is the important achievement of the fiscal year, 1917, gives evidence of the increasing efficiency of that branch of Uncle Sam's service. Data at hand show that the record for 1916, which was the best up to that time and amounted to upward of 4,847,000,000 fish and eggs, has been surpassed by more than 300,000,000, and that the 1917 product will exceed 5,150,000,000.

United States Gets Dividend. Prior to the European war little dividend was shipped to the United States, practically all of it going to Germany, where it was utilized by the tanning and the dyeing industries. Since the war the exports to Germany have stopped entirely, and the exports to the United States have increased considerably, Uncle Sam's commerce reports show.

Uncle Sam has a new steamer, the Surveyor, for use in the coast and geodetic survey, which is so designed that it will be able to keep at sea without making port for several months at a time.

The Surveyor has a storage capacity for 75,000 gallons—enough to carry her 5,000 miles at full speed or 7,500 miles at working speed.

The vessel is equipped with water tanks and storerooms sufficient for a period of six months. The refrigerators are exceptionally large, so that the crew may have fresh meats and vegetables while distant from port for considerable periods during the long surveying seasons.

The Surveyor will carry a full equipment of surveying instruments, including two sounding machines, one electrically driven and one steam driven. Her boat equipment includes two whale boats and several dories. The radio equipment was designed, made, and installed by the bureau of standards of the department of commerce.

Buyers American Planos. A complete change from European to American pianos has taken place in the stock of the leading dealer in musical instruments in Sao Paulo, largely, it is believed, as the result of the work of Robert L. Keiser, the American vice consul.

James Whitcomb Riley's Prayer. I pray not that men tremble at my power of place and lordly sway, I only pray for simple grace to look my neighbor in the face full honestly from day to day.—James Whitcomb Riley.

sets, just arrived from Europe." "I look up to him as my magistrate, and he knows me as his father, but my arms are around his neck and his mustache is sweeping my cheek—I feel young again at fourscore."—Collier's Weekly.

The Labyrinth of Debt. It is well for you to strive to get out of debt. Of course, you can't, do it, but by getting your mind to be able to keep from getting farther in.—Fort Worth Star-Telegram.

FOREST RECEIPTS GAIN

Uncle Sam's Reserves Now Almost Paying Expenses.

Increase Due to More Active Timber Business and Higher Fees Charged for Grazing.

Receipts from Uncle Sam's national forests in the last fiscal year exceeded those for 1916, the banner previous year, by more than \$600,000, and totaled over \$3,450,000. The cost of operating the forests, about \$4,000,000, was virtually the same as in 1916.

The increase, according to the forestry officials, came chiefly from a more active timber business and from the higher fees charged for grazing, although practically every form of use of the forests was greater than ever before and nearly every revenue-producing activity contributed to the gain. The only exception was that of sales of turpentine privileges, which fell off nearly one-half. Since these sales are made only on the Florida forest the receipts from this source are relatively small.

The timber business realized for the government over \$1,600,000 and livestock grazing over \$1,500,000. Permits for waterpower development brought in over \$100,000 and other forms of land occupancy, including leases of land for summer homes, as much more. In this item the gain was 28 per cent.

It is pointed out by the forest service that many forms of use of the forests bring in no revenue. Settlers in and near the forests are allowed to free timber for domestic and farm use and are also allowed free grazing up to ten head of milk or work animals. As public recreation grounds the forests are open to all without charge, while their almost inestimable value for water conservation is maintained solely at the cost of the government. Although their administration necessitates large expenditures which yield no money returns, the narrowing gap between expenditures and receipts holds out the prospect, those in charge of the work feel, that the revenues will in no great time exceed the operating cost.

With the demand for timber markedly stimulated by war conditions, the government foresters anticipate a further increase in the national forest cut and the receipts for timber during the current year. On the other hand, they point out that an increase in business will necessarily call for more work and increased costs. Congress provided for this by increasing the funds available to the forest service for administration and protection by about \$50,000.

Of the grazing receipts cattle furnished approximately \$900,000 and sheep \$750,000. On account of the food shortage faced by the livestock industry throughout a great part of the West last spring, and because of the needs of the nation for wool and hides, the government stock were admitted early and up to the full limit of the carrying capacity of the ranges. As a result of regulated grazing the capacity of the ranges has been growing greater for some years, the forest service officials state, and the increase in grazing receipts in part due to the fact that the herds on the forest ranges this summer are larger than in any previous season.

Institution Is Planned To Aid Maimed Fighters.

In preparation for giving crippled soldiers and sailors training in trades and other occupations that will make them self-supporting, an institution is to be established in New York by the American Red Cross. This is to be modeled after the best institutions of the kind in France, England and Canada. Jeremiah Milbank of New York has donated a building, a fund of \$50,000 and has guaranteed the expenses of an investigation committee to study other institutions of the kind.

BOAT CAN MAKE LONG TRIPS

New Vessel Owned by Uncle Sam Able to Remain at Sea Without Making Port for Several Months.

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He Settled It.

An amusing story is told at Stratford-on-Avon. In the smoking room of a hotel a few years ago an Englishman and a Scotchman engaged in a heated argument. John Bull was declaring William Shakespeare to be the only poet of the world, and Sandy McPherson was standing up for his Bobby Burns.

Words ran high and blows seemed imminent when a self-confident little commercial traveler determined to throw oil on the troubled waters. "Gentlemen," he said, stepping between the heated disputants, "let me settle this amicably. Who is this Shakespeare-Burns?"—London Telegraph.

In Hades. New Arrival—Any good fishing around here? Dotty Devil—Best in the universe. All you catch are already cooked.—Cartoons Magazine.

A friend who is never in need is most unusual.

Time for the Lecture. "You're not going so early?" "Yes, indeed. I have had a fine time at your party, but if I am to get any sleep at all tonight I've got to go now to give my wife a chance to get all the breaks I have made while here."

Celebrities learn that it takes a man longer to acquire fame than it takes others to forget all about him.

University of Notre Dame

NOTRE DAME, INDIANA
Offers Complete Course in Agriculture
Full courses also in Letters, Journalism, Library Science, Chemistry, Pharmacy, Medicine, Architecture, Commerce and Law.

Edith—Josephine sings a lot when Mr. Spooner is calling on her.
Marie—Trying to test his love, I suppose.

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NOTICE

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, July 24th, 1917.

The Board of Public Works met at the office of the City Clerk in the city of Grand Rapids on this 24th day of July, 1917, at 7:00 o'clock, p. m., P. H. Jackson, O. R. Roenick, W. P. Ellis, Albert Gilmer and E. W. Ellis, Mayor, present for the purpose of hearing any and all objections that may be made to the preliminary report of said Board of Public Works and to the benefits and damages arising from the reason of the improvement of that part of Grand Avenue from the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul depot to the Wagon Bridge and from the East end of the Wagon Bridge on Vine Street to Second Street and thence to the Public Library building on First and Second Streets as now laid out, by constructing and maintaining an Ornamental Lighting System thereon.

Proof first having been made to the satisfaction of said Board, on oath, that the notices were posted and published as required by law and after hearing all persons who appeared to

Name of Owner	Description	Number of Feet	Amount of Benefits
P. MacKinnon—Part of Government Lot 3-7-22-6		105	\$ 63.00
Pomerville Estate—Lot 2, block 7 original plan		132	79.20
Johnson & Hill Co.—East 62 ft. of Lot 4 and 5 block 6 O. P.		152	91.20
Johnson & Hill Co.—West 40 ft. of Lot 4 and 5 block 6 O. P.		30	18.00
Johnson & Hill Co.—East 50 ft. of lots 6 and 7 block 6 O. P.		20	12.00
John Hollmeier—East 20 ft. of West 82 ft. of 6 and 7 block 6 O. P.		20	12.00
M. Chamberlain—East 22 ft. of West 62 ft. of 4 and 5 block 6 O. P.		20	12.00
Hoskinson Estate—West 40 ft. of Lots 6 and 7 block 6		20	12.00
Johnson & Hill Co.—Lots 6 and 7 block 18 O. P.		40	24.00
Mary Dixon—East 42 ft. of 3 and 4 block 18 O. P.		40	24.00
A. F. Jones—West 90 ft. of 3 and 4 block 18 O. P.		40	24.00
Gottschalk & Anderson—East 103 ft. of 5 and 6 block 117 O. P.		103	61.80
J. T. Johnson—West 29 ft. of 5 and 6 block 17 O. P.		29	17.40
C. & N.W. Ry. Co.—Frontage on both sides of Grand Ave.		210	126.00
M. St. P. & S. St. M. Co.—Frontage on both sides of Grand Ave.		230	138.00
Emma Bandelin		36	21.60
Frank Swarick		52	31.20
Hannah Akoy		52	31.20
City—Front Park (opposite McKinnon block)		105	63.00
Nash Hardware Co.—Lot 1, blk 10 O. P.		132	79.20
L. Lema—½ Lot 1, blk 9 O. P.		66	39.60
Citizens Bank—Pt. lot 1, blk 9 O. P.		40	24.00
Harvey Gee—Pt. lot 1 and 8 blk 9 O. P.		40	24.00
W. W. Natwick—Pt. Lot 7 and 8 blk 9		61	36.60
C. Lyon—Pt. lot 7 and 8 blk 9		66	39.60
Witter Estate—Lots 1 and 2, blk 15 O. P.		66	39.60
Taylor & Scott—Pt. 1 and 2, blk 15 O. P.		66	39.60
E. C. Rossier—Lots 7 and 8, blk 15 O. P.		66	39.60
Julien Hotel—Lot 1, blk 16		64	38.40
City—Lots 2 and 3, blk 16		124	74.40
So. Railway—Frontage on both sides Grand Ave.		138	82.80
E. N. Meunier—48 ft. on North Side and 150 ft. on South		198	119.40
Side of Grand Avenue		25	15.00
H. Gee		25	15.00
Jos. Rick		30	18.00
Wood County Realty—Lots 4, blk 1, Nevees Addition		163	97.80
Anna Mazur—½ lot 3, blk 1, Nevees Addition		25	15.00
Wheeler & Kruger—½ lot 3, blk 1, Nevees Addition		25	15.00
Wheeler & Kruger—S 29 ft. of lot 2, blk 1, Nevees Addition		29	17.40
Gauger Estate—N 21 ft. of lot 2, blk 1, Nevees Addition		21	12.60
Louis Fournier—S 24 ft. of lot 1, blk 1, Nevees Addition		24	14.40
J. E. Daly—N 26 ft. of lot 1, blk 1, Nevees Addition		26	15.60
J. Staub—Lot 1, blk 32, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
A. E. Geophan—½ lot 2, blk 32, Nevees Addition		25	15.00
F. L. Steib—N ½ lot 2, blk 32, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
A. Arndt—Lot 2, blk 32, Nevees Addition		44	26.40
F. J. Wood—Pt. of lot 4, blk 32, Nevees Addition		50.5	30.30
J. A. Cohen (Chen Bank)—Pt. of lots 4 and 5, Nevees Addition		22	13.20
H. Kromer Estate—Pt. of lot 5, blk 32, Nevees Addition		20	12.00
H. A. Herschle—Lot 1, blk 33, Nevees Addition		50	30.00
Pomerville Estate—Lot 2, blk 33, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
A. Hart—Lot 3, blk 33, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
Witter Hotel Co.—Lots 4-5-6, blk 33, Nevees Addition		134	80.40
Hoskinson Estate—Lot 7, blk 33, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
Hoskinson Estate—Lot 9, blk 33, Nevees Addition		24.5	14.70
M. J. Huntington—Lot 8a blk 33, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
M. J. McRath Estate—Lots 8b blk 33, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
Spoford Estate—Lot 10, blk 33, Nevees Addition		80	48.00
E. E. Amusement Co.—Lots 11-12-13 blk 33, Nevees Addition		121	72.60
E. M. Levine—Pt. of lots 13 and 14, blk 33, Nevees Addition		40.5	24.30
E. T. Bodette—Pt. of lot 14, blk 33, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
G. N. Wood—Pt. of lot 14, blk 33, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
E. Miller—Pt. of lot 14, blk 33, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
First National Bank—Lot 1a and 1b blk 31, Nevees Addition		213	127.80
both fronts		76	45.60
James Mason—Lot 1c, blk 31 Nevees Add, both fronts		76	45.60
Mrs. John Hamm—Lots 2a & 23a, blk 31, Nevees Add, both fronts		76.5	45.90
Mrs. J. B. Arpin—Lots 2b & 23b, blk 31, Nevees Add, both fronts		46	27.60
N. Reiland Estate—Lots 3a-3b-23a, blk 31, Nevees Addition, both fronts		84	50.40
Wheelan & Kruger—Lots 4b & 21b, blk 31, Nevees Add, both fronts		187	112.20
Pomerville Estate—Lot 24 and 20, blk 31, Nevees Addition		26	15.60
both fronts		43	25.80
Wheelan & Kruger—Lot 25, blk 31, Nevees Add, both fronts		43	25.80
Wheelan & Kruger—Lots 18-19, blk 31, Nevees Add, both fronts		65	39.00
First Investment Co.—Lots 7 & 26, blk 31, Nevees Addition		100	60.00
J. Arpin Lbr. Co.—Lot 8a, blk 31, Nevees Add.		40	24.00
E. P. Arpin—Lot 8b, blk 31, Nevees Addition		40.5	24.30
R. A. Weeks—Lot 8c, blk 31, Nevees Add, both fronts		78	46.80
A. J. Hasbrouck—Lots 9 and 16, blk 31, Nevees Add, both fronts		98.5	59.10
J. Lutz—Lot in blk 31, both fronts		69.5	41.70
Andrews & Bodette—Lot in blk 31, both fronts		56.5	33.90
Rowland & Sons—Lot in blk 31, three fronts		189	113.40
M. A. Gordan—Lot 9, blk 4, Gov. lot 1, 17-22-6		21	12.60
D. M. Huntington—Lot 8, blk 4, Gov. lot 1, 17-22-6		85	51.00
F. J. Wood—Lot 1, blk 2, Nevees Addition		104	62.40
Wood County Nat'l Bk.—Lot 4 blk 14, Nevees Addition		50	30.00
Daly, Sampson & Witter—Lot 3, blk 14, Nevees Addition		50	30.00
Taylor, Scott & Daly—Lots 1-2 blk 14, Nevees Addition		100	60.00
Al. Sutor—Lot 3, blk 30, Nevees Addition		11	6.60
George Baker—Lot 5, blk 30, Nevees Addition		50	30.00
Pense & Pomerville—N ½ of lot 6, blk 30, Nevees Addition		25	15.00
Gauger Estate—S ½ of lot 6, blk 30, Nevees Addition		25	15.00
Mrs. Jas. McCarthy—Lot 7, blk 30, Nevees Addition		50	30.00
J. A. Cohen—Lot 8, blk 30, Nevees Addition		50	30.00
Mrs. G. S. Beardsley—Lot 9, blk 30, Nevees Addition		49	29.40
J. D. Smith—Lot 10, blk 30, Nevees Addition		51	30.60
J. E. Daly—Lot 11 and pt. 10, blk 30, Nevees Addition		100	60.00
John Parrish—Lots 12 and 13, blk 30, Nevees Addition		50	30.00
J. A. Cohen—Lot 14, blk 30, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
I. O. P.—SW 30 ft. lot 15, blk 30, Nevees Addition		30	18.00
A. C. Miller—Pt. lot 16, blk 30, Nevees Addition		50	30.00
J. A. Cohen—NE 20 ft. lot 15, blk 30, Nevees Addition		20	12.00

LOCAL ITEMS

Harry Gordon of Racine is a guest at the Clats. Matthews home today.

Ed Smith, jeweler at Reichel's has gone to Ripon to spend a two weeks vacation.

The Old Settlers of Portage county will hold a picnic at Lake Umbagog on Saturday.

Libert. George Mullen has been in the city the past week visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Mullen.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Holland departed on Sunday in their auto for a week's tour in the southern part of the state.

Mrs. Chas. Matthews of Green Bay is visiting at the homes of her sons, R. E. and Charles Matthews, for a month.

Al. G. Gordon is now located at Sand Point, Idaho, where he has accepted a position with a large lumber concern.

Mrs. A. Mayman and daughter Aracene departed on Wednesday for a week's visit at Elroy with her daughter.

Nels Meyers of the South Side wrecked his right ankle in bad shape on Sunday while at work at the mill in Port Edwards.

Edward Beck of Vesper was brought to this city on Tuesday by Dr. Willebrand and placed in River view hospital for treatment.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gross of Wausau and Mrs. and Mrs. Fred Gross of Sparta, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Davis during the past week.

Miss Lillian Witt returned on Tuesday evening from a visit at Morris Hill. She was accompanied by Miss Carrie Millsaps who will be a guest at the Witts home for several days.

RAY JOHNSON, registered Guernsey hoffer.

Dr. V. P. Norton, registered Poland Clinic, is now at the city of Saratoga, registered Holstein bull.

Victor Lapsay, town of Saratoga, registered Holstein bull.

Prof. W. W. Clark, herd of registered young Guernseys.

Dr. W. W. Clark, herd of registered young Guernseys.

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EXEMPTION BOARD FINISHES LABORS

The Board of Exemption was in session again last week at the court house and examined the second draft of men that were called, thirty-four were accepted. Following is a list of those before the board:

List of Persons Accepted

1536—Arthur M. Lennie, Marshfield, 412 S. Cherry St.

2308—Geo. J. Bongard, Grand Rapids, R. No. 5.

2110—Geo. Labner, Sherry, 652—Harold Ollmester, Grand Rapids, 882 4th Ave. N.

1884—Clara L. Randler, Marshfield.

1422—Leo J. Lioz, Marshfield.

509—Martin M. Rudinski, Grand Rapids.

2623—John J. Pazurok, Grand Rapids.

2000—John S. McDonald, Marshfield.

2056—Walter M. Mene, Nekosco.

3390—Fred Lock, Jr., Grand Rapids.

786—Carl G. Lundberg, Grand Rapids.

933—Charles Karlofski, Vesper.

808—Donald P. Johnson, Grand Rapids.

2330—Polar J. Arndt, Nekosco.

2308—Blumer T. Johnson, Grand Rapids.

1881—Engelbert Zinchofer, Marshfield.

238—Patrick H. McGuire, Pittsville.

1647—Christi Bergan, Marshfield.

2558—Albert W. Lindahl, Grand Rapids.

2337—Rudolph Meier, Babcock.

2337—Maud, Flor, Blonker.

276—Sulder, Roscoe O., Pittsville.

2620—Mullonix, Rollo A., Grand Rapids.

576—Riekman, Frank, Grand Rapids.

101—Hosely, Thomas, Auburndale.

303—Tlea, Joe, Dexterville.

124—Huan, Alvin S., Marshfield.

2455—Parfit, Arthur G., Bethel.

2756—Sly, John, Sherry.

2247—Haae, Henry F., Port Edwards.

289—Marx, Herbert J., Vesper.

289—Nove, Sam E., Pittsville.

542—Loock, Geo. Henry, Grand Rapids.

List of Persons Who Claimed Exemption

487—Geo. J. Babcock, Grand Rapids.

1847—Joe Hodesch, Marshfield.

797—Joseph Kaspar, Grand Rapids.

1225—Joe E. Jirschele, Marshfield.

2347—Henry F. Haae, Port Edwards.

WATSAU BABY TALK

Largely upon the initiative of Mrs. G. D. Jones and a group of associated ladies from the Women's Club, the city of Wausau has set out upon an ambitious plan to make itself a durable host for newborn infants.

During eleven weeks of this summer an experiment has been conducted which should prove suggestive not alone to the people of Wausau but to those of other Wisconsin communities as well.

The fundamental idea is that parents do not know their babies as well as they should and that they ought to get together and learn more about them. Without any big noise or advertising, but at regular intervals, the mothers have been getting together in neighborhood groups and talking babies and listening to informal discussion by local physicians who contributed their time gratis to the community enterprise.

At the first visit the babies were examined and weighed. When found to be normal they were again weighed and looked over at each subsequent visit to make sure that they were keeping well. Little disorders were corrected before they became big. This simple method is practically all there is to successful baby culture. Get the baby in right condition, then keep him so. It is not a difficult task as a rule, but it does call for constant watchfulness.

A visiting nurse from the staff of the Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association was engaged to take charge of the details of organization and to visit in the homes of the babies. The meetings were made attractive by the serving of refreshments and the occasional introduction of other forms of social entertainment attractive to the feminine soul.

There is a splendidly persistent spirit behind this community enterprise of Wausau. The supporters realize that their work is not done but only fairly well begun. They realize that it isn't waking a town up that makes it safe for babies, but keeping it awake.

Among future measures being considered are: Little Mothers' Clubs for instruction of girls; permanent baby stations; the wholetime employment of a visiting nurse specializing in this work; extension of work to neighboring villages and rural districts and establishment of a supply of certified baby-feeding milk.

MOCCASIN CREEK

Walter Beck has put up a new granary on the Herman Yager place.

Alvin Kissinger had the misfortune to hurt his back in a runaway Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Winch of Pleasant Hill spent Sunday with Wm. Winch and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Gettlinger of Cranmore visited Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bathke.

FOOT SALE—Best northern Wisconsin cut-over lands and farms, 40 acres to sections, in the Fruit Belt.

Best transportation, roads, schools and markets. Satisfactory terms. Call on or address F. Duncanson, Manager, Dayfield Investment Association, Ashland, Wisconsin. Office: Ashland National Bank Building, 2 N. Poinville, local agent.

ALONG THE RINCKA ROAD

The S. S. C. hold their regular meeting with Mrs. N. H. Robinson last Thursday. The attendance was good and a very pleasant afternoon was spent. Mrs. R. Carrington took a snap shot of those present. Mrs. Talsion of Glenock, Illinois, was a guest of the club.

Lau once Jones and Wendell Ostermeyer are helping the work along on W. W. Clark's farm which he is building on his farm in Hanson.

News recently received from Edna Alexander announced her marriage to Corporal Merle Calkins of Co. K, 2nd Regt. W. N. G. Corporal Calkins expects to go with his regiment to West Point, where Mrs. Calkins will probably join him.

Mrs. Kiskaton and Little daughter of Glenock, Illinois, are spending a few weeks at the J. J. Meier home.

Wm. Jackson made a business trip to Pittsville one day last week.

The school house is being cleaned and put in readiness for school which will begin Sept. 3. Miss Fanny Brown of Nekosco will be the teacher.

FOR RENT—Land to cut marsh hay near Grand Rapids. Apply to Aug. C. Bartels, R. P. 3, Grand Rapids, Wis. 34*

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JOHNSON & HILL CO.
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.